SITE IMPROVEMENTS FOR

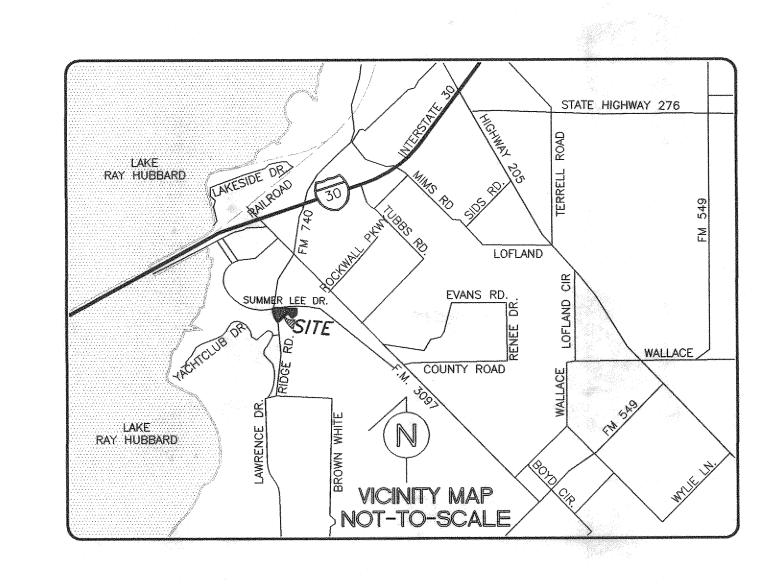


LOT 1, BLOCK 1 RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION S.E.C. RIDGE ROAD (F.M. 740) & SUMMER LEE DRIVE THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS SHEET INDEX

APPLICANT:
ALDI, INC.
2500 WESTCOURT ROAD
DENTON, TEXAS 76207
(940) 220-5400
CONTACT: HEATHER RIMMER

OWNER:
PETAR TEMUNOVIC & CVIJETA TEMUNOVIC
201 LAURANCE DRIVE, PMB 410
HEATH, TEXAS 75032

CIVIL ENGINEER:
BURGER ENGINEERING, LLC
TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-12997
17103 PRESTON ROAD, SUITE 180N
DALLAS, TEXAS 75248
(972) 630-3360
FAX: (972) 630-3380
CONTACT: BRYAN M. BURGER, P.E.



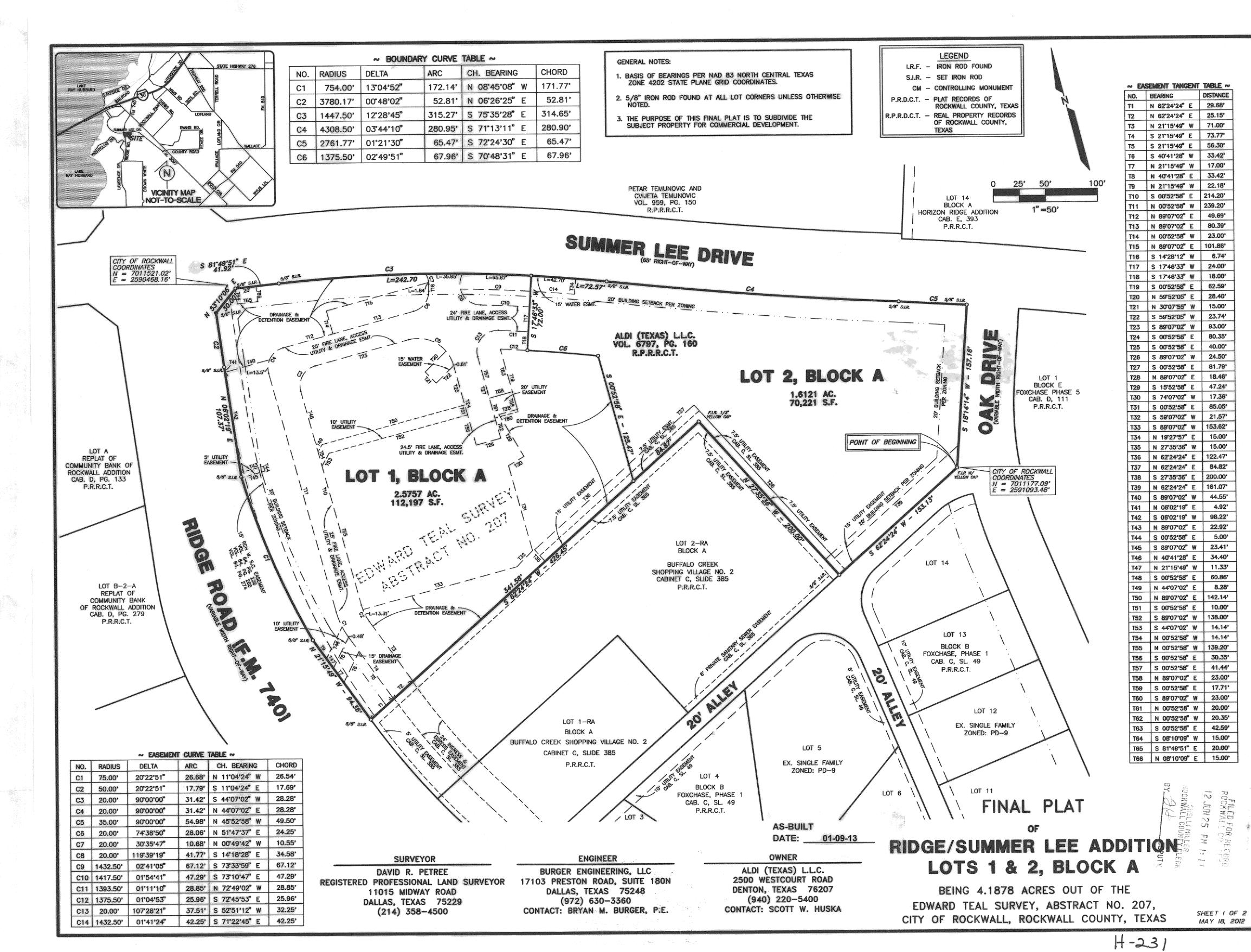
C-1.1 - 1.2 FINAL PLAT
C-2 TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY
C-3 CITY SITE PLAN

DIMENSION CONTROL PAVING PLAN C-5.1 - 5.3**ON-SITE PAVING DETAILS GRADING PLAN EXISTING DRAINAGE AREA MAP** C-7.1 C-7.2 DEVELOPED DRAINAGE AREA MAP DRAINAGE PLAN C-8.1 C-8.2 - 8.4 **DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS** WATER & SANITARY SEWER PLAN **PROFILES** C-11 **EROSION CONTROL PLAN** C-12.1 - 12.2 **EROSION CONTROL DETAILS ALDI SPECIFICATIONS** C-13 LANDSCAPE PLAN LANDSCAPE SPECIFICATIONS **IRRIGATION PLAN** IRRIGATION SPECIFICATIONS MEP SITE PLAN MEP-1

AS-BUILT
DATE: 01-09-13



17103 Preston Road, Suite 180N Dallas, Texas 75248 Office: 972.630.3360 Fax: 972.630.3380 TBPE F-12997



OWNER'S CERTIFICATE

COUNTY OF ROCKWALL

WHEREAS, ALDI (TEXAS) L.L.C. IS THE OWNER OF A TRACT OF LAND SITUATED IN THE EDWARD TEAL SURVEY, ABSTRACT NO. 207, CITY OF ROCKWALL, ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS AND BEING ALL OF A 4.1878 ACRE TRACT OF LAND AS DESCRIBED IN A GENERAL WARRANTY DEED TO ALDI (TEXAS) L.L.C., RECORDED IN VOLUME 6797, PAGE 160, OF THE REAL PROPERTY RECORDS OF ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS AND BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED BY METES AND BOUNDS AS FOLLOWS;

BEGINNING AT A 5/8" IRON ROD WITH YELLOW CAP FOUND FOR CORNER AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SAID 4.1878 ACRE TRACT, AND BEING AT THE INTERSECTION OF THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF OAK DRIVE (VARIABLE WIDTH RIGHT-OF-WAY) AND THE NORTHWEST LINE OF A 20 FOOT ALLEY PER PLAT OF FOXCHASE PHASE 1, AN ADDITION TO THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN CABINET C AT SLIDE 49 OF THE PLAT RECORDS OF ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS;

THENCE SOUTH 62° 24' 24" WEST AND DEPARTING THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID OAK DRIVE AND FOLLOWING ALONG THE NORTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID ALLEY, FOR A DISTANCE OF 153.13 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER AT THE EAST CORNER OF LOT 2-RA, BLOCK A OF THE AMENDED PLAT FOR BUFFALO CREEK SHOPPING VILLAGE NO. 2, BEING A REPLAT OF LOT 1, BLOCK A, AN ADDITION TO THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS, ACCORDING TO THE PLAT THEREOF RECORDED IN CABINET C AT SLIDE 385, OF THE PLAT RECORDS OF ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS;

THENCE NORTH 27" 35' 36" WEST AND FOLLOWING ALONG THE EASTERLY LINE OF SAID LOT 2-RA, BLOCK A FOR A DISTANCE OF 200.00 FEET TO A 1/2" IRON ROD WITH YELLOW CAP FOUND FOR THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID LOT 2-RA, BLOCK A;

THENCE SOUTH 62" 24' 24" WEST AND FOLLOWING ALONG THE NORTHWEST LINE OF SAID LOT 2-RA, BLOCK A FOR A DISTANCE OF 426.45 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER IN THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF RIDGE ROAD - F.M. 740 (A VARIABLE WIDTH RIGHT-OF-WAY), AS ESTABLISHED BY DEED CONVEYED TO THE STATE OF TEXAS CALLED 0.1366 ACRES AS RECORDED IN DOCUMENT NUMBER 2009-00411059 OF THE REAL PROPERTY RECORDS OF ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS;

THENCE NORTH 21° 15' 49" WEST AND FOLLOWING ALONG THE EAST RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF SAID RIDGE ROAD — F.M. 740 AS CONVEYED TO THE STATE OF TEXAS AS RECORDED IN DOCUMENT NUMBER 2009—00411059 OF THE REAL PROPERTY RECORDS OF ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS, FOR A DISTANCE OF 94.36 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER, SAID POINT BEING THE BEGINNING OF A ARC OF A CURVE TO THE RIGHT HAVING A RADIUS OF 754.00 FEET WITH A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 13° 04' 52" AND A CHORD BEARING NORTH 08° 45' 08" WEST AT A

THENCE NORTHWESTERLY ALONG SAID CURVE TO THE RIGHT AND ALONG THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID RIDGE ROAD - F.M. 740, FOR AN ARC DISTANCE OF 172.14 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER:

THENCE NORTH 06° 02' 19" EAST AND CONTINUING ALONG THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID RIDGE ROAD - F.M. 740, FOR A DISTANCE OF 107.37 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER AT THE BEGINNING OF A CURVE TO THE RIGHT HAVING A RADIUS OF 3780.17 FEET WITH A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 00° 48' 02" AND A CHORD BEARING NORTH 06' 26' 25" EAST AT A DISTANCE OF 52.81 FEET:

THENCE NORTHEASTERLY ALONG SAID CURVE TO THE RIGHT AND FOLLOWING ALONG THE EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID RIDGE ROAD - F.M. 740, FOR AN ARC DISTANCE OF 52.81 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER AT THE SOUTH END OF A CORNER CLIP FOUND AT THE INTERSECTION OF EAST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID RIDGE ROAD - F.M. 740 AND THE SOUTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUMMER LEE DRIVE AS ESTABLISHED BY RIGHT OF WAY DEED TO THE CITY OF ROCKWALL AS RECORDED IN DOCUMENT NO. 2008-00396193 OF THE REAL PROPERTY RECORDS OF ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS;

THENCE NORTH 53' 10' 06" EAST AND FOLLOWING ALONG SAID CORNER CLIP, FOR A DISTANCE OF 30.00 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER, SAME BEING THE NORTH END OF SAID CORNER CLIP IN THE SOUTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SUMMER LEE DRIVE (65 FOOT WIDE);

THENCE SOUTH 81° 49' 51" EAST AND FOLLOWING ALONG THE SOUTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID SUMMER LEE DRIVE, FOR A DISTANCE OF 41.92 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER AT THE BEGINNING OF A CURVE TO THE RIGHT HAVING A RADIUS OF 1447.50 FEET WITH A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 12° 28' 45" AND A CHORD BEARING SOUTH 75° 35' 28" EAST AT A DISTANCE OF 314.65 FEET;

THENCE SOUTHEASTERLY ALONG SAID CURVE TO THE RIGHT AND FOLLOWING ALONG THE SOUTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID SUMMER LEE DRIVE, FOR AN ARC DISTANCE OF 315.27 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER AT THE BEGINNING OF A CURVE TO THE LEFT HAVING A RADIUS OF 4308.50 FEET WITH A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 03° 44' 10" AND A CHORD BEARING OF SOUTH 71° 13' 11" EAST AT A DISTANCE OF 280.90 FEET;

THENCE SOUTHEASTERLY ALONG SAID CURVE TO THE LEFT AND FOLLOWING ALONG THE SOUTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID SUMMER LEE DRIVE, FOR AN ARC DISTANCE OF 280.95 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER AT THE BEGINNING OF A CURVE TO THE LEFT HAVING A RADIUS OF 2761.77 FEET WITH A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 01" 21" 30" AND A CHORD BEARING OF SOUTH 72" 24" 30" EAST AT A DISTANCE OF 65.47 FEET:

THENCE SOUTHEASTERLY ALONG SAID CURVE TO THE LEFT AND ALONG THE SOUTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID SUMMER LEE DRIVE, FOR AN ARC DISTANCE OF 65.47 FEET TO A 5/8" IRON ROD SET FOR CORNER AT THE INTERSECTION OF SOUTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID SUMMER LEE DRIVE AND THE NORTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF AFOREMENTIONED OAK DRIVE;

THENCE SOUTH 18" 14" 14" WEST AND DEPARTING THE SOUTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF SAID SUMMER LEE DRIVE AND FOLLOWING ALONG THE NORTHWEST RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE OF AFOREMENTIONED OAK DRIVE, FOR A DISTANCE OF 157.16 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING AND CONTAINING WITHIN THESE METES AND BOUNDS, 4.1878 ACRES OR 182,419 SQUARE FEET OF LAND, MORE OR LESS.

OWNER'S DEDICATION

NOW THEREFORE, KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF ROCKWALL

WE THE UNDERSIGNED OWNERS OF THE LAND SHOWN ON THIS PLAT, AND DESIGNATED HEREIN AS THE RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION TO THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS, AND WHOSE NAME IS SUBSCRIBED HERETO, HEREBY DEDICATE TO THE USE OF THE PUBLIC FOREVER ALL STREETS, ALLEYS, PARKS, WATER COURSES, DRAINS, EASEMENTS AND PUBLIC PLACES THEREON SHOWN ON THE PURPOSE AND CONSIDERATION THEREIN EXPRESSED. WE FURTHER CERTIFY THAT ALL OTHER PARTIES WHO HAVE A MORTGAGE OR LIEN INTEREST IN THE RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION HAVE BEEN NOTIFIED AND SIGNED THIS PLAT.

WE UNDERSTAND AND DO HEREBY RESERVE THE EASEMENT STRIPS SHOWN ON THIS PLAT FOR THE PURPOSE STATED AND FOR THE MUTUAL USE AND ACCOMMODATION OF ALL UTILITIES DESIRING TO USE OR USING SAME. WE ALSO UNDERSTAND THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. NO BUILDINGS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OR PLACED UPON, OVER, OR ACROSS THE UTILITY EASEMENTS AS DESCRIBED HEREIN.
- 2. ANY PUBLIC UTILITY SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT TO REMOVE AND KEEP REMOVED ALL OR PART OF ANY BUILDINGS, FENCES, TREES, SHRUBS, OR OTHER GROWTHS OF IMPROVEMENTS WHICH IN ANY WAY ENDANGER OR INTERFERE WITH CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE OR EFFICIENCY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE SYSTEM ON ANY OF THESE EASEMENT STRIPS; AND ANY PUBLIC UTILITY SHALL AT ALL TIMES HAVE THE RIGHT OF INGRESS OR EGRESS TO, FORM AND UPON THE SAID EASEMENT STRIPS FOR PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, INSPECTING, PATROLLING, MAINTAINING, AND EITHER ADDING TO OR REMOVING ALL OF PART OF THEIR RESPECTIVE SYSTEM WITHOUT THE NECESSITY OF, AT ANY TIME, PROCURING THE PERMISSION OF ANYONE.
- 3. THE CITY OF ROCKWALL WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY CLAIMS OF ANY NATURE RESULTING FROM OR OCCASIONED BY THE ESTABLISHMENT OF GRADE OF STREETS IN THE SUBDIVISION.
- 4. THE DEVELOPER AND SUBDIVISION ENGINEER SHALL BEAR TOTAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENTS.
- 5. THE DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE NECESSARY FACILITIES TO PROVIDE DRAINAGE PATTERNS AND DRAINAGE CONTROLS SUCH THAT PROPERTIES WITHIN THE DRAINAGE AREA ARE NOT ADVERSELY AFFECTED BY STORM DRAINAGE FROM THE DEVELOPMENT.
- 6. NO HOUSE DWELLING UNIT, OR OTHER STRUCTURE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED ON ANY LOT IN THIS ADDITION BY THE OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON UNTIL THE DEVELOPER AND/OR OWNER HAS COMPLIED WITH ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS OF THE CITY OF ROCKWALL REGARDING IMPROVEMENTS WITH RESPECT TO THE ENTIRE BLOCK ON THE STREET OR STREETS ON WHICH PROPERTY ABUTS, INCLUDING THE ACTUAL INSTALLATION OF STREETS WITH THE REQUIRED BASE AND PAVING, CURB AND GUTTER, WATER AND SEWER, DRAINAGE STRUCTURES, STORM STRUCTURES, STORM SEWERS, AND ALLEYS, ALL ACCORDING TO THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE CITY OF ROCKWALL; OR

UNTIL AN ESCROW DEPOSIT, SUFFICIENT TO PAY FOR THE COST OF SUCH IMPROVEMENTS, AS DETERMINED BY THE CITY'S ENGINEER AND/OR CITY ADMINISTRATOR, COMPUTED ON A PRIVATE COMMERCIAL RATE BASIS, HAS BEEN MADE WITH THE CITY SECRETARY, ACCOMPANIED BY AN AGREEMENT SIGNED BY THE DEVELOPER AND/OR OWNER, AUTHORIZING THE CITY TO MAKE SUCH IMPROVEMENTS AT PREVAILING PRIVATE COMMERCIAL RATES, OR HAVE THE SAME MADE BY A CONTRACTOR AND PAY FOR THE SAME OUT OF THE ESCROW DEPOSIT, SHOULD THE DEVELOPER AND/OR OWNER FAIL OR REFUSE TO INSTALL THE REQUIRED IMPROVEMENTS ITSELF. SUCH DEPOSIT MAY BE USED BY THE OWNER AND/OR DEVELOPER AS PROGRESS PAYMENTS AS THE WORK PROGRESSES IN MAKING SUCH IMPROVEMENTS BY MAKING CERTIFIED REQUISITIONS TO THE CITY SECRETARY, SUPPORTED BY EVIDENCE OF WORK DONE; OR

UNTIL THE DEVELOPER AND/OR OWNER FILES A CORPORATE SURETY BOND WITH THE CITY SECRETARY IN A SUM EQUAL TO THE COST OF SUCH IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE DESIGNATED AREA, GUARANTEEING THE INSTALLATION THEREOF WITHIN THE TIME STATED IN THE BOND, WHICH TIME SHALL BE FIXED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ROCKWALL.

WE FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGE THAT THE DEDICATIONS AND/OR EXACTION'S MADE HEREIN ARE PROPORTIONAL TO THE IMPACT OF THE SUBDIVISION UPON THE PUBLIC SERVICES REQUIRED IN ORDER THAT THE DEVELOPMENT WILL COMPORT WITH THE PRESENT AND FUTURE GROWTH NEEDS OF THE CITY; WE, OUR SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS HEREBY WAIVE ANY CLAIM, DAMAGE, OR CAUSE OF ACTION THAT WE MAY HAVE AS A RESULT OF THE DEDICATION OF EXACTIONS MADE HEREIN.

WITNESS, MY HAND AT Deaton, Texas, This The 29 DAY OF MOW, 2012

ALDI (TEXAS), L.L.C.
A TEXAS LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

BY: ALDI INC. (PENNSYLVANIA), A PENNSYLVANIA CORPORATION, ITS: SOLE MEMBER

NAME: SCOTT W. HUSKA
TITLE: VICE PRESIDENT

SURVEYOR'S STATEMENT

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

THAT I, DAVID R. PETREE, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I PREPARED THIS PLAT FROM AN ACTUAL SURVEY OF LAND AND THAT THE CORNER MONUMENTS SHOWN THEREON WERE PLACED UNDER MY PERSONAL SUPERVISION.

DATED THIS THE 28TH DAY OF MAY, 2012.

ATED THIS THE _____ DAY OF ______, 2012

DAVID R. PETREE, R.P.L.S.
REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR NO. 1890

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF DALLAS

BEFORE ME, THE UNDERSIGNED AUTHORITY, ON THIS DAY PERSONALLY APPEARED DAVID R. PETREE, KNOWN TO ME TO BE THE PERSON WHOSE NAME IS SUBSCRIBED TO THE FOREGOING INSTRUMENT, AND ACKNOWLEDGED TO ME THAT HE EXECUTED THE SAME FOR THE PURPOSE AND CONSIDERATION THEREIN STATED.

GIVEN UPON MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE THIS 22 DAY OF MAY, 20

NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE STATE OF TEXAS

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES

RECOMMENDED FOR FINAL APPROVAL

RECOMMENDED FOR FINAL APPROVAL

03-27-12

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE AND FORGOING PLAT OF AND ADDITION TO THE CITY OF ROCKWALL ON THE 22 DAY OF APRIL 2012.

APPROVED

THIS APPROVAL SHALL BE INVALID UNLESS THE APPROVED PLAT FOR SUCH ADDITION IS RECORDED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK OF ROCKWALL, COUNTY, TEXAS, WITHIN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) DAY FROM SAID DATE OF FINAL APPROVAL.

WITNESS OUR HANDS, THIS 20th DAY OF June 2012.

MAYOR, CITY OF ROCKWALL

Spratu Ashless

OFF SECRETARY

CITY ENGINEER

OWNER

ALDI (TEXAS) L.L.C.
2500 WESTCOURT ROAD
DENTON, TEXAS 76207
(940) 220-5400
CONTACT: SCOTT W. HUSKA

BURGER ENGINEERING, LLC
17103 PRESTON ROAD, SUITE 180N
DALLAS, TEXAS 75248
(972) 630-3360
CONTACT: BRYAN M. BURGER, P.E.

SURVEYOR

DAVID R. PETREE

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR

11015 MIDWAY ROAD

DALLAS, TEXAS 75229

(214) 358-4500

STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF DENTON

BEFORE ME, THE UNDERSIGNED AUTHORITY, ON THIS DAY PERSONALLY APPEARED SCOTT W. HUSKA, KNOWN TO ME TO BE THE PERSON WHOSE NAME IS SUBSCRIBED TO THE FOREGOING INSTRUMENT, AND ACKNOWLEDGED TO ME THAT HE EXECUTED THE SAME FOR THE PURPOSE AND CONSIDERATION THEREIN STATED.

GIVEN UPON MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE THIS 29 DAY OF May , 2012

LIVE 4-17-13

NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE STATE OF TEXAS

**RISTINE ±: GER#:
Notary Public State of Taxes
his Commission Expires
April 17, 2013

AS-BUILT DATE: 01-09-13

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES

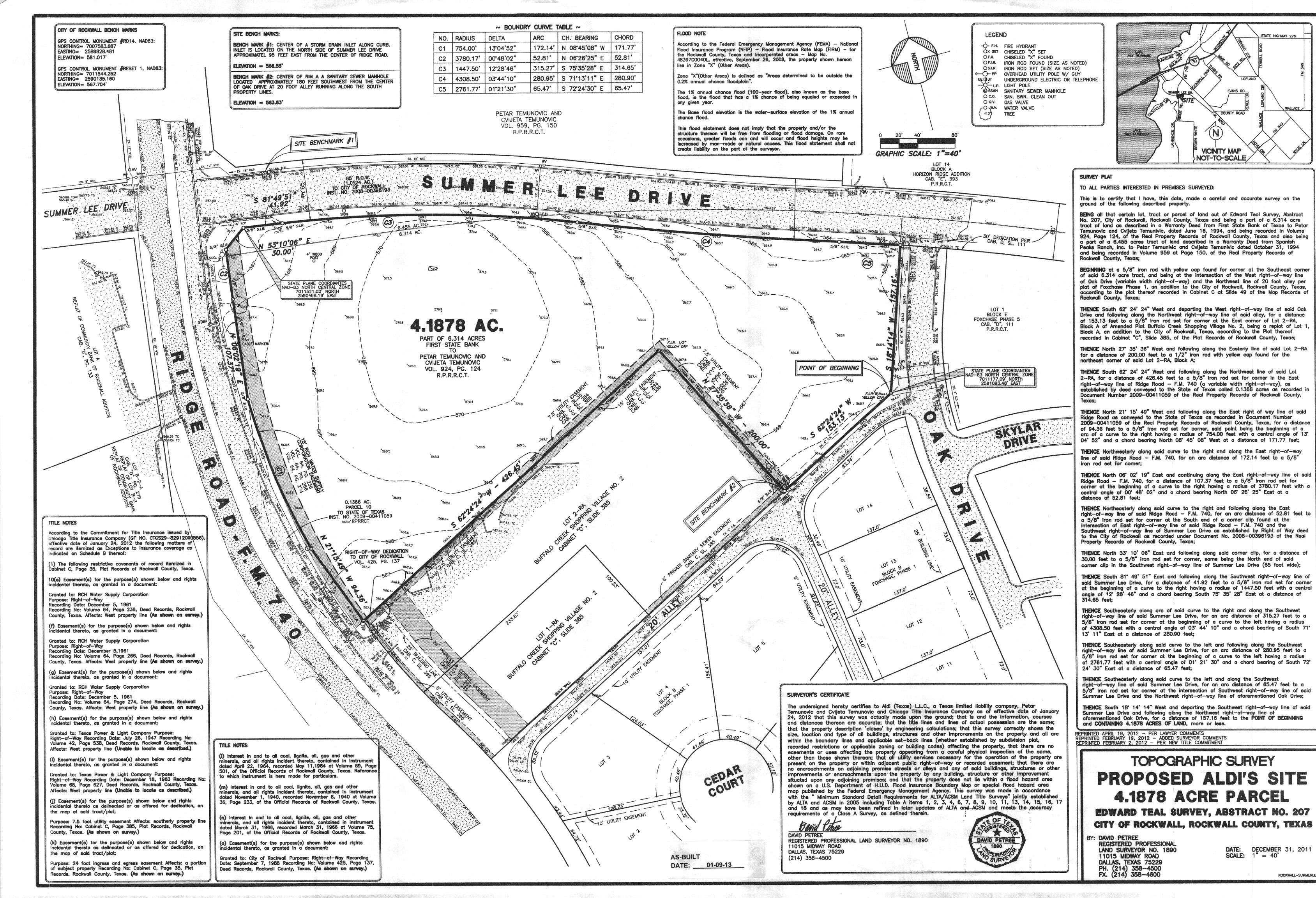
FINAL PLAT

RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION LOTS 1 & 2, BLOCK A

BEING 4.1878 ACRES OUT OF THE EDWARD TEAL SURVEY, ABSTRACT NO. 207, CITY OF ROCKWALL, ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS

SHEET 2 OF 2 MAY 18, 2012

-232

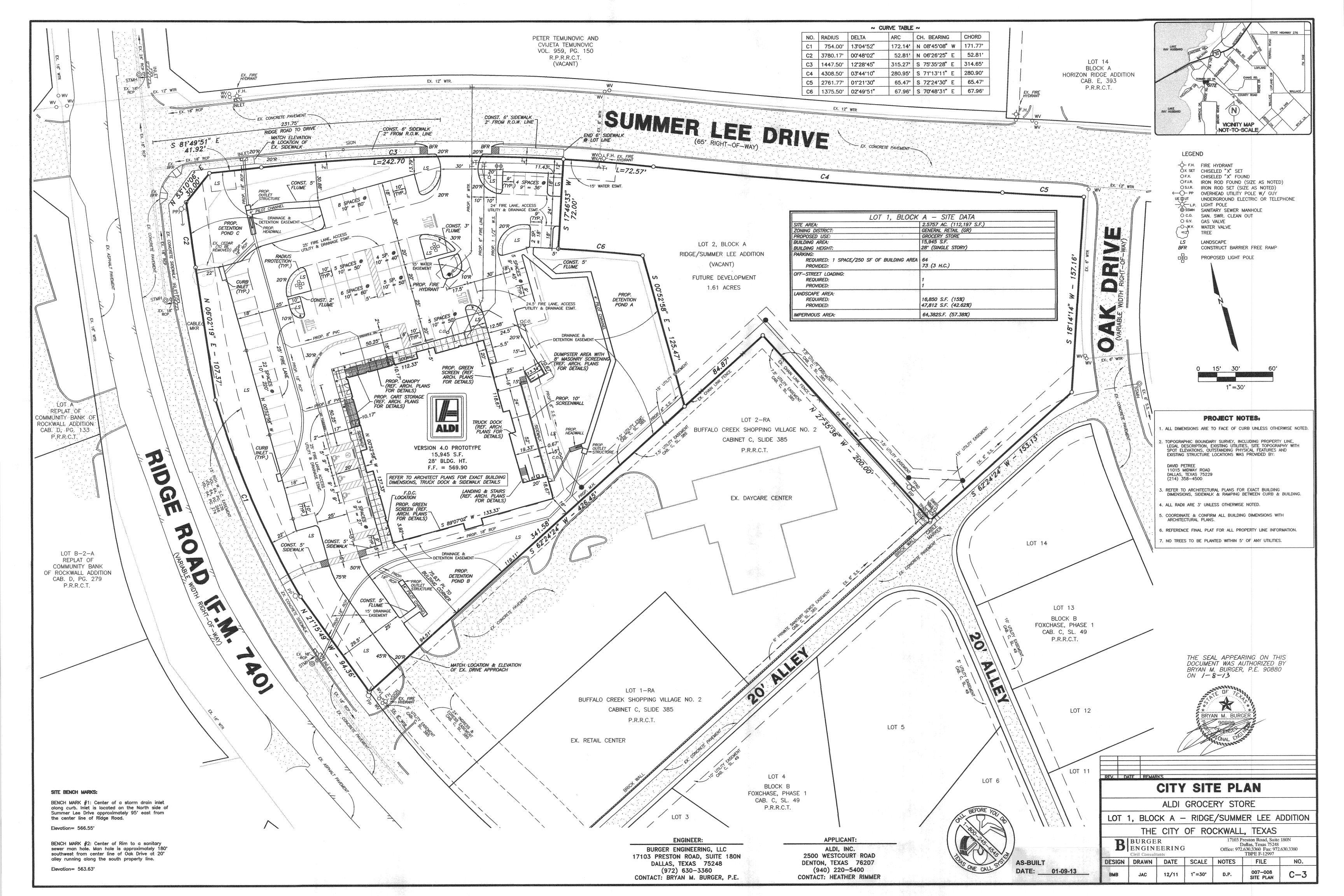


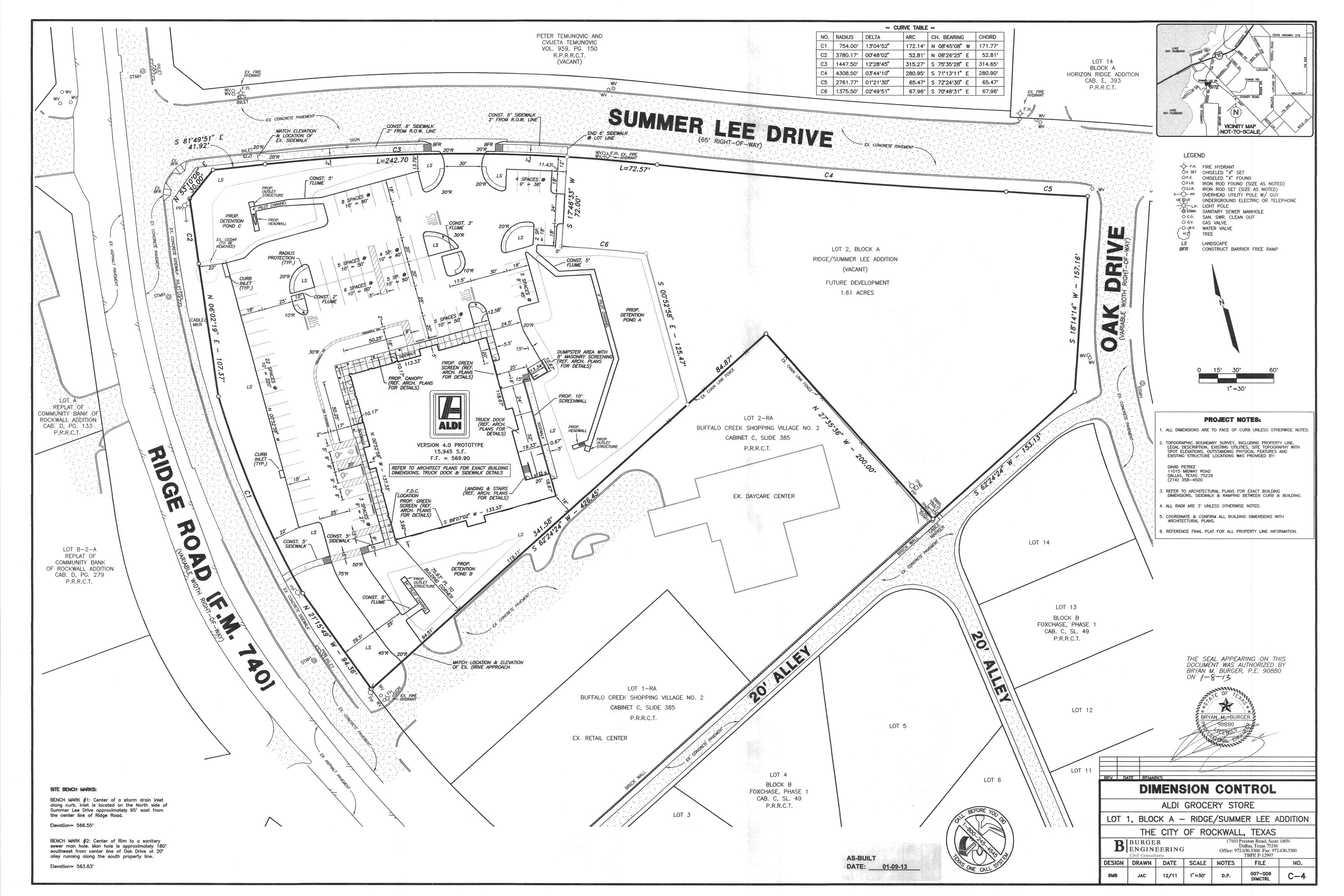
VICINITY MAP

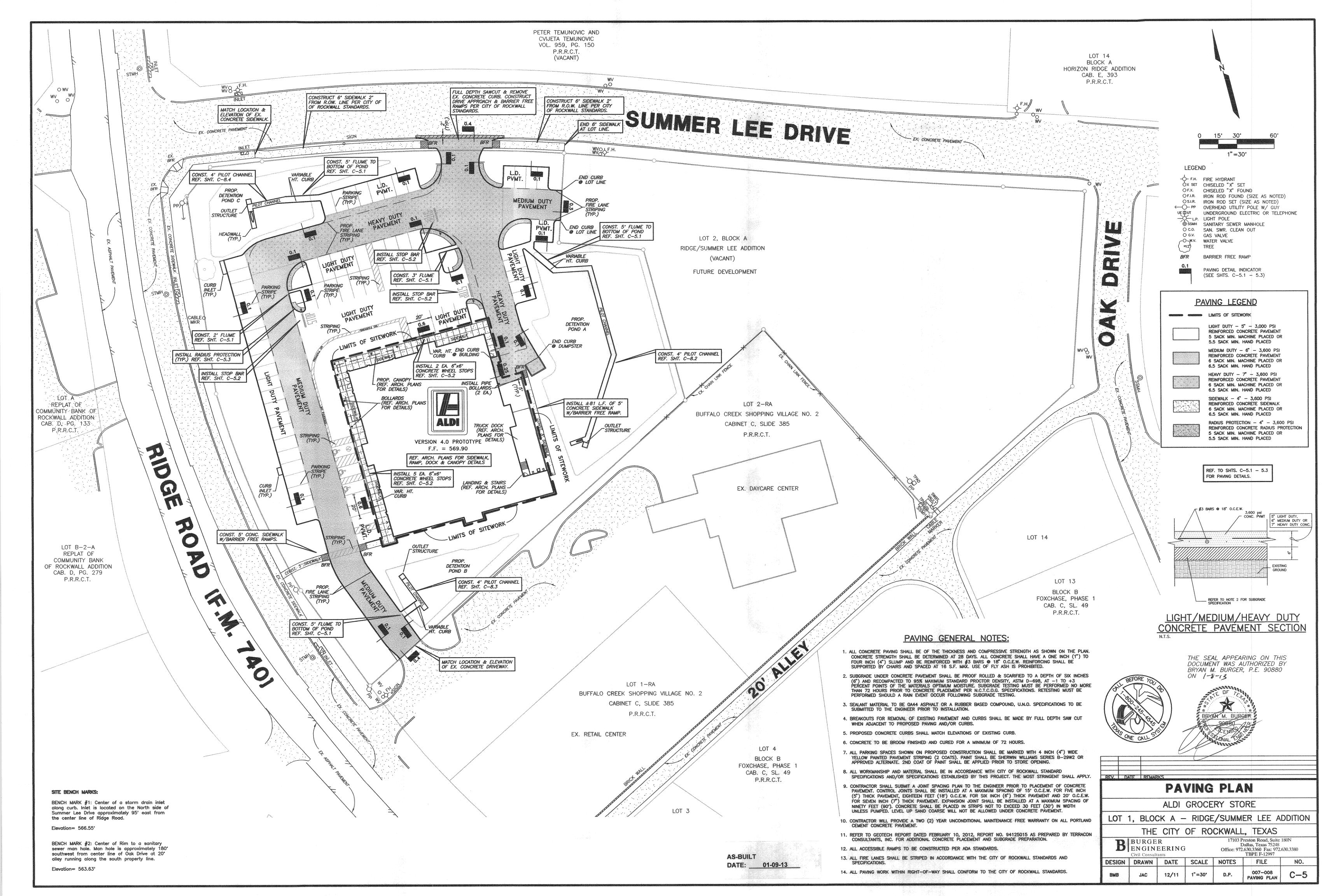
NOT-TO-SCALE

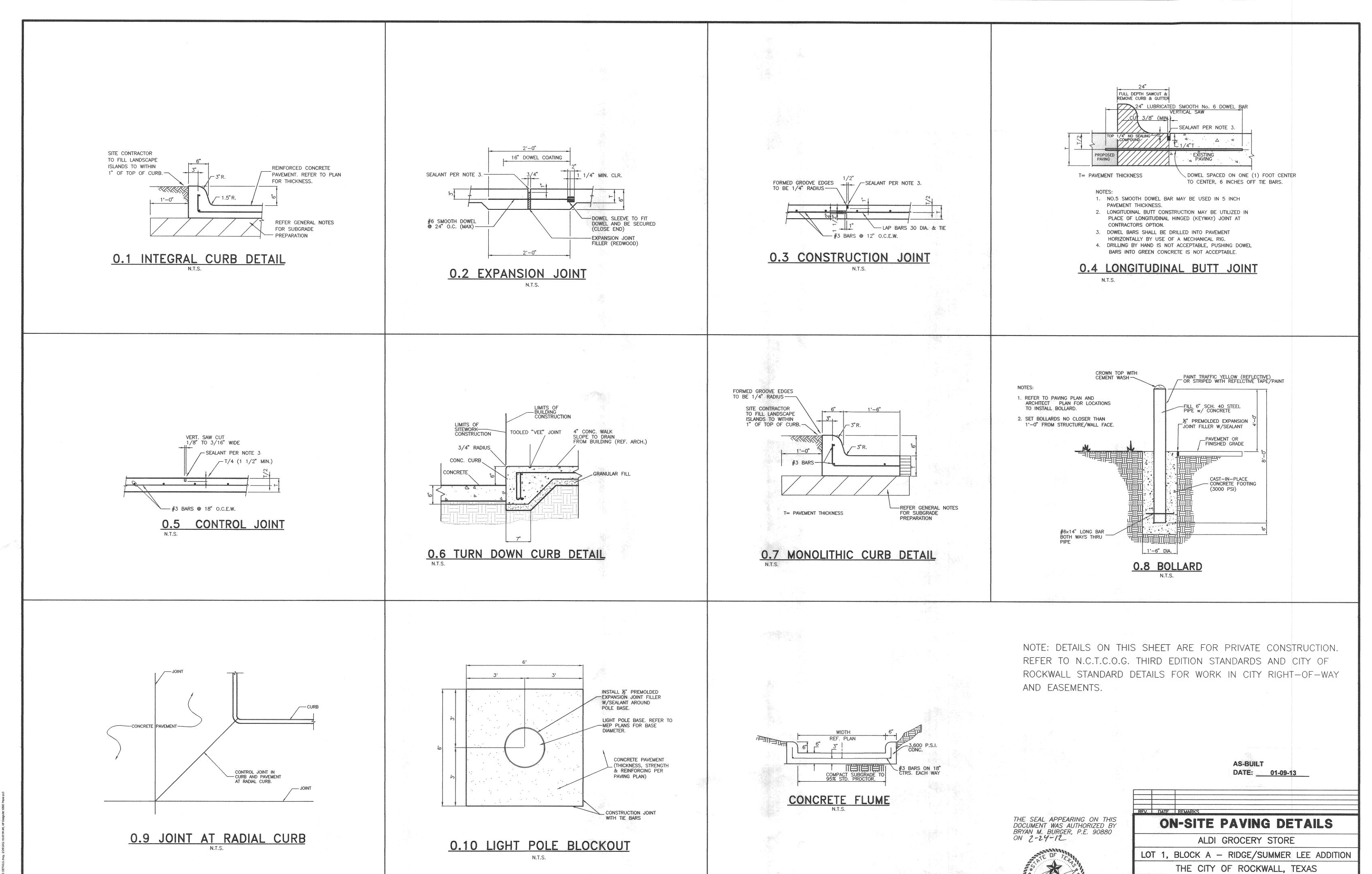
DATE: DECEMBER 31, 2011 **SCALE:** 1" = 40'

ROCKWALL-SUMMERLEE









17103 Preston Road, Suite 180N Dallas, Texas 75248 Office: 972.630.3360 Fax: 972.630.3380 TBPE F-12997

FILE

PAVING DETAILS C-5.1

NO.

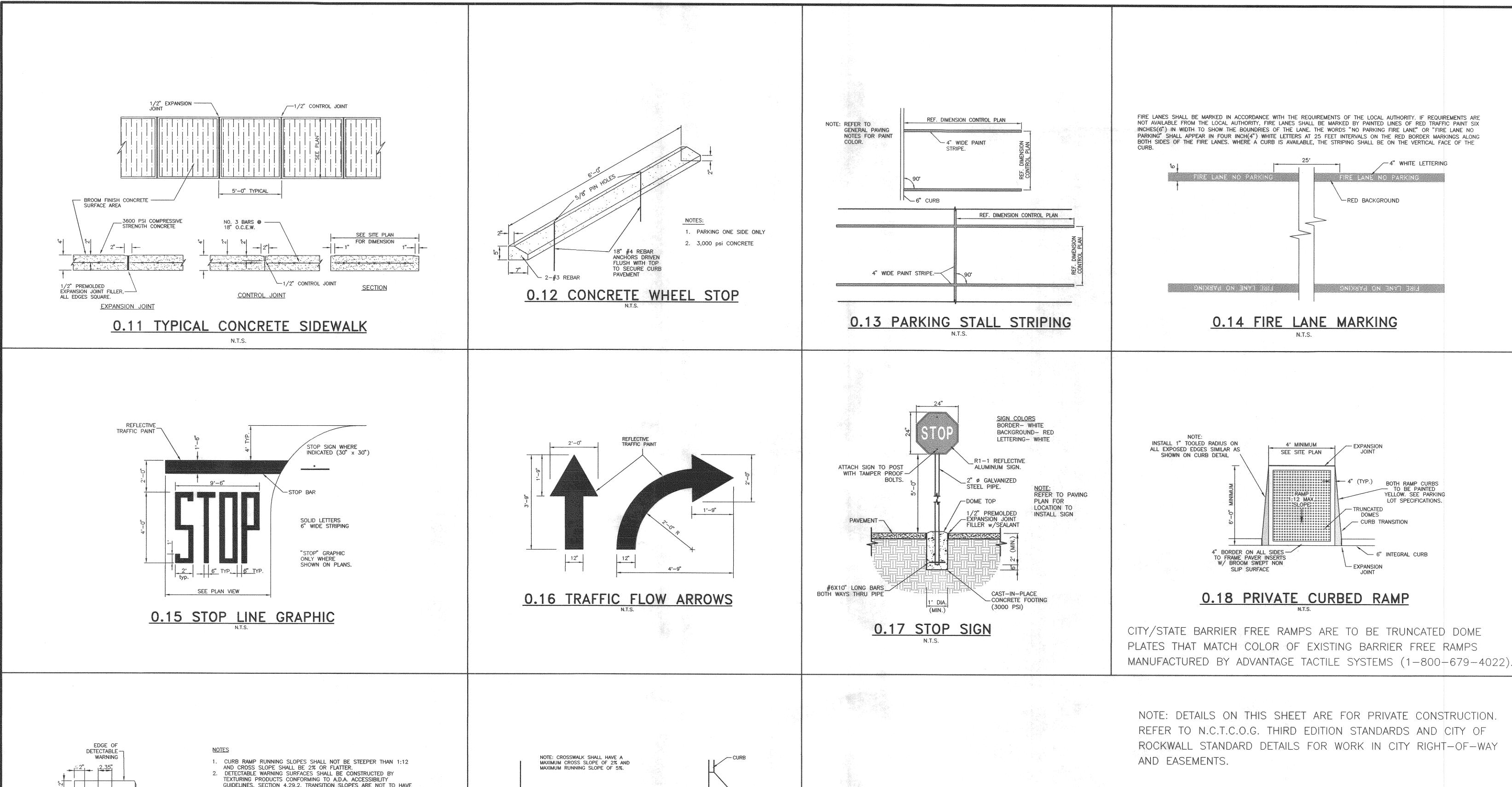
NOTES

D.P.

B BURGER ENGINEERING

JAC

DESIGN DRAWN DATE SCALE



NOTE: DETAILS ON THIS SHEET ARE FOR PRIVATE CONSTRUCTION. REFER TO N.C.T.C.O.G. THIRD EDITION STANDARDS AND CITY OF ROCKWALL STANDARD DETAILS FOR WORK IN CITY RIGHT-OF-WAY

> AS-BUILT DATE: 01-09-13

THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY BRYAN M. BURGER, P.E. 90880 ON Z-24-12

ON-SITE PAVING DETAILS ALDI GROCERY STORE LOT 1, BLOCK A - RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS 17103 Preston Road, Suite 180N B BURGER ENGINEERING Dallas, Texas 75248 Office: 972.630.3360 Fax: 972.630.3380 TBPE F-12997

FILE

D.P.

PAVING DETAILS C-5.2

NO.

DESIGN DRAWN DATE SCALE NOTES

12/11

JAC

-4" WHITE LETTERING

-RED BACKGROUND

EIRE LANE NO PARKING

- EXPANSION

- TRUNCATED

- CURB TRANSITION

BOTH RAMP CURBS
TO BE PAINTED

YELLOW. SEE PARKING

LOT SPECIFICATIONS.

DOME PATTERN SHALL BE IN-LINE WITH 3.
DIRECTION OF TRAVEL TRUNCATED DOME

-INTEGRAL DOME TRUNCATED DOME

WHERE A CURB RAMP IS CONSTRUCTED WITHIN AN EXISTING CURB CURB & GUTTER AND/OR SIDEWALK, THE EXISTING CURB & GUTTER SHALL BE REMOVED TO THE NEAREST JOINT BEYOND THE CURB TRANSITIONS OR TO THE EXTENT THAT NO REMAINING SECTION OF CURB OR CURB & GUTTER IS LESS THAN 5' LONG. THE EXISTING SIDEWALK SHALL BE REMOVED TO THE NEAREST JOINT BEYOND THE TRANSITION SLOPE WALK AROUND OR TO THE EXTENT THAT NO REMAINING SECTION OF SIDEWALK IS LESS THAN 5'.

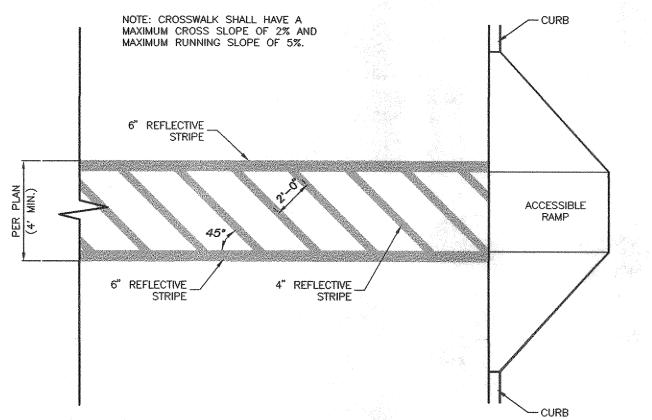
4. WHERE ADJACENT WALKING SURFACES ARE COLORED OR ARE CONSTRUCTED WITH MATERIALS OTHER THAN STANDARD CLASS I PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 522 OF THE SPECIFICATIONS, THE PLAN MUST PROVIDE FOR DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE COLORS OR MATERIALS THAT PROVIDE THE NECESSARY CONTRAST, EITHER DARK-ON-LIGHT, OR LIGHT-ON-DARK.

TRUNCATED DOMES TO BE INSTALLED USING PREFORMED PAVERS WARNING MATERIAL. PREFERRED MANUFACTURER: PAVESTONE ALTERNATIVE MANUFACTURER: ENGINEERED PLASTICS, INC. (ARMOR TILE) OLYMPIC TOWERS, 300 PEARL STREET, SUITE 200, BUFFALO, NY 14202. PHONE (800)682-2525. <u>CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY</u> HANDICAP RAMPS MEET LOCAL CODES.

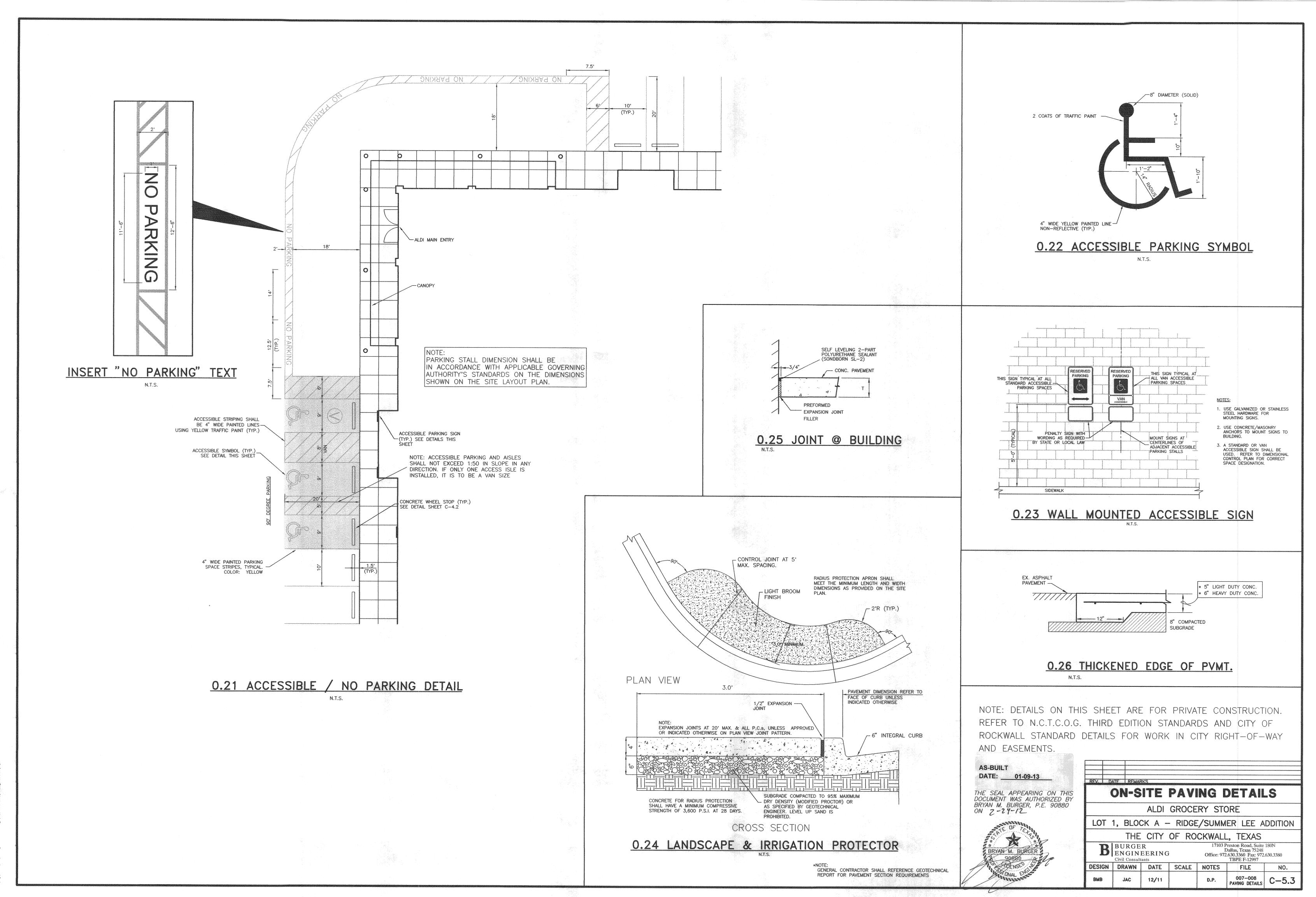
GUIDELINES, SECTION 4.29.2. TRANSITION SLOPES ARE NOT TO HAVE

(RUNNING BOND PATTERN) OR TOPMARK PREFORMED THERMOPLASTIC COMPANY DETECTABLE WARNING PAVER, RAY CLARK (678)471-1019;

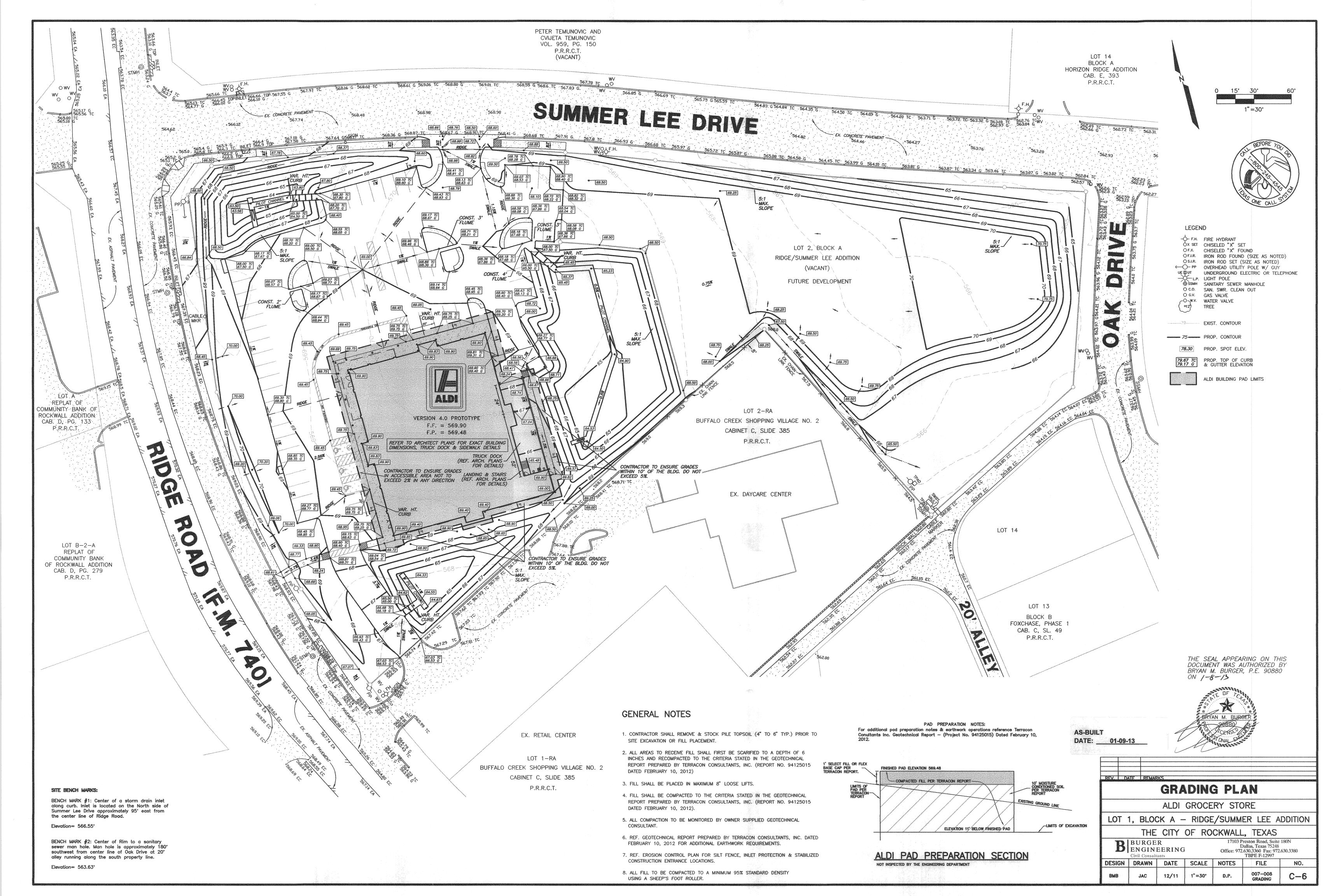
0.19 PRIVATE TRUNCATED DOMES

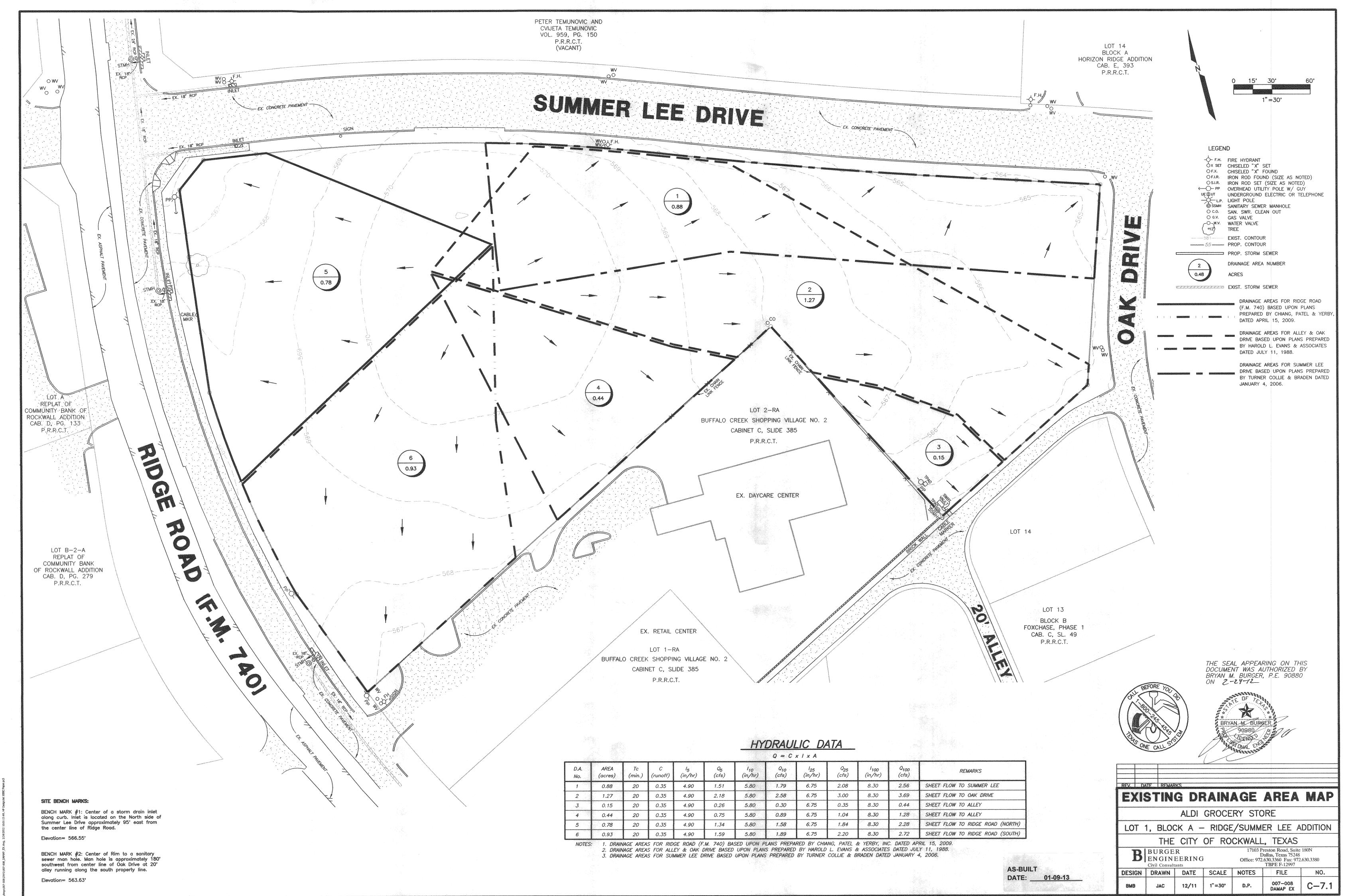


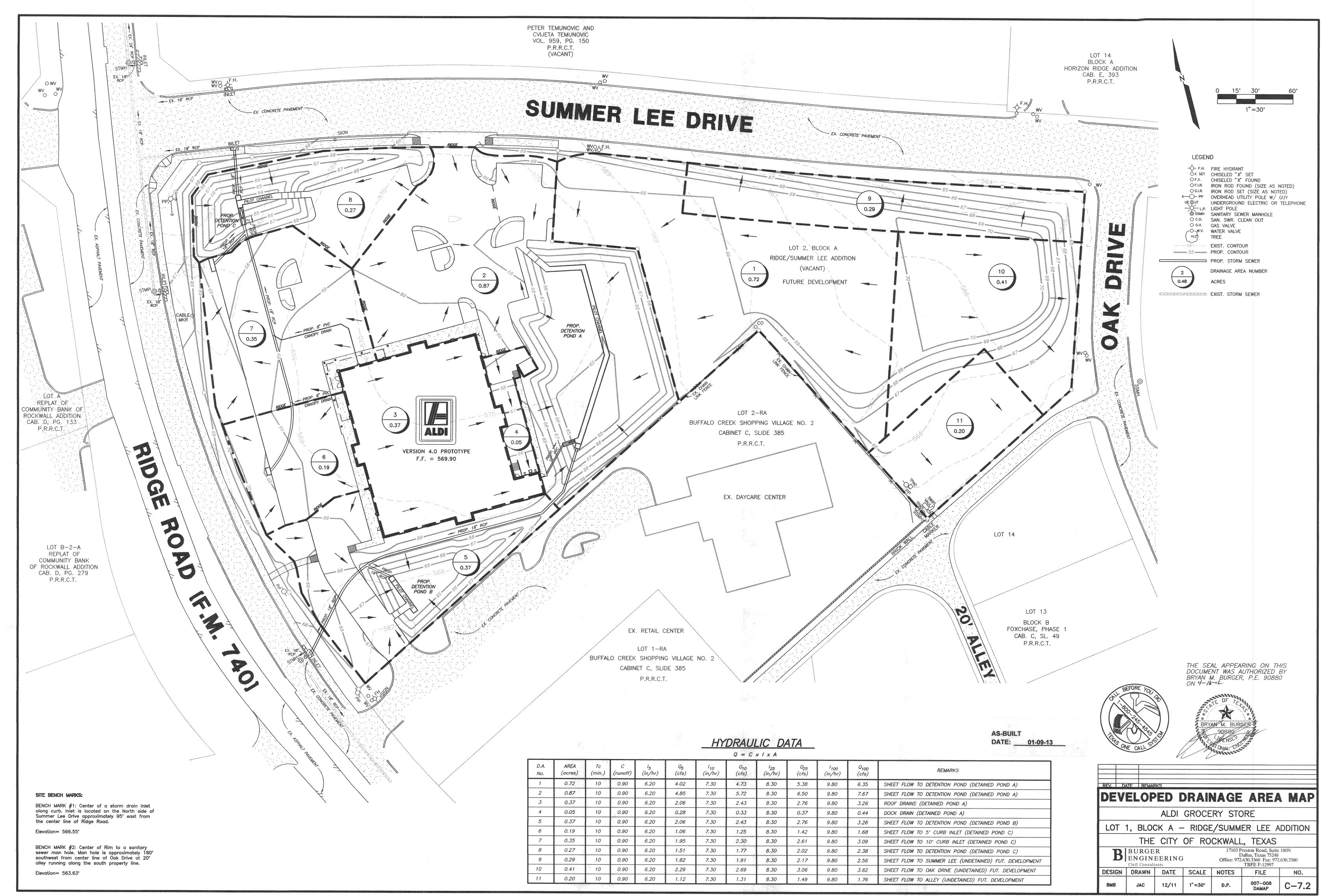
0.20 ACCESSIBLE CROSSWALK

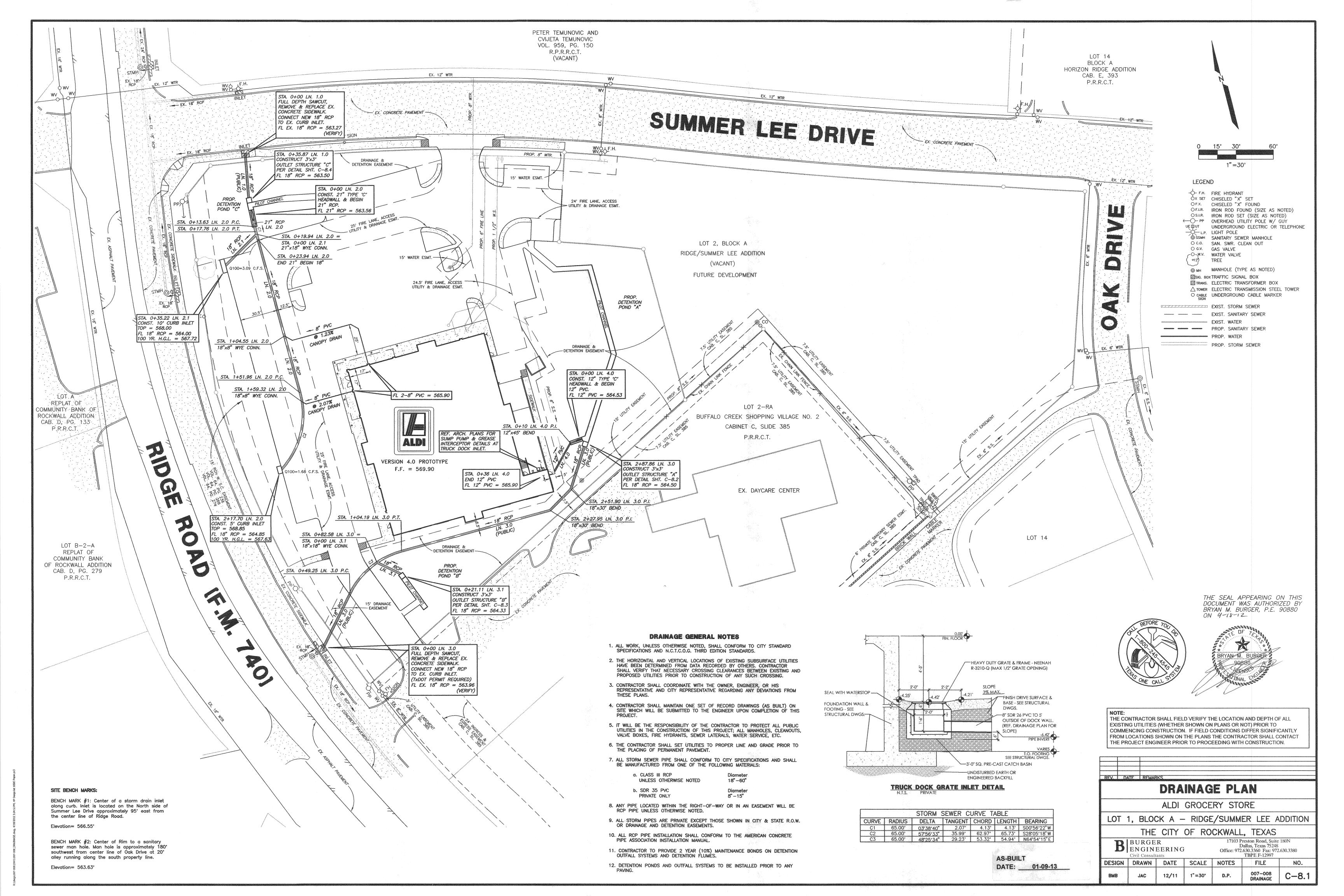


/dwass.007-008/DWGs007-008 PAVING DETAILS-dwa- 2724/2012 10:07:20 AM: HP DasionJet 1050C P









34624

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 Q = CIA, $I_{100} = 8.30 IN/HR$ (TC = 20 MIN.) Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(8.30)(4.19)ACRES = 12.17 CFS

3. DETENTION POND C ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 1.82 CFS 12.17 CFS - 7.94 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 0.76 CFS (POND B) - 1.65 CFS (POND C) = 1.82 CFS

4. STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= 2.01 ACRES REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION:

STORM DURATION DATA: (IN/HR) (ACRES) (CFS) FLOW 10.05 0.90 0.90 18018 1638 8.30 0.90 12.48 22468 25181 22451 10.49 2730 27135 23859 3276 29306 8.14 3822 30391 4368 31694 4914 34190 5460 5.79 34733

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3)

2.90

564.50 565.00 2,969 566.00 8.577 100 YR. W.S.E. 11,215 7,092 13.447 12,331 20.908 567.53 568.00 16,001 14,724 35,632

6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

Q₁₀₀ ALLOWABLE RELEASE = 1.82 CFS OUTFALL ELEVATION = 564.50 MAX. 100 YR. WATER SURFACE =

 $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.367 $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.3671.24 CFS 0.58 CFS 3.03 H = 0.35 FEET $Q/CH^{3/2} =$ $Q/CH^{3/2} =$ L= 0.83 FEET V = Q/AV = Q/A5.86 FT/SEC 2.00 FT/SEC

TOTAL Q₁₀₀ FROM STAGED WEIR = 1.82 CFS

POND A 25 YEAR DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

1. DRAINAGE AREAS 1-4 CONTRIBUTE FLOW TO THE DETENTION POND - 2.01 ACRES

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 Q = CIA, $I_{25} = 6.75 IN/HR$

Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(6.75)(4.19)ACRES = 9.90 CFS

3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 1.28 CFS 9.90 CFS - 6.76 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 0.58 (POND B) - 1.28 CFS (POND C) = 1.28 CFS

4. STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= 2.01 ACRES REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION:

STORM DURATION DATA: (ACRES) (CFS) FLOW (FT^3) (IN/HR) 22053 26050 2970 23080 4.97 26864 3300 0.90 2.01 27135 3630 2.50

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3) 564.50 565.00 566.00 11,215 7,092 8,577 25 YR. W.S.E. 12,331 20,908 16,001 14,724 35,632

6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

Q₂₅ ALLOWABLE RELEASE = 1.10 CFS OUTFALL ELEVATION = 564.50 MAX. 25 YR. WATER SURFACE = 567.18

 $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.3671.10 CFS 2.68 FEET $Q/CH^{3/2} =$ L = 0.07 FEET V = Q/A

POND A 10 YEAR DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

0.92

1. DRAINAGE AREAS 1-4 CONTRIBUTE FLOW TO THE DETENTION POND - 2.01 ACRES

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 Q = CIA, $I_{10} = 5.80 IN/HR$ Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(5.80)(4.19)ACRES = 8.51 CFS

3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 0.92 CFS 8.51 CFS - 5.87 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 0.52 CFS (POND B) - 1.20 CFS (POND C) = 0.92 CFS

4. STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40

ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION:

						0.32	
STORM DUR	ATION DATA:						
	I-10YR		AREA	TOTAL	TOTAL	OUTFLOW	STOR
MIN	(IN/HR)	С	(ACRES)	(CFS)	FLOW	(FT^3)	(FT^
					(FT^3)	, ,	· ·
5	8.30	0.90	2.01	15.01	4504	414	409
10	7.25	0.90	2.01	13.12	7869	552	731
20	5.80	0.90	2.01	10.49	12591	828	1176
30	4.80	0.90	2.01	8.68	15630	1104	1452
40	4.00	0.90	2.01	7.24	17366	1380	1598
50	3.40	0.90	2.01	6.15	18452	1656	1679
60	3.10	0.90	2.01	5.61	20188	1932	1825
70	2.80	0.90	2.01	5.07	21274	2208	1906
80	2.60	0.90	2.01	4.70	22576	2484	2009
90	2.30	0.90	2.01	4.16	22468	2760	1970

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3) 564.50 565.00 566.00 11,215 7,092 8,577 10 YR. W.S.E. 567.00 12,331 20,908 16,001 14,724 35.632 35,632

6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

Q₁₀ ALLOWABLE RELEASE = 0.92 CFS OUTFALL ELEVATION = 564.50 MAX. 10 YR. WATER SURFACE =

 $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.3670.92 CFS H = 2.43 FEET $Q/CH^{3/2} =$ L = L = 0.07 V = Q/AV =

POND A 5 YEAR DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

1. DRAINAGE AREAS 1-4 CONTRIBUTE FLOW TO THE DETENTION POND - 2.01 ACRES

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 Q = CIA, $I_5 = 4.90 IN/HR$ (TC = 20 MIN.) Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(4.90)(4.19)ACRES = 7.19 CFS

3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 0.82 CFS 7.19 CFS - 5.02 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 0.38 CFS (POND B) - 0.97 CFS (POND C) = 0.82 CFS

4. STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)=

REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION:

S	TORM DURA	ATION DATA:						
***********		I-5YR		AREA	TOTAL	TOTAL	OUTFLOW	STORAGE
	MIN	(IN/HR)	С	(ACRES)	(CFS)	FLOW	(FT^3)	(FT^3)
						(FT^3)		, ,
	5	7.00	0.90	2.01	12.66	3799	369	3430
	10	6.20	0.90	2.01	11.22	6729	492	6237
	20	4.90	0.90	2.01	8.86	10637	738	9899
	30	4.05	0.90	2.01	7.33	13188	984	12204
	40	3.40	0.90	2.01	6.15	14761	1230	13531
	50	2.80	0.90	2.01	5.07	15196	1476	13720
	60	2.60	0.90	2.01	4.70	16932	1722	15210
	70	2.45	0.90	2.01	4.43	18615	1968	16647
	80	2.25	0.90	2.01	4.07	19537	2214	17323
	90	2.10	0.90	2.01	3.80	20514	2460	18054
	100	1.92	0.90	2.01	3.47	20840	2706	18134
	110	1 75	0.00	2.04	2 17	20004	2052	47040

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3)

565.00 2,969 1,485 7,092 566.00 11,215 8,577 5 YR. W.S.E. 567.00 13,447 12,331 20,908 566.78 14,724 16,001 35,632 568.00 35,632

6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

Q₅ ALLOWABLE RELEASE = 0.82 CFS OUTFALL ELEVATION =

MAX. 5 YR. WATER SURFACE =

 $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.3670.82 2.28 FEET H =

V = Q/A

EMERGENCY OVERFLOW CALCULATIONS

 $Q = CLH\frac{3}{2}$

C = 3.367

H = 1'

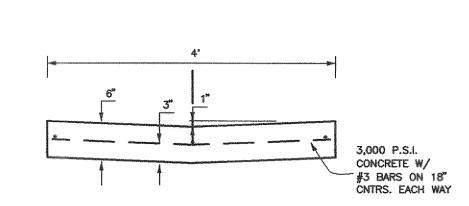
L = 12'

 $Q = CLH\frac{3}{2}$

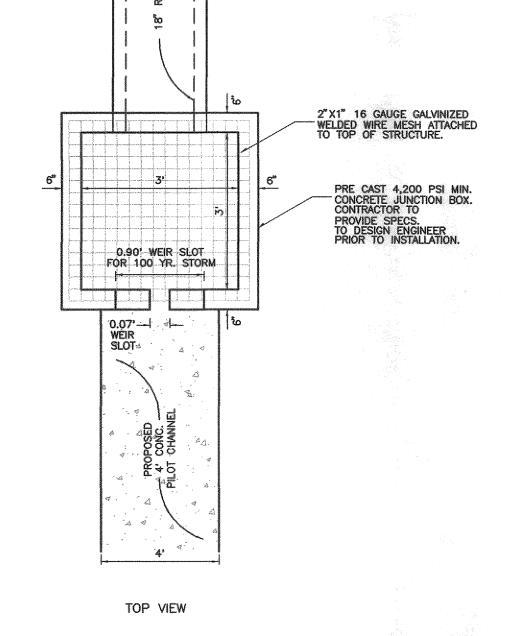
 $Q = 3.367 * 12' * 1'\frac{3}{2}$

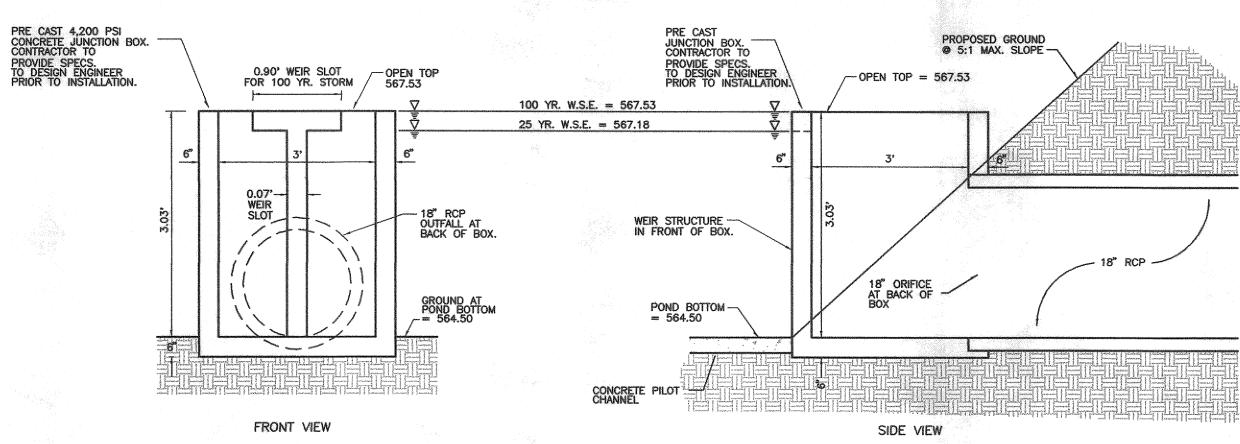
Q PROVIDED = 40.40 C.F.S.

Q CAP. OF 18" RCP WITH INLET CONTROL & 4.00' OF HEAD = 18.00 C.F.S.



PILOT CHANNEL DETAIL





DETENTION POND A OUTLET STRUCTURE

SITE BENCH MARKS:

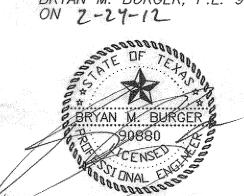
BENCH MARK #1: Center of a storm drain inlet along curb. Inlet is located on the North side of Summer Lee Drive approximately 95' east from the center line of Ridge Road.

BENCH MARK #2: Center of Rim to a sanitary sewer man hole. Man hole is approximately 180' southwest from center line of Oak Drive at 20' alley running along the south property line.

BMB

JAC

DATE: 01-09-13 THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY BRYAN M. BURGER, P.E. 90880



AS-BUILT



ALDI GROCERY STORE

LOT 1, BLOCK A - RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION

THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

17103 Preston Road, Suite 180N Dallas, Texas 75248 Office: 972.630.3360 Fax: 972.630.3380 TBPE F-12997 B BURGER ENGINEERING NO.

DESIGN DRAWN DATE SCALE FILE NOTES D.P.

007-008 DETENTION A C - 8.2

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 Q = CIA, $I_{100} = 8.30 IN/HR$ (TC = 20 MIN.) Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(8.30)(4.19)ACRES = 12.17 CFS

3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 0.76 CFS 12.17 CFS - 7.94 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 1.82 CFS (POND A) - 1.65 CFS (POND B) = 0.76 CFS

4. STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION:

STORM DURATION DATA: (IN/HR) (ACRES) (CFS) FLOW (FT^3) (FT^3) 4136 4635 1.93 4995 4.50 1.33 5594 1824 4.00 5834 2052 3.65 1.22 6294 2280 2508 3.50 1.17 4014 1.10 6593 3.30 0.37 4085 2.90 0.90 0.37 0.97 6374 2736

0.76 CFS

100 YR. W.S.E.

566.26

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3) 564.33 565.00 1.514 1.014 1.014 2,773 566.00 2,144 3,158 567.00 4.248 3.511 6,668 TOTAL VOLUME = 6,668

6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR Q₁₀₀ ALLOWABLE RELEASE =

OUTFALL ELEVATION = MAX. 100 YR. WATER SURFACE =

 $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.3670.76 CFS H = 1.93 FEET L= 0.08 V = Q/A4.68 V =

POND B 25 YEAR DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

4196 1218

1740

25 YR. W.S.E.

566.02

1.08 4545 1392

1.00 4795 1566

0.92 4945

1. DRAINAGE AREA 5 CONTRIBUTE FLOW TO THE DETENTION POND - 0.37 ACRES

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 Q = CIA, $I_{25} = 6.75 IN/HR$ (TC = 20 MIN.) Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(6.75)(4.19)ACRES = 9.90 CFS

0.90

0.90

0.90

0.90

3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 0.87 CFS 9.90 CFS - 6.76 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 1.10 CFS (POND A) - 1.28 (POND C) = 0.76 CFS

4. STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION: (ACRES) (CFS) FLOW (FT^3) (IN/HR) 4.80 2952 2978 3153 **3229**

0.37

0.37

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

3.50

3.00

2.75

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3) 565.00 1,514 1,014 1,014 2,773 2,144 3,158 566.00 3,511 6,668 567.00 4,248 TOTAL VOLUME = 6,668

6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

Q₂₅ ALLOWABLE RELEASE = 0.58 CFS OUTFALL ELEVATION = MAX. 25 YR. WATER SURFACE = $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.3670.58 FEET 1.69 H = Q/CH^{3/2} = L = FEET V = Q/A4.38 FT/SEC

POND B 10 YEAR DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

0.52

10 YR. W.S.E.

1. DRAINAGE AREA 5 CONTRIBUTE FLOW TO THE DETENTION POND - 0.37 ACRES

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 Q = CIA, $I_{10} = 5.80 IN/HR$ Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(5.80)(4.19)ACRES = 8.51 CFS

3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 0.52 CFS 8.51 CFS - 5.87 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 0.92 CFS (POND A) - 1.20 CFS (POND C) = 0.52 CFS

STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION:

	I-10YR		AREA	TOTAL	TOTAL	OUTFLOW	STORAGE
MIN	(IN/HR)	С	(ACRES)	(CFS)	FLOW	(FT^3)	(FT^3)
	, ,				(FT^3)		
5	8.30	0.90	0.37	2.76	829	234	595
10	7.25	0.90	0.37	2.41	1449	312	1137
20	5.80	0.90	0.37	1.93	2318	468	1850
30	4.80	0.90	0.37	1.60	2877	624	2253
40	4.00	0.90	0.37	1.33	3197	780	2417
50	3.40	0.90	0.37	1.13	3397	936	2461
60	3.10	0.90	0.37	1.03	3716	1092	2624
70	2.80	0.90	0.37	0.93	3916	1248	2668
80	2.60	0.90	0.37	0.87	4156	1404	2752
90	2.30	0.90	0.37	0.77	4136	1560	2576

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

567.00

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3) 564.33 1,014 565.00 1,514 2,144 3,158 2,773 566.00

4,248 3,511 6,668 TOTAL VOLUME = 6,668 6 OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

S. QUIFALL	DESIGN - RECTANG	OLAR WEIF	ζ.		
Q ₁₀ ALLOWA	BLE RELEASE =	0.52	CFS		
OUTFALL EL	EVATION =	564.33			
MAX. 10 YR. WATER SURFACE =			565.81		
Q = CLH ^{3/2} V	VHERE C = 3.367				
Q ₂₅ =	0.52	CFS			
H = .	1.48	FEET			
L =	$Q/CH^{3/2} =$				

POND B 5 YEAR DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

1. DRAINAGE AREA 5 CONTRIBUTE FLOW TO THE DETENTION POND - 0.37 ACRES

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 Q = CIA, $I_5 = 4.90 IN/HR$ (TC = 20 MIN.)

Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(4.90)(4.19)ACRES = 7.19 CFS 3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 0.38 CFS 7.19 CFS - 5.02 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 0.82 CFS (POND A) - 0.97 CFS (POND C) = 0.38 CFS

4. STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION: 0.38

STORM DURATION DATA: (ACRES) (CFS) FLOW (FT^3) (FT^3) 2.33 699 171 2.06 1239 228 1.65 1978 342 1.35 2428 456 1.13 2717 570 6.20 0.37 0.37 0.37 1011 4.95 1636 4.05 1972 0.37 3.40 2147

5 YR. W.S.E.

DETENTION POND VOLUME

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3) 564.33 1,514 565.00 1.014 566.00 2,773 3,158 2,144 567.00 4,248 3,511 6,668

6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

Q₅ ALLOWABLE RELEASE = 0.38 CFS OUTFALL ELEVATION = MAX. 5 YR. WATER SURFACE =

TOTAL VOLUME = 6,668

 $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.367 $Q_{25} =$ 0.38 CFS 1.20 H = FEET L= L = V = Q/A3.96 FT/SEC

V =

EMERGENCY OVERFLOW CALCULATIONS

INLET CONTROL & 2.2' OF HEAD = 11.60 C.F.S.

 $Q = CLH\frac{3}{2}$

C = 3.367

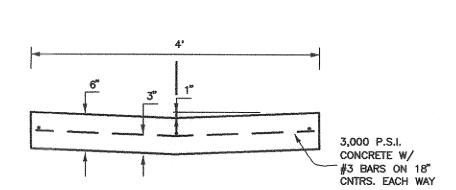
H = 0.35

L = 12'

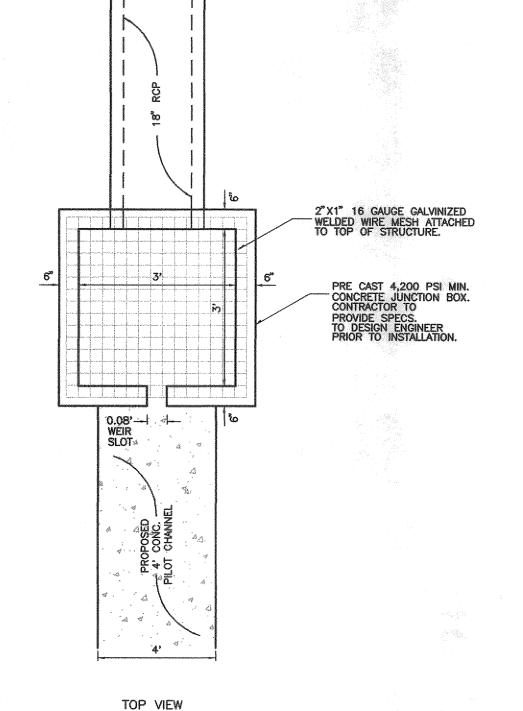
Q CAP. OF 18" RCP WITH

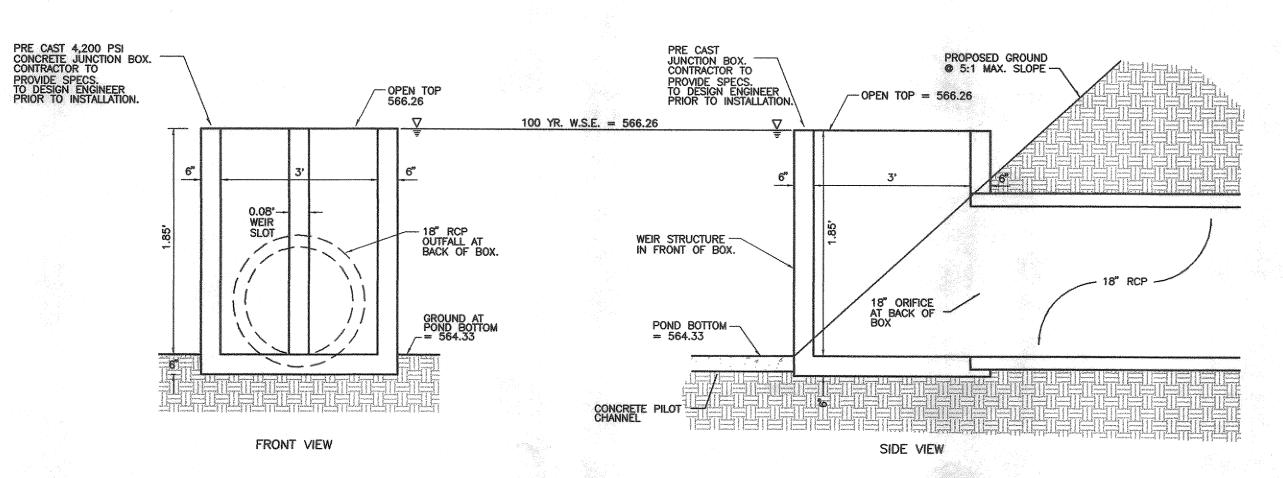
Q PROVIDED = 8.37 C.F.S.

 $Q = CLH\frac{3}{2}$ Q = 3.367 * 12' * 0.35'%



PILOT CHANNEL DETAIL





DETENTION POND B OUTLET STRUCTURE



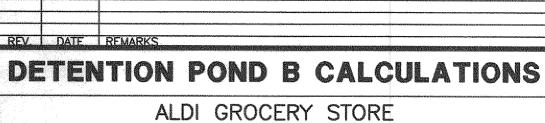
BENCH MARK #1: Center of a storm drain inlet along curb. Inlet is located on the North side of Summer Lee Drive approximately 95' east from the center line of Ridge Road.

AS-BUILT

ON Z-24-12

THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY BRYAN M. BURGER, P.E. 90880

BENCH MARK #2: Center of Rim to a sanitary sewer man hole. Man hole is approximately 180' southwest from center line of Oak Drive at 20' alley running along the south property line.



LOT 1, BLOCK A - RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

17103 Preston Road, Suite 180N Dallas, Texas 75248 Office: 972.630.3360 Fax: 972.630.3380 TBPE F-12997 B BURGER ENGINEERING DESIGN DRAWN DATE SCALE NOTES FILE NO. 007-008 DETENTION B C - 8.3BMB JAC D.P.

POND C 100 YEAR DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

1. DRAINAGE AREAS 6-8 CONTRIBUTE FLOW TO THE DETENTION POND - 0.81 ACRES

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 Q = CIA, $I_{100} = 8.30 IN/HR$ (TC = 20 MIN.) Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(8.30)(4.19)ACRES = 12.17 CFS

3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 1.65 CFS 12.17 CFS - 7.94 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 1.82 CFS (POND A) - 0.76 CFS (POND B) = 1.65 CFS

4. STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= 0.81 ACRES REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION: STORM DURATION DATA: I-100YR (IN/HR)

(ACRES) (CFS) FLOW (FT^3) (FT^3) 10.05 0.90 0.81 2198 990 3297 4287 9.80 0.90 0.81 5776 1485 8.30 0.81 9054 1980 10148 2475 7673 10935 7965 11810 8345 12247 4455 8317 13778 2.55 0.90 2.41 14434 0.90 0.81 3.30 0.81 2.11 13953 5940 0.90 2.90

100 YR. W.S.E.

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3) 565.00 566.00 2,276 1,772 3,027 5,970 567.00 4,744 10,713 5,710 568.00

6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

TOTAL VOLUME =

 $Q/CH^{3/2} =$

V = Q/A

Q₁₀₀ ALLOWABLE RELEASE = 563.50 OUTFALL ELEVATION = MAX. 100 YR. WATER SURFACE = $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.3671.65 4.14 FEET H=

10,713

FEET

POND C 25 YEAR DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

1. DRAINAGE AREAS 6-8 CONTRIBUTE FLOW TO THE DETENTION POND - 0.81 ACRES

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35

Q = CIA, $I_{25} = 6.75 IN/HR$ (TC = 20 MIN.) Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(6.75)(4.19)ACRES = 9.90 CFS

3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 1.46 CFS 9.90 CFS - 6.76 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 1.10 CFS (POND A) - 0.58 (POND B) = 1.46 CFS

STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION: STORM DURATION DATA: (IN/HR) (ACRES) (CFS) FLOW (FT³) (FT³) 2884 4753 5.50 1536 5681 8398 4.80 1920 6478 4.00 8748 3.50 3.25 0.81 9185 2688 6497 9951 0.81 2.37 3.00 0.81 7042 2.75

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3) 563.5 564.00 1,268 565.00 903 1,171 25 YR. W.S.E. 2,276 1,772 2,943 566.00 3,027 567.00 3.777 5.970 5,710 4,744 568.00 10,713 TOTAL VOLUME = 10,713 6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

Q₂₅ ALLOWABLE RELEASE = 1.28 CFS OUTFALL ELEVATION = 563.50

 $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.3671.28 CFS H = 3.73 FEET $Q/CH^{3/2} =$ L = 0.06 L = V = Q/A**5.73** FT/SEC

MAX. 25 YR. WATER SURFACE =

POND C 10 YEAR DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

1. DRAINAGE AREAS 6-8 CONTRIBUTE FLOW TO THE DETENTION POND - 0.81 ACRES

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 Q = CIA, $I_{10} = 5.80 IN/HR$ (TC = 20 MIN.) Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(5.80)(4.19)ACRES = 8.51 CFS

3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 1.20 CFS 8.51 CFS - 5.87 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 0.92 CFS (POND A) - 0.52 CFS (POND B) = 1.20 CFS

4. STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= 0.81 ACRES REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION:

(ACRES) (CFS) FLOW (FT³) (FT³) 1815 5.29 5.80 1080 3994 6299 1440 1800 4859 4.80 5198 4.00 2.92 2160 2520 7436 5276 8136 2.26 5616 2880 3240 2.80 2.04 8573 5693

0.81

5,970

566.96

1.90

5858

10 YR. W.S.E.

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

567.00

2.30

3,777

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3) 563.5 564.00 565.00 1,268 1.171 1,772 566.00 2,276 2.943

5,710 568.00 4,744 TOTAL VOLUME = 10,713 6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

3,027

Q₁₀ ALLOWABLE RELEASE = 1.20 CFS OUTFALL ELEVATION = 563.50

MAX. 10 YR. WATER SURFACE = $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.3671.20 CFS $Q_{25} =$ H = 3.46 FEET $Q/CH^{3/2} =$ L = 0.06 L= V = Q/A

POND C 5 YEAR DETENTION POND CALCULATIONS

1. DRAINAGE AREAS 6-8 CONTRIBUTE FLOW TO THE DETENTION POND - 0.81 ACRES

2. SITE ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = "C" FACTOR = .35 $Q = CIA, l_5 = 4.90 IN/HR$ (TC = 20 MIN.) Q = ALLOW = (0.35)(4.90)(4.19)ACRES = 7.19 CFS

3. DETENTION POND ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE = 0.97 CFS 7.19 CFS - 5.02 CFS (AREAS 9-11) - 0.82 CFS (POND A) - 0.38 CFS (POND B) = 0.97 CFS

4. STORAGE REQUIRED

DETENTION AREA (I)= 0.81 ACRES REFERENCE: TECHNICAL PAPER 40 ALLOWABLE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DETENTION:

STORM DURATION DATA: (ACRES) (CFS) FLOW (FT^3) (FT^3) 2712 4330 0.90 2130 3457 3.61 2.95 0.81 5314 1164 4150 4.05 0.90 0.90 0.81 2.48 5949 1455 4494 0.81 2.80 0.90 2.04 6124 1746

5. DETENTION POND VOLUME

CONTOUR AREA (FT^2) VOLUME (FT^3) 1,268 903 1,171 565.00 1,772 2,943 2,276 566.00 567.00 3,777 3,027 5,970

5 YR. W.S.E.

5,710 4,744 10,713 568.00 TOTAL VOLUME = 10,713 6. OUTFALL DESIGN - RECTANGULAR WEIR

Q5 ALLOWABLE RELEASE = 0.97 CFS OUTFALL ELEVATION = 563.50 MAX. 5 YR. WATER SURFACE = 566.51

 $Q = CLH^{3/2}$ WHERE C = 3.3670.97 3.01 $Q/CH^{3/2} =$

FEET 0.06 V = Q/A5.84 FT/SEC

EMERGENCY OVERFLOW CALCULATIONS

 $Q = CLH\frac{3}{2}$

C = 3.367

H = 1

L = 12'

 $Q = CLH\frac{3}{2}$

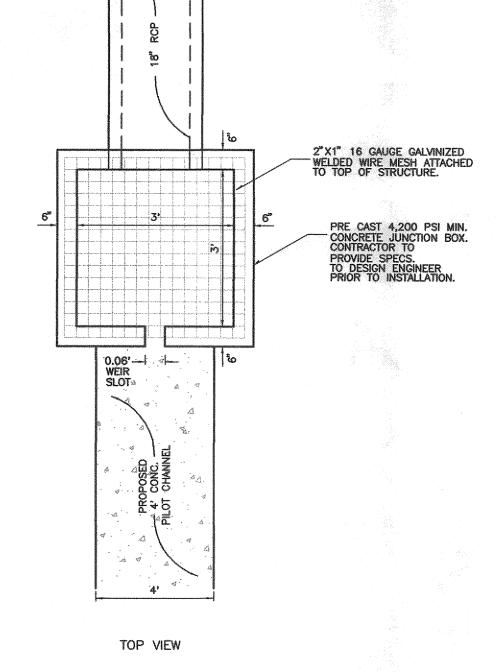
 $Q = 3.367 * 12' * 1'\frac{3}{2}$

Q PROVIDED = 40.40 C.F.S.

Q CAP. OF 18" RCP WITH INLET CONTROL & 5' OF HEAD = 20.0 C.F.S.

CONCRETE W/

PILOT CHANNEL DETAIL



PRE CAST 4,200 PSI CONCRETE JUNCTION BOX. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE SPECS. TO DESIGN ENGINEER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. - OPEN TOP = 567.64100 YR. W.S.E. = 567.64 WEIR STRUCTURE --IN FRONT OF BOX. FRONT VIEW SIDE VIEW

DETENTION POND C OUTLET STRUCTURE

SITE BENCH MARKS:

BENCH MARK #1: Center of a storm drain inlet along curb. Inlet is located on the North side of Summer Lee Drive approximately 95' east from the center line of Ridge Road.

Elevation= 566.55'

AS-BUILT

ON 2-24-12

01-09-13

THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY BRYAN M. BURGER, P.E. 90880

BENCH MARK #2: Center of Rim to a sanitary sewer man hole. Man hole is approximately 180' southwest from center line of Oak Drive at 20' alley running along the south property line. Elevation= 563.63'



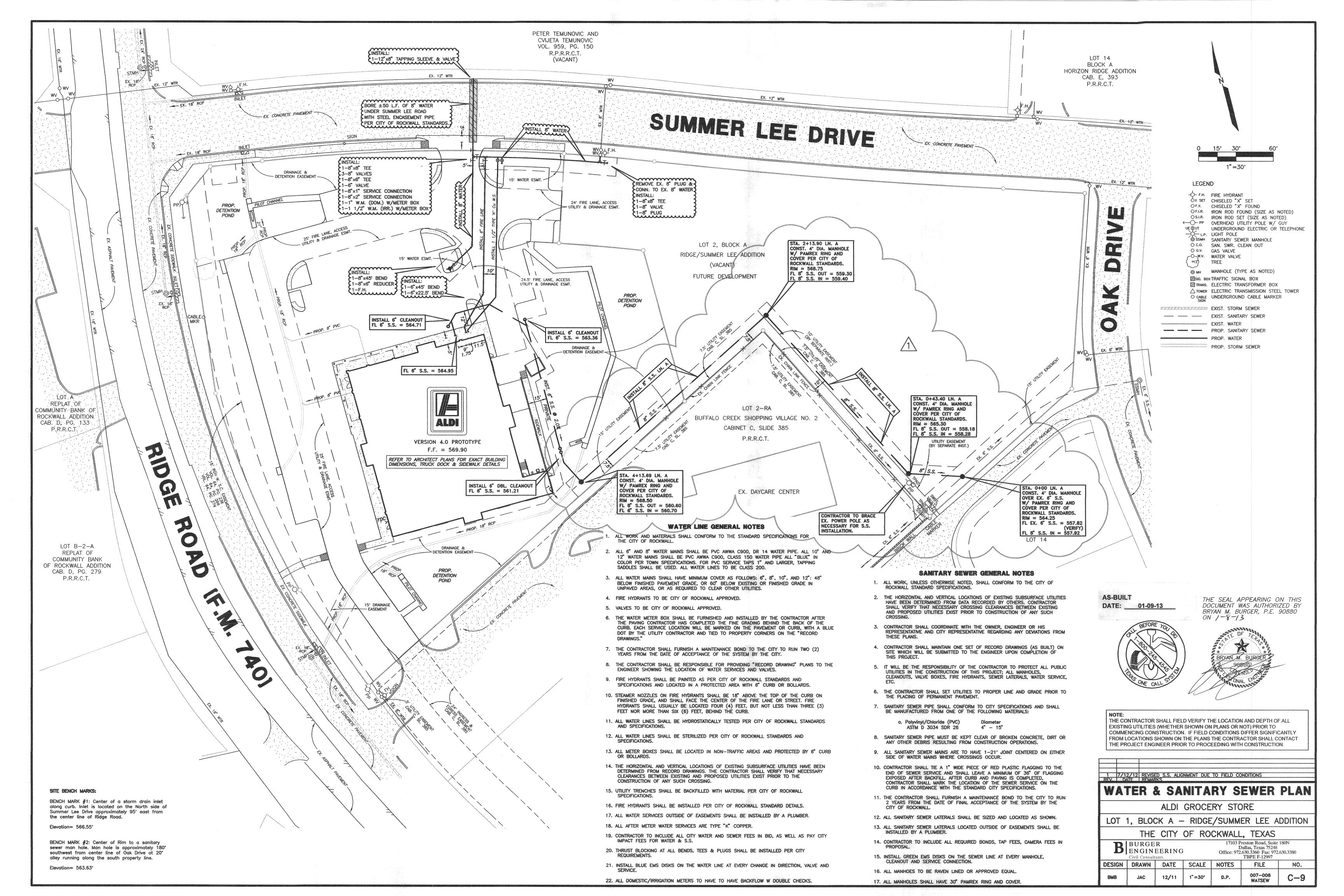
DETENTION POND C CALCULATIONS

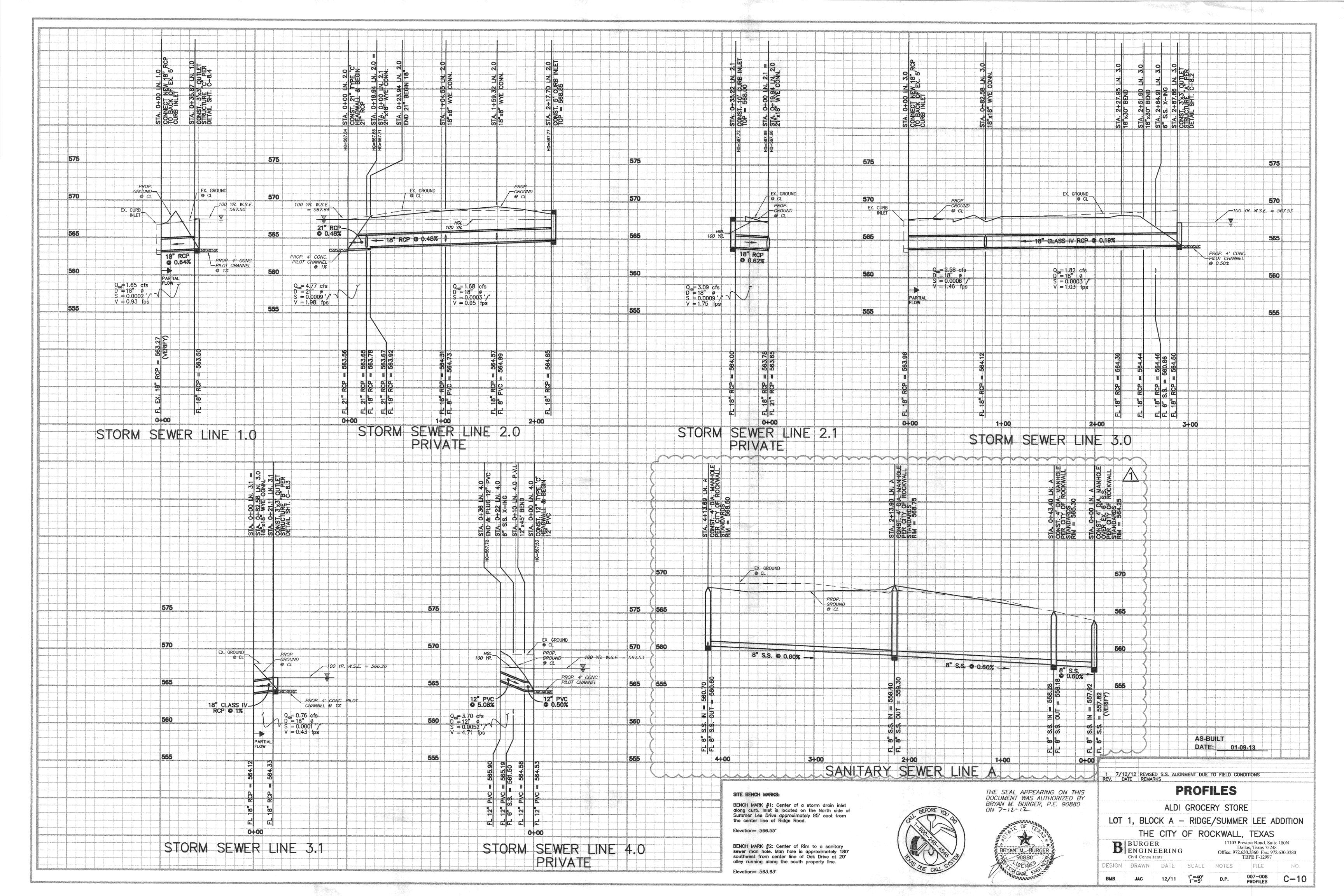
ALDI GROCERY STORE

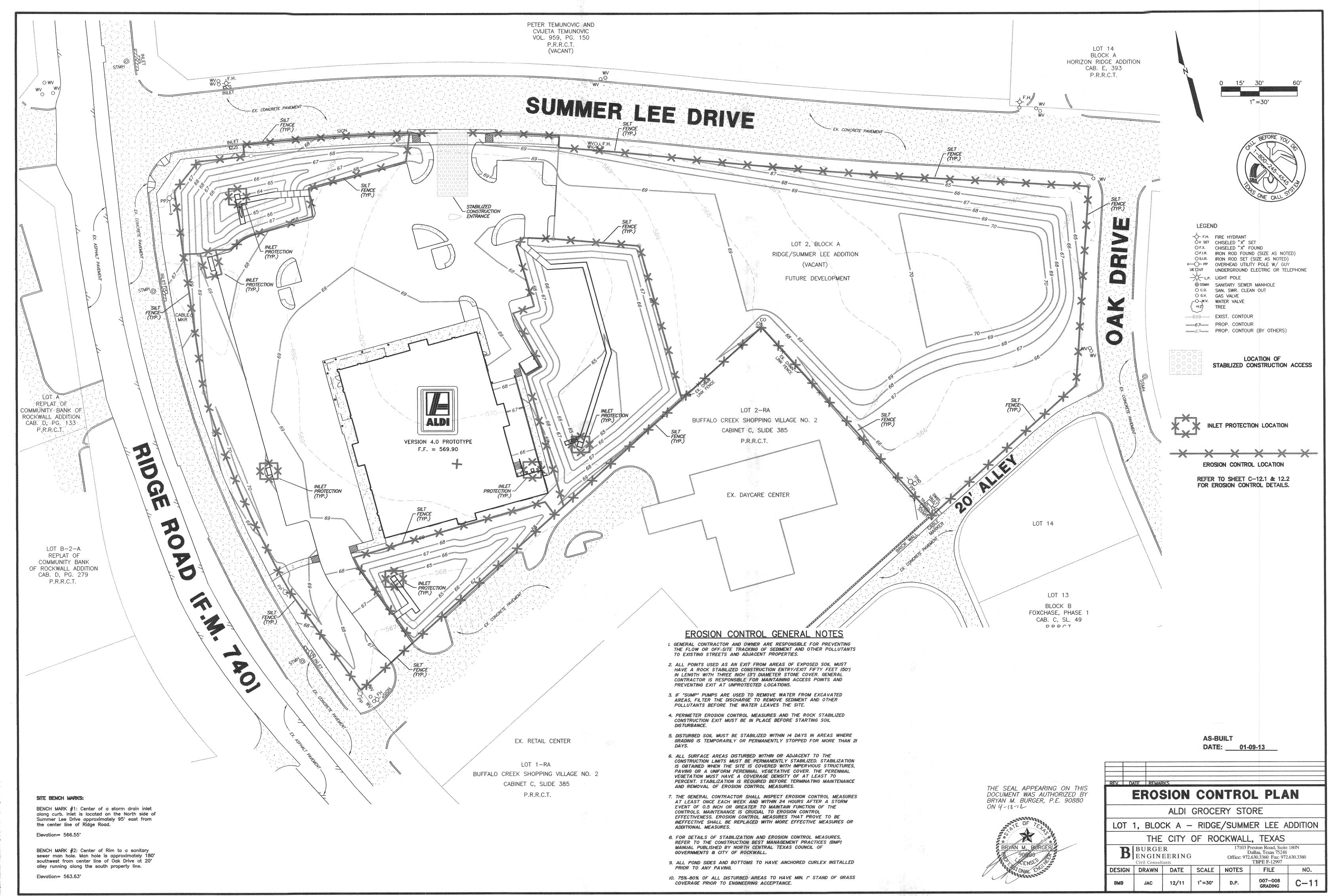
LOT 1, BLOCK A - RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION

THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS 17103 Preston Road, Suite 180N B BURGER ENGINEERING Dallas, Texas 75248 Office: 972.630.3360 Fax: 972.630.3380 TBPE F-12997 DESIGN DRAWN DATE SCALE NOTES FILE NO.

007-008 DETENTION C 12/11 JAC D.P.







DUST CONTROL

VECETATE OR MULCH AREAS THAT WILL NOT RECEIVE VEHICLE TRAFFIC. IN AREAS WHERE PLANTING; MULCHING, OR PAVING IS IMPRACTICAL, APPLY GRAVEL OR LANDSCAPING ROCK.
LIMIT DUST GENERATION BY CLEARING ONLY THOSE AREAS WHERE IMMEDIATE ACTIVITY WILL TAKE PLACE, LEAVING THE REMAINING AREA(S) IN THE ORIGINAL CONDITION, IF STABLE. MAINTAIN THE ORIGINAL COVER AS LONG AS PRACTICABLE CONSTRUCT NATURAL OR ARTIFICIAL WINDBREAKS OR WINDSCREENS. THESE MAY BE DESIGNED AS ENCLOSURES FOR SMALL DUST SOURCES.

SPRINKLE THE SITE WITH WATER UNTIL DAMPENED SUFFICIENTLY TO PREVENT DUST AND REPEAT AS NEEDED. DO NOT APPLY WATER IN QUANTITIES TO CAUSE RUNOFF. RIRIGATION WATER CAN BE USED FOR DUST CONTROL. IRRIGATION SYSTEMS SHOULD BE INSTALLED AS A FIRST STEP ON SITES WHERE DUST CONTROL IS A CONCERN.

SPECIFICATIONS NO SPECIFICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THIS ITEM IS CURRENTLY AVAILABLE IN THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION — NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS.

WASTE MANAGEMENT HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES TARGETED CONSTITUENTS

NUTRIENTS/TOXIC

SEDIMENT

WASTES

O CAPITAL COST

) MAINTENANCE

TRAINING

MATERIALS ONL & GREASE O FLOATABLE MATERIALS OTHER CONSTRUCTION

IMPLEMENTATION

REQUIRMENTS

SUITABILITY FOR SLOPES >

LEGEND

SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

MEDIUM IMPACT

UNKNOWN OR

QUESTIONABLE IMPACT

E-8

O LOW IMPACT

APPLICATIONS

PERIMETER CONTROL

SLOPE PROTECTION

SEDIMENT TRAPPING

CHANNEL PROTECTION

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

OTHER BACKING STRETCHED BETWEEN METAL POSTS WITH THE LOWER EDGE OF THE FABRIC SECURELY EMBEDDED SIX-LNCHES IN THE SOIL. THE FENCE IS TYPICALLY LOCATED DOWNSTREAM OF DISTURBED AREAS TO INTERCEPT RUNOFF IN THE FORM OF SHEET FLOW. A SILT FENCE PROVIDES BOTH FILTRATION AND TIME FOR SEDIMENT SETTLING BY REDUCING THE VELOCITY OF THE RUNOFF. SILT FENCE IS NORMALLY USED AS PERIMETER CONTROL LOCATED DOWNSTREAM OF DISTURBED AREAS. IT IS ONLY FEASIBLE FOR NON-CONCENTRATED, SHEET FLOW

A SILT FENCE CONSISTS OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SUPPORTED BY WIRE MESH NETTING OR

DISTURBED AREA

SILT FENCE

STABILIZED AREA

CONDITIONS. IF IT BECOMES NECESSARY TO PLACE A SILT FENCE WHERE CONCENTRATED FLOWS MAY BE EXPERIENCED (E.G. WHERE TWO SILT FENCES JOIN AT AN ANGLE, OR ACROSS MINOR CHANNELS OR GULLIES), IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO REINFORCE THE SILT FENCE AT THAT AREA BY A ROCK BERM OR SAND BAG BERM, OR OTHER STRUCTURAL MEASURES THAT WILL SUPPORT THE SILT FENCE.

SILT FENCE IS AN ECONOMICAL MEANS TO TREAT OVERLAND, NON-CONCENTRATED FLOWS FOR ALL TYPES OF PROJECTS. SILT FENCES ARE USED AS PERIMETER CONTROL DEVICES FOR BOTH SITE DEVELOPERS END LINEAR (ROADWAY) TYPE POJECTS. THEY ARE MOST EFFECTIVE WITH COARSE TO SILTY SOIL TYPES. DUE TO THE POJECTIL OF CLOGGING AND LIMITED EFFECTIVENESS, SILT FENCES SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION IN AREAS THAT HAVE PREDOMINANTLY CLAY SOIL TYPES. IN THIS LATTER INSTANCE A SOILS ENGINEER OR SOIL SCIENTIST SHOULD CONFIRM THE SUITABILITY OF SILT FENCE FOR THAT APPLICATION.

FENCES ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED ALONG A LINE OF CONSTANT ELEVATION (ALONG A CONTOUR LINE) WHERE POSSIBLE.
MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA SHALL BE 0.25 ACRE PER 100 LINEAR FEET OF SILT MAXIMUM FLOW TO ANY 20 FOOT SECTION OF SILT FENCE SHALL BE 1 CFS.

MAXIMUM DISTANCE OF FLOW TO SILT FENCE SHALL BE 200 FEET OR LESS. IF THE
SLOPE EXCEEDS 10 PERCENT THE FLOW DISTANCE SHALL BE LESS THAN 50 FEET.

MAXIMUM SLOPE ADJACENT TO THE FENCE SHALL BE 2:1. IF 50% OR LESS SOIL, BY WEIGHT, PASSES THE U.S. STANDARD SLEEVE NO. 200; IF 50% OR LESS SOIL, BY WEIGHT, PASSES THE U.S. STANDARD SLEEVE NO. 200; SELECT THE APPARENT OPENING SIZE (A.O.S.) TO RETAIN 85% OF THE SOIL. IF 85% OR MORE OF SOIL BY WEIGHT, PASSES THE U.S. STANDARD SLEEVE NO. 200, SLT FENCES SHALL NOT BE USED UNLESS THE SOIL MASS IS EVALUATED AND DEEMED SUITABLE BY A SOIL SCIENTIST OR GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER CONCERNING THE ERODIBUTY OF THE SOIL MASS, DISPERSIVE CHARACTERISTICS, AND THE POTENTIAL GRAIN-SIZE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE MATERIAL THAT IS LIKELY TO BE STONE OVERFLOW STRUCTURES OR OTHER OUTLET CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED AT ALL LOW POINTS ALONG THE FENCE OR SPACED AT APPROXIMATELY 300 FEET IF THERE IS NO APPARENT LOW POINT.

FILTER STONE FOR OVERFLOW STRUCTURE SHALL BE 1-1/2" WASHED STONE CONTAINING NO FINES. ANGULAR SHAPED STONE IS PREFERABLE TO ROUNDED

APPLICATIONS PERIMETER CONTROL SLOPE PROTECTION SEDIMENT TRAPPING CHANNEL PROTECTION TEMPORARY STABILIZATION PERMANENT STABILIZATION

HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES

TARGETED CONSTITUENTS

SEDIMENT

NUTRIENTS TOXIC

FLOATABLE MATERIALS

OTHER CONSTRUCTION

IMPLEMENTATION

REQUIRMENTS

SUITABILITY FOR SLOPES >

LEGEND

SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

MEDIUM IMPACT

LOW IMPACT

INLET PROTECTION - CURB (PRIVATE)

UNKNOWN OR

QUESTIONABLE IMPACT

Fe = 0.75

S-1

OIL & GREASE

CAPITAL COST

MAINTENANCE

TRAINING

WASTES

SILT FENCE FABRIC MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM CRITERIA:
O TENSILE STRENGTH, ASTM D4832 TEST METHOD FOR GRAB BREAKING LOAD AND ELONGATION OF GEOTEXTILES, 90 LBS.
PUNCTURE RATING, ASTM D4833 TEST METHOD FOR INDEX PUNCTURE RESISTANCE OF GEOTEXTILES, GEOMEMBRANES AND RELATED PRODUCTS, 60LBS.
MULLEN BURST RATING, ASTM D3786 STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR HYDRAULIC WASTE MANAGEMENT

SILT FENCE

Bursting Strength of Textile Fabrics— Diaphragm Bursting Strength TESTER METHOD, 280 PSI.

APPARENT OPENING SIZE, ASTM D4751 TEST METHOD FOR DETERMINING APPARENT OPENING SIZE OF A GEOTEXTILE, U.S. SLEEVE NO. 70 (MAX) TO NO.

ULTRAVIOLET RESISTANCE, ASTM D4355. MINIMUM 70 PERCENT.

FENCE POSTS SHALL BE GALVANIZED STEEL AND MAY BE T-SECTION OR L-SECTION, 1.3 POUNDS PER LINEAR FOOT MINIMUM AND 4 FEET IN LENGTH MINIMUM. SILT FENCE SHALL BE SUPPORTED BY GALVANIZED STEEL WIRE FENCE FABRIC AS 4"X4" MESH SIZE, W1.4/1.4, MINIMUM 14-GAUGE WIRE FENCE FABRIC; HOG WIRE, 12 GAUGE WIRE, SMALL OPENINGS INSTALLED AT BOTTOM OF SILT

STANDARD 2" X2' CHAIN LINK FENCE FABRIC; OR OTHER WELDED OR WOVEN STEEL FABRICS CONSISTING OF EQUAL OR SMALLER SPACING AS THAT LISTED HEREIN AND APPROPRIATE GAUGE WIRE TO PROVIDE

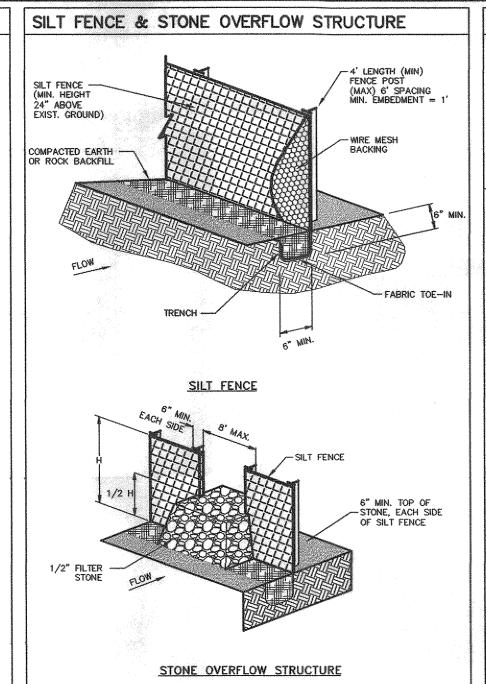
SOFFORT SOFFORT STORE CUT 6 INCHES DEEP AT THE TOE OF THE FENCE TO ALLOW THE FABRIC TO BE LAID BELOW THE SURFACE AND BACKFILLED WITH COMPACTED EARTH OR GRAVEL TO PREVENT BYPASS OF RUNOFF UNDER THE FENCE. FABRIC SHALL OVERLAP AT ABUTTING ENDS A MINIMUM OF 3 FEET AND SHALL BE JOINED SUCH THAT NO LEAKAGE OR BYPASS OCCURS.
SUFFICIENT ROOM FOR THE OPERATION OF SEDIMENT REMOVAL EQUIPMENT SHALL BE PROVIDED BETWEEN THE SILT FENCE AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS IN ORDER TO PROPERLY MAINTAIN THE FENCE.

MINOR PONDING WILL LIKELY OCCUR AT THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE SILT FENCE, WHICH COULD RESULT IN MINOR LOCALIZED FLOODING. SILT FENCES ARE NOT INTENDED FOR USE AS CHECK DAMS IN SWALES OR LOW AREAS SUBJECT TO CONCENTRATED FLOW. SILT FENCES SHALL NOT BE USED WHERE SOIL CONDITIONS PREVENT A MINIMUM TOE-IN DEPTH OF 6 INCHES OR INSTALLATION OF SUPPORT POSTS TO A DEPTH OF 12 INCHES. SILT FENCE CAN INTERFERE WITH CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS; THEREFORE PLANNING OF ACCESS ROUTES ONTO THE SITE IS CRITICAL SILT FENCE CAN FALL STRUCTURALLY UNDER HEAVY STORM FLOWS, CREATING MAINTENANCE PROBLEMS AND REDUCING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE SYSTEM.

THE ENDS OF THE FENCE SHALL BE TURNED UPSTREAM TO PREVENT BYPASS OF

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS SILT FENCE SHOULD BE INSPECTED REGULARLY (AT LEAST AS OFTEN AS REQUIRED BY THE TPDES CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT, APPENDIX A) FOR BUILDUP OF EXCESS SEDIMENT, UNDERCUTTING, SAGS, AND OTHER FAILURES. SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES APPROXIMATELY ONE HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE FENCE. IN ADDITION, DETERMINE THE SOURCE OF EXCESS SEDIMENT AND IMPLEMENT APPROPRIATE BMPS TO CONTROL THE EROSION. IF THE FABRIC BECOMES DAMAGED OR CLOGGED, IT SHOULD BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED AS NECESSARY

SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THIS ITEM MAY BE FOUND IN THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION—NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS, SECTION 201.5 SILT FENCE.



INLET PROTECTION SEDIMENT PONDING -

SEDIMENT TRAPPING CHANNEL PROTECTION TEMPORARY STABILIZATION PERMANENT STABILIZATION AREA (1' MIN, 2' MAX HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES CROSS SECTION TARGETED CONSTITUENTS

INLET PROTECTION CONSISTS OF A VARIETY OF METHODS OF INTERCEPTING SEDIMENT AT LOW POINT INLETS THROUGH THE USE OF STONE, FILTER FABRIC, INLET INSERTS AND OTHER MATERIALS. THIS IS NORMALLY LOCATED AT THE INLET, PROVIDING EITHER DETENTION OR FILTRATION TO REDUCE SEDIMENT AND FLOATABLE MATERIALS IN STORM

INLET PROTECTION SHOULD BE CONSIDERED A SECONDARY DEFENSE IN SITE EROSION CONTROL DUE TO THE LIMITED EFFECTIVENESS AND APPLICABILITY OF THE TECHNIQUE. IT IS NORMALLY USED IN NEW DEVELOPMENTS THAT INCLUDE NEW INLETS OR ROADS WITH NEW CURB INLETS OR DURING MAJOR REPAIRS TO EXISTING ROADWAYS.

INLET PROTECTION HAS LIMITED USE IN DEVELOPED AREAS DUE TO THE POTENTIAL FOR FLOODING, TRAFFIC SAFETY, PEDESTRIAN SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE PROBLEMS. INLET PROTECTION CAN REDUCE SEDIMENT IN STORM SEWER SYSTEMS BY SERVING AS A BACK UP SYSTEM TO ONSITE CONTROLS OR BY REDUCING SEDIMENT LOADS FROM CONTROLS APPLICATIONS

DIFFERENT INLET PROTECTION VARIATIONS ARE USED FOR DIFFERENT CONDITIONS AS FOLLOWS: FILTER BARRIER PROTECTION (SIMILAR TO A SILT FENCE BARRIER AROUND THE INLET) IS APPROPRIATE WHEN THE DRAINAGE AREA IS LESS THAN ONE ACRE AND THE BASIN SLOPE IS LESS THAN FIVE (5) PERCENT. THIS TYPE OF PROTECTION IS NOT APPLICABLE IN PAVED AREAS.

BLOCK AND GRAVEL (CRUSHED STONE, RECYCLED CONCRETE IS ALSO APPROPRIATE)
PROTECTION IS USED WHEN FLOWS EXCEED 0.5 C.F.S. AND IT IS NECESSARY TO
ALLOW FOR OVERTOPPING TO PREVENT FLOODING,
EXCAVATED IMPOUNDMENT PROTECTION AROUND A DROP INTEL MAY BE USED FOR PROTECTION AGAINST SEDIMENT ENTERING A STORM DRAIN SYSTEM. WITH THIS METHOD, IT IS NECESSARY TO INSTALL WEEP HOLES TO ALLOW THE IMPOUNDMENT TO DRAIN COMPLETELY. THE IMPOUNDMENT SHALL BE SIZED SUCH THAT THE VOLUME OF EXCAVATION SHALL BE EQUAL TO 1800 TO 3600 CUBIC FEET PER ACRE OF DISTURBED AREA ENTERING THE INLET FOR FULL EFFECTIVENESS.

DESIGN CRITERIA SPECIAL CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED WHEN INSTALLING INLET PROTECTION ON PUBLICLY TRAVELED STREETS OR IN DEVELOPED AREAS. ENSURE THAT INLET PROTECTION IS PROPERLY DESIGNED, INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED TO AVOID FLOODING OF THE ROADWAY OR ADJACENT PROPERTIES AND STRUCTURES. FILTER FABRIC PROTECTION SHALL BE DESIGNED AND MAINTAINED IN A MANNER SMILAR TO SILT FENCE.
WHERE APPLICABLE, FILTER FABRIC, POSTS, AND WRE BACKING SHALL MEET THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN BMP FACT SHEET S-1, SILT FENCE.

FILTER GRAVEL SHALL BE 3/4 INCH (BLOCK AND GRAVEL PROTECTION) OR 1-1/2 TO 2 INCH (EXCAVATED IMPOUNDMENT PROTECTION) WASHED STONE CONTAINING NO FINES. ANGULAR SHAPED STONE IS PREFERABLE TO ROUNDED SHAPES. CONCRETE BLOCKS SHALL BE STANDARD 8" X 8" X 16" CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS MAXIMUM DEPTH OF FLOW SHALL BE EIGHT (8) INCHES OR LESS.

INLET PROTECTION **APPLICATIONS** PERIMETER CONTROL SLOPE PROTECTION

WASTE MANAGEMENT

SEDIMENT

MATERIALS

OIL & GREASE

CAPITAL COST

MAINTENANCE

O TRAINING

NUTRIENTS TOXIC

FLOATABLE MATERIALS

OTHER CONSTRUCTION

IMPLEMENTATION

REQUIRMENTS

SUITABILITY FOR SLOPES >

LEGEND

QUESTIONABLE IMPACT

VARIES

S-4

SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

■ MEDIUM IMPACT

O LOW IMPACT

POSITIVE DRAINAGE IS CRITICAL IN THE DESIGN OF INLET PROTECTION. IF OVERFLOW IS NOT PROVIDED FOR AT THE INLET, EXCESS FLOWS SHALL BE ROUTED THROUGH ESTABLISHED SWALES, STREETS, OR OTHER WATERCOURSES TO MINIMIZE DAMAGE DUE TO FLOODING. FILTER BARRIER PROTECTION SILT FENCE SHALL CONSIST OF NYLON GEOTEXTILE SUPPORTED BY WIRE MESH, W1.4

SILT FENCE SHALL CONSIST OF NYLON GEOTEXTILE SUPPORTED BY WIRE MESH, W1.4 X W1.4, AND GALVANIZED STEEL POSTS SET A MINIMUM OF 1 FOOT DEPTH AND SPACED NOT MORE THAN 6 FEET ON CENTER. A 6 INCH WIDE TRENCH IS TO BE CUT 6 INCHES DEEP AT THE TOE OF THE FENCE TO ALLOW THE FABRIC TO BE LAID BELOW THE SURFACE AND BACKFILLED WITH COMPACTED EARTH OR GRAVEL. THIS ENTRENCHMENT PREVENTS ANY BYPASS OF RUNOFF UNDER THE FENCE.

BLOCK AND GRAVEL PROTECTION (CURB AND DROP INLETS)
CONCRETE BLOCKS ARE TO BE PLACED ON THEIR SIDES IN A SINGLE ROW AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE INLET, WITH ENDS ABUTTING, OPENINGS IN THE BLOCKS

SHOULD FACE OUTWARD, NOT UPWARD. 1/2 X1/2" WLRE MESH SHALL THEN BE PLACED OVER THE OUTSIDE FACE OF THE BLOCKS COVERING THE HOLES. FILTER STONE SHALL THEN BE PILIED AGAINST THE WIRE MESH TO THE TOP OF THE BLOCKS WITH THE BASE OF THE STONES BEING A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES FROM THE BLOCK. ALTERNATIVELY WHERE LOOSE STONE IS A CONCERN (STREETS, ETC.). THE FILTER STONE MAY BE PLACED IN APPROPRIATELY SIZED GEOTEXTILE FABRIC BAGS. PERIODICALLY, WHEN THE STONE FILTER BECOMES CLOGGED, THE STONE MUST BE REMOVED AND CLEANED IN A PROPER MANNER OR REPLACED WITH NEW STONE AND PILED BACK AGAINST THE WIRE MESH.

PILED BACK AGAINST THE WIRE MESH.

EXCAVATED IMPOUNDMENT PROTECTION

AN EXCAVATED IMPOUNDMENT SHALL BE SIZED TO PROVIDE A STORAGE VOLUME OF
BETWEEN 1800 AND 3600 CUBIC FEET PER ACRE OF DISTURBED AREA. THE TRAP
SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DEPTH OF ONE FOOT AND A MAXIMUM DEPTH OF 2 FEET AS
MEASURED FROM THE TOP OF THE INLET AND SHALL HAVE SIDESLOPES OF 2:1 OR
FLATTER. WEEP HOLES ARE TO BE INSTALLED IN THE INLET WALLS TO ALLOW FOR
THE COMPLETE DEWATERING OF THE TRