

NOTE: FOR ALL OTHER STANDARD DETAILS, REFER TO STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION, NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS, 3RD EDITION (NCTCOG) AND THE CITY OF ROCKWALL STANDARDS OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION.

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT APPLICATIONS STONE SHALL BE 3 TO 5 INCH DIAMETER CRUSHED ROCK (NO CRUSHED CONCRETE ALLOWED.) PERIMETER CONTROL LENGTH SHALL BE SHOWN ON PLANS, WITH A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 30 FEET FOR LOTS WHICH ARE LESS THAN 150 FEET FROM EDGE OF PAVEMENT. THE MINIMUM DEPTH IN ALL OTHER LARGE VOLUMES OF SOLID WASTE ARE OFTEN GENERATED AT CONSTRUCTION SLOPE PROTECTION SITES INCLUDING: PACKAGING, PALLETS, WOOD WASTE, CONCRETE WASTE, SEDIMENT TRAPPING SOIL FLECTRICAL WRING, CUTTINGS, AND A VARIETY OF OTHER MATERIALS CHANNEL PROTECTION THE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PRACTICE LISTS TECHNIQUES TO MINIMIZE TEMPORARY STABILIZATION THE POTENTIAL OF STORM WATER CONTAMINATION FROM SOLID WASTE 4. THE WIDTH SHALL BE NO LESS THAN THE FULL WIDTH OF ALL POINTS OF INGRESS OR EGRESS P<u>ermanent Stabilizatio</u>n THROUGH APPROPRIATE STORAGE AND DISPOSAL PRACTICES. 5. WHEN NECESSARY, VEHICLES SHALL BE CLEANED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT PRIOR TO ENTRANCE Waste Management ONTO A PUBLIC ROADWAY. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE ON AN AREA THESE PRACTICES SHOULD BE A PART OF ALL CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES. BY Housekeeping Practices STABILIZED WITH CRUSHED STONE WITH DRAINAGE FLOWING AWAY FROM BOTH THE STREET AND LIMITING THE TRASH AND DEBRIS ON SITE, STORM WATER QUALITY IS AND THE STABILIZED ENTRANCE. ALL SEDIMENT SHALL BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING ANY IMPROVED ALONG WITH REDUCED CLEAN UP REQUIREMENTS AT THE TARGETED CONSTITUENTS COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT. 6. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PAVED SURFACES. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING **APPLICATIONS** O SEDIMENT THE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PRACTICE FOR CONSTRUCTION SITES IS WITH ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED, BASED ON PROPER STORAGE AND DISPOSAL PRACTICES BY CONSTRUCTION NUTRIENTS WORKERS AND SUPERVISORS.. KEY ELEMENTS OF THE PROGRAM ARE TOXIC MATERIALS 7. THE ENTRANCE MUST BE PROPERLY GRADED OR INCORPORATE A DRAINAGE SWALE TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM LEAVING THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. EDUCATION AND MODIFICATION OF IMPROPER DISPOSAL HABITS... COOPERATION AND VIGILANCE IS REQUIRED ON THE PART OF SUPERVISORS OIL & GREASE AND WORKERS TO ENSURE THAT THE RECOMMENDATIONS AND PROCEDURES ARE FOLLOWED. FOLLOWING ARE LISTS DESCRIBING THE TARGETED MATERIALS FLOATABLE MATERIALS 2 % OR GREATER AND RECOMMENDED PROCEDURES: OTHER CONSTRUCTION TARGETED SOLID WASTE MATERIALS PAPER AND CARDBOARD CONTAINERS WASTES PLASTIC PACKAGING STYROFOAM PACKING AND FORMS IMPLEMENTATION INSULATION MATERIALS (NON-HAZARDOUS) REQUIREMENTS WOOD PALLETS CAPITAL COSTS PIPE AND ELECTRICAL CUTTINGS GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH=220 lbs (ASTM D1682) CONCRETE, BRICK, AND MORTAR WASTE 7. THE ESTIMATED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT IS 0.90 MAINTENANCE SECTION A - A ELONGATION FAILURE=60% (ASTM D1682) SHINGLE CUTTINGS AND WASTE MULLEN BURST STRENGTH=430 lbs (ASTM D3768) ROOFING TAR TRAINING STEEL (CUTTINGS, NAILS, RUST RESIDUE) PUNCTURE STRENGTH=125 lbs (ASTM D751 MODIFIED) GYPSUM BOARD CUTTINGS AND WASTE EQUIVALENT OPENING=SIZE 40-80 (US STD SIEVE)(CW-02215) O SUITABILITY FOR SHEATHING CUTTINGS AND WASTE MISCELLANEOUS CUTTINGS AND WASTE DEMOLITION WASTI LEGEND STORAGE PROCEDURES WHEREVER POSSIBLE, MINIMIZE PRODUCTION OF SOLID WASTE SIGNIFICANT IMPACT DESIGNATE A FOREMAN OR SUPERVISOR TO OVERSEE AND ENFORCE ■ MEDIUM IMPACT INSTRUCT CONSTRUCTION WORKERS IN PROPER SOLID WASTE PROCEDURES. O LOW IMPACT SEGREGATE POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS WASTE FROM NON-HAZARDOUS CONSTRUCTION SITE DEBRIS HARDWARE FABRIC KEEP SOUD WASTE MATERIALS UNDER COVER IN EITHER A CLOSED QUESTIONABLE IMPACT DUMPSTER OR OTHER ENCLOSED TRASH CONTAINER THAT LIMITS CONTACT WIRE MESH 6"x6" WITH RAIN AND RUNOFF OPENING (MAX.) STORE WASTE MATERIALS AWAY FROM DRAINAGE DITCHES, SWALES AND CATCH BASINS. DO NOT ALLOW TRASH CONTAINERS TO OVERFLOW. DO NOT ALLOW WASTE MATERIALS TO ACCUMULATE ON THE GROUND. PROHIBIT LITTERING BY WORKERS AND VISITORS. POLICE AREA DAILY FOR LITTER AND DEBRIS. ENFORCE SOLID WASTE HANDLING AND STORAGE PROCEDURES. DISPOSAL PROCEDURES IF FEASIBLE, SEGREGATE RECYCLABLE WASTES FROM NON-RECYCLABLE WASTE MATERIALS AND DISPOSE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS MAY BE HAULED TO A LICENSED CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS LANDFILL (TYPICALLY LESS EXPENSIVE THAN A SANITARY LANDFILL) LISE WASTE FACILITIES APPROVED BY LOCAL JURISDICTION RUNOFF WHICH COMES INTO CONTACT WITH UNPROTECTED WASTE SHALL BE DIRECTED INTO STRUCTURAL TREATMENT SUCH AS SILT FENCE TO REMOVE DEBRIS. **EDUCATION**  EDUCATE ALL WORKERS ON SOLID WASTE STORAGE AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES. INSTRUCT WORKERS IN IDENTIFICATION OF SOLID WASTE AND HAZARDOUS WASTE. HAVE REGULAR MEETINGS TO DISCUSS AND REINFORCE DISPOSAL PROCEDURES (INCORPORATE IN REGULAR SAFETY SEMINARS CLEARLY MARK ON ALL SOLID WASTE CONTAINERS WHICH MATERIALS ARE ACCEPTABLE. QUALITY CONTROL D FOREMAN AND/OR CONSTRUCTION SUPERVISOR SHALL MONITOR ON-SITE SOLID WASTE STORAGE AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES. DISCIPLINE WORKERS WHO REPEATEDLY VIOLATE PROCEDURES. REQUIREMENTS JOB-SITE WASTE HANDLING AND DISPOSAL EDUCATION AND AWARENESS PROGRAM. COMMITMENT BY MANAGEMENT TO IMPLEMENT AND ENFORCE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM. COMPLIANCE BY WORKERS. SUFFICIENT AND APPROPRIATE WASTE STORAGE CONTAINERS TIMELY REMOVAL OF STORED SOLID WASTE MATERIALS. POSSIBLE MODEST COST IMPACT FOR ADDITIONAL WASTE STORAGE CONTAINERS. MINIMAL OVERALL COST IMPACT. LIMITATIONS ONLY ADDRESSES NON-HAZARDOUS SOLID WASTE.
ONE PART OF A COMPREHENSIVE CONSTRUCTION SITE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM. CONCRETE WASTE MANAGEMENT APPLICATIONS DESCRIPTION CONCRETE WASTE AT CONSTRUCTION SITES COMES IN TWO FORMS; PERIMETER CONTROL SLOPE PROTECTION 1)EXCESS FRESH CONCRETE MIX INCLUDING TRUCK AND EQUIPMEN SEDIMENT TRAPPING WASHING, AND 2) CONCRETE DUST AND CONCRETE DEBRIS RESULTING FROM CHANNEL PROTECTION DEMOLITION. BOTH FORMS HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO IMPACT WATER QUALITY TEMPORARY STABILIZATION THROUGH STORM WATER RUNOFF CONTACT WITH THE WASTE. PRIMARY\_USE
CONCRETE WASTE IS PRESENT AT MOST CONSTRUCTION SITES. THIS BMF Waste Management SHOULD BE UTILIZED AT SITES IN WHICH CONCRETE WASTE IS PRESENT. Housekeeping Practices APPLICATIONS
A NUMBER OF WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS CAN BE AFFECTED BY ARGETED CONSTITUENT INTRODUCTION OF CONCRETE - ESPECIALLY FRESH CONCRETE. CONCRETE AFFECTS THE PH OF RUNOFF, CAUSING SIGNIFICANT CHEMICAL CHANGES IN O SEDIMENT WATER BODIES AND HARMING AQUATIC LIFE. SUSPENDED SOLIDS IN THE FORM OF BOTH CEMENT AND AGGREGATE DUST ARE ALSO GENERATED NUTRIENTS FROM BOTH FRESH AND DEMOLISHED CONCRETE WASTE. TOXIC MATERIALS CURRENT UNACCEPTABLE WASTE CONCRETE DISPOSAL PRACTICES

DUMPING IN VACANT AREAS ON THE JOB-SITE. O OIL & GREASE ILLICIT DUMPING OFF-SITE. FLOATABLE MATERIALS DUMPING INTO DITCHES OR DRAINAGE FACILITIES. RECOMMENDED DISPOSAL PRACTICES

AVOID UNACCEPTABLE DISPOSAL PRACTICES LISTED ABOVE.

DEVELOP PREDETERMINED, SAFE CONCRETE DISPOSAL AREAS. OTHER CONSTRUCTION WASTES PROVIDE A WASHOUT AREA WITH A MINIMUM OF 6 CUBIC FEET OF CONTAINMENT AREA VOLUME FOR EVERY 10 CUBIC YARDS OF IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS CONCRETE POURED NEVER DUMP WASTE CONCRETE ILLICITLY OR WITHOUT PROPERTY OWNERS KNOWLEDGE AND CONSENT CAPITAL COSTS D TREAT RUNOFF FROM STORAGE AREAS THROUGH THE USE OF STRUCTURAL CONTROLS AS REQUIRED. MAINTENANCE EDUCATION

DRIVERS AND EQUIPMENT OPERATORS SHOULD BE INSTRUCTED ON TRAINING PROPER DISPOSAL AND EQUIPMENT WASHING PRACTICES (SEE ABOVE). O SUITABILITY FOR SUPERVISORS MUST BE MADE AWARE OF THE POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES OF IMPROPERLY HANDLED CONCRETE SLOPES > 5%

ENFORCEMENT

THE CONSTRUCTION SITE MANAGER OR FOREMAN MUST ENSURE THAT LEGEND EMPLOYEES AND PREMIX COMPANIES FOLLOW PROPER PROCEDURES SIGNIFICANT IMPACT FOR CONCRETE DISPOSAL AND EQUIPMENT WASHING EMPLOYEES MOLATING DISPOSAL OR EQUIPMENT CLEANING DIRECTIVES MEDIUM IMPACT MUST BE REEDUCATED OR DISCIPLINED IF NECESSARY. DEMOLITION PRACTICES

MONITOR WEATHER AND WIND DIRECTION TO ENSURE CONCRETE DUST IS O LOW IMPACT NOT ENTERING DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AND SURFACE WATERS WHERE APPROPRIATE, CONSTRUCT SEDIMENT TRAPS OR OTHER TYPES OF QUESTIONABLE IMPACT SEDIMENT DETENTION DEVICES DOWNSTREAM OF DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES. REQUIREMENTS

USE PREDETERMINED DISPOSAL SITES FOR WASTE CONCRETE. PROHIBIT DUMPING WASTE CONCRETE ANYWHERE BUT PREDETERMINED ASSIGN PREDETERMINED TRUCK AND EQUIPMENT WASHING AREAS EDUCATE DRIVERS AND OPERATORS ON PROPER DISPOSAL AND EQUIPMENT CLEANING PROCEDURES. EDUCATION
MINIMAL COST IMPACT FOR TRAINING AND MONITORING. CONCRETE DISPOSAL COST DEPENDS ON AVAILABILITY AND DISTANCE TO SUITABLE DISPOSAL AREAS. ADDITIONAL COSTS INVOLVED IN EQUIPMENT WASHING COULD BE SIGNIFICANT. THIS CONCRETE WASTE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM IS ONE PART OF A COMPREHENSIVE CONSTRUCTION SITE WASTE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM. RECORD DRAWINGS:
IT WAS THE INTENT THAT THE IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN BE CONSTRUCTED ACCORDING TO THESE PLANS AS APPROVED BY THE CITY. THE LINES AND GRADES WERE SET ON THE GROUND FOR CONSTRUCTION ACCORDING TO

TO 4" DIAMETER CURB INLET STRUCTURE OPENING (MAX.) 2" GAP BETWEEN TOP OF STONE AND TOP OF OPENING INLET SECTION PLAN VIEW ATTACH FILTER FABRIC -TOP FRAME NECESSARY SECURELY TO 2X4 WOOD -FOR STABILITY FRAME, OVERLAPPING ~-PONDING HT FABRIC TO NEXT STAKE 2x4 WOOD FRAME MAX. 4 SIDES OF DROP INLET MANARAS DROP INLET SECTION A-A ET PROTECTION PROJECT INFORMATION OWNER/DEVELOPER THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS STONE CREEK RETAIL ADDITION AUTHORIZED BY RANDALL P. POGUE, P.E. 84780 ON METROPLEX ACQUISITION FUND, L.P. 03-01-2013. ALTERATION OF A SEALED DOCUMENT RECORD DRAWINGS BLOCK A, LOT 4, STONE CREEK RETAIL ADDITION 15150 PRESTON ROAD, SUITE 210 WITHOUT PROPER NOTIFICATION TO THE RESPONSIBLE ENGINEER IS AN OFFENSE UNDER THE TEXAS CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS DALLAS, TEXAS 75248 REVISED ROOF DRAINAGE DESIGN ENGINEERING PRACTICE ACT.

SAID PLANS. THE CITY INSPECTED THE CONSTRUCTION. WE ARE NOT AWARE OF ANY CHANGES OR REVISIONS TO THESE PLANS DURING CONSTRUCTION OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN. DATE: OCTOBER 10, 2013

POLLUTION CONTROL GENERAL NOTES: THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED TO PROVIDE MEANS TO PREVENT OR MINIMIZE POLLUTION OF STORM WATER. 2. THIS PROJECT CONSISTS OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF 1 LOT ON A 1.189 ACRE TRACT FOR A RETAIL/RESTAURANT/BANK USE. 3. THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY INCLUDED IN THIS PLAN WILL INCLUDE: CLEARING AND GRUBBING STOCK PILING ROUGH GRADING UTILITY INSTALLATION/EXCAVATION OF TRENCHES CONSTRUCTION FINAL OR FINISH GRADING PAVEMENT INSTALLATION

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION H. PREPARATION OF SEEDING OR PLANTING 4. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (STRUCTURAL PRACTICES) USED ON THIS PROJECT COULD INCLUDE: SILT FENCING, CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, INLET PROTECTION, OUTLET PROTECTION, SUBSURFACE DRAINS, CHECK DAMS, DRAINAGE SWALES, SEDIMENT TRAPS, EARTH DIKE, PIPE

SLOPE DRAINS, EROSION CONTROL MATTING, DETENTION/RETENTION PONDS AND SEDIMENT BASINS. 5. THE TOTAL ESTIMATED SITE AREA IS 1.189 ACRES

THE TOTAL ESTIMATED SITE AREA TO BE DISTURBED IS 1.189 ACRES THE TOTAL ESTIMATED SITE AREA NOT TO BE DISTURBED IS O ACRES

6. THE ESTIMATED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT PRIOR TO DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROJECT IS 0.35

8. THE SLOPES EXPECTED ON THE SITE UPON COMPLETION OF FINAL GRADING WILL RANGE BETWEEN 1% TO 30%

9. THE STORM WATER EXITING THE SITE IS COLLECTED IN AN EXISTING DRAINAGE SYSTEM MAINTAINED BY THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS.

10. THE NAME OF THE RECEIVING WATER BODY IS THOMPSON BRANCH TRIBUTARY 1, LOCATED APPROXIMATELY 1500 FEET FROM THE SUBJECT PROPERTY.

11. THE SOILS PRESENT AT THE SITE ARE GENERALLY EXPANSIVE CLAYS.

12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE EROSION PROTECTION AROUND THE WORK AREA PERIMETER AND AT ALL INLET MOUTHS DURING CONSTRUCTION.

13. THE CONTRACTOR WILL REMOVE ALL EXCESS SOIL FROM CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES PRIOR TO EXITING THE SITE.

14. ALL DISTURBED AREAS WHICH WILL NOT BE RE-DISTURBED FOR A MINIMUM

OF 14 DAYS MUST BE STABILIZED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO CONTROL EROSION.

15. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL UNDERTAKE PROPER METHODS TO REDUCE DUST GENERATION FROM THE SITE.

16. THE CONTRACTOR MUST COMPLY WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS REGARDING SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL.

17. A COPY OF THE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN ALONG WITH THE EPA (NPDES) PERMIT MUST BE POSTED AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT. IF THE PERMIT HAS NOT BEEN ISSUED, A COPY OF

NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) SHALL BE POSTED 18. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SUBMITTAL OF THE EPA'S REQUIREMENT OF A NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) AND THE NOTICE OF TERMINATION (NOT) AND ANY ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT PER THE EPA GUIDELINES FOR STORM WATER POLLUTION

19. ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR THIS PROJECT. CHANGES ARE

TO BE APPROVED BEFORE CONSTRUCTION BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND THE CITY.

20. IF OFF-SITE SOIL BORROW OR SPOIL SITES ARE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THIS PROJECT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE CITY INSPECTOR AND BE RESPONSIBLE FOR EROSION CONTROL REQUIREMENTS AS PER FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS.

21. INSPECTIONS SHALL BE MADE WEEKLY AND AFTER RAIN STORM EVENTS TO INSURE THAT THE DEVICES ARE FUNCTIONING PROPERLY. WHEN SEDIMENT OR MUD HAS CLOGGED THE VOID SPACES BETWEEN STONES OR MUD IS BEING TRACKED ONTO A PUBLIC ROADWAY THE AGGREGATE PAD MUST BE WASHED DOWN OR REPLACED. RUNOFF FROM THE WASH DOWN OPERATION SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED TO DRAIN DIRECTLY OFF-SITE WITHOUT FIRST FLOWING THROUGH ANOTHER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) TO CONTROL OFF-SITE SEDIMENTATION. PERIODIC RE-GRADING OR THE ADDITION OF NEW STONE MAY BE REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN

EFFICIENCY OF THE INSTALLATION. 22. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTIONS PROCEDURES: CONTROL MEASURES SHALL B INSPECTED AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK OR WITHIN 24 HOURS OF ANY STORM EVENT OF 0.5 INCHES OR GREATER. IF REPAIR IS NECESSARY IT SHALL BE DONE AT THE EARLIEST PRACTICAL DATE BUT IN NO CASE GREATER THAN 48 HOURS.

23. FINAL STABILIZATION IS DEFINED AS A UNIFORM PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER AT A MINIMUM OF 70% RESTORATION OF THE NATIVE OR NATURAL PREEXISTING BACKGROUND

24. SEDIMENTATION PONDS/TRAPS MUST BE CLEANED OUT WHEN SEDIMENTATION ACCUMULATES TO A POINT OF 50% FULL (BY VOLUME).

25. CONTRACTOR SHALL SEED ALL DISTURBED AREAS IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF

FINAL GRADING. 26. NO PUBLIC ACCEPTANCE UNTIL (FINAL STABILIZATION) VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED ON ALL DISTURBED AREAS.

SEQUENCE OF EROSION CONTROL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES:

1. INSTALL DOWN SLOPE AND SIDE SLOPE PERIMETER CONTROLS PRIOR TO THE LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.

2. DO NOT DISTURB AN AREA UNTIL IT IS NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION TO PROCEED. 3. COVER AND STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE (WITHIN A MAXIMUM

4. TIME ACTIVITIES TO LIMIT IMPACT FROM SEASONAL CLIMATE CHANGES OR WEATHER EVENTS.

5. DELAY CONSTRUCTION OF INFILTRATION MEASURES UNTIL THE END OF THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT, WHEN UPSTREAM DRAINAGE AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED.

6. DO NOT REMOVE TEMPORARY PERIMETER CONTROLS UNTIL AFTER ALL UPSTREAM AREAS ARE FINAL STABILIZED.

ALLOWABLE NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES DISCHARGES FROM FIRE FIGHTING ACTIVITIES.

FIRE HYDRANT FLUSHINGS. \*

WATER USED TO WASH VEHICLES OR CONTROL DUST.

POTABLE WATER SOURCES (INCLUDING WATERLINE FLUSHINGS CONTAINING LESS THAN

UNCONTAMINATED GROUND WATER (INCLUDING DEWATERING GROUNDWATER INFILTRATION).

FOUNDATION OR FOOTING DRAINS WHERE FLOWS ARE NOT CONTAMINATED WITH PROCESS

SPRINGS, RIPARIAN HABITATS, WETLANDS AND UNCONTAMINATED GROUNDWATER. IRRIGATION WATER.

EXTERIOR BUILDING WASH DOWN WITHOUT DETERGENTS

PAVEMENT WASH WATERS WHERE SPILLS OR LEAKS OF TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS MATERIALS HAVE NOT OCCURRED (UNLESS ALL SPILL MATERIAL HAS BEEN REMOVED) AND WHERE # AIR CONDITIONING CONDENSATE.

 HEAVILY CHLORINATED WATER (3.5 Mg/L OR GREATER FREE CHLORINE) RESULTING FROM WATER LINE STERILIZATION SHALL BE DIRECTED UNDER PERMIT TO THE SANITARY SEWER UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL APPLY TO THE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT FOR A SANITARY SEWER DISCHARGE PERMIT AFTER THE MANDATORY CHLORINE RETENTION TIME (USUALLY 24 HOURS). THE HEAVILY CHLORINATED WATER MAY BE DISCHARGED TO THE SANITARY SEWER, BEGINNING TWO WORKING DAYS AFTER PERMIT APPLICATION.

SPILLS AND RELEASES: (OF REPORTABLE QUANTITIES) THE FOLLOWING STEPS SHALL BE TAKEN

1. NOTIFY THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER (800) 424-8802 OR (202) 426-2675 AS SOON AS YOU HAVE KNOWLEDGE OF THE SPILL.

2. THE SWPPP MUST BE MODIFIED WITHIN 14 DAYS TO PROVIDE A DESCRIPTION OF THE

RELEASE, THE CIRCUMSTANCES LEADING TO THE RELEASE AND THE DATE OF THE RELEASE.

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS (SWPPP)

STONE CREEK RETAIL ADDITION
BLK A, LOT 4, STONE CREEK RETAIL ADD'N C4.02
W.T. DEWEESE SURVEY, ABSTRACT NO. 71

DWG NO: 1393-12-073-COVER.DWG

2 10-10-1 5-9-1 NO. DATE DESCRIPTION DESIGN DATE PI NUMBER RPP 10-10-2013 | 1393-12-073 W.T. DEWEESE SURVEY, ABSTRACT NO. 71 PROPOSED USE: RETAIL ZONING: PD-70

MR. GREY STOGNER (214) 343-4477 PHONE

(214) 340-2029 FAX

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE GENERAL NOTES:

STORM DRAIN, DITCH OR WATERCOURSE USING APPROVED METHODS.

OR TRACKED ONTO PAVED SURFACES MUST BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY.

- 12" MIN. OVERLAP

ISOMETRIC PLAN VIEW

1/2"x1/2"

GEOTEXTILE FILTER FABRIC

STRUCTURE

3. THE THICKNESS SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 12 INCHES.

DIVERSION RIDGE REQUIRE

WHERE GRADE EXCEEDS 2%

CASES SHALL BE 50 FEET.

XISTING PAVED 000000

EXTEND MESH, FABRIC AND FILTER

STONE 12" BEYOND END OF INLET

2" GAP BETWEEN TOP OF STONE

WASHED GRAVEL 3/4"

WASHED GRAVEL 3/4"

ON BOTH ENDS.

AND TOP OF OPENING

TO 4" DIAMETER







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CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS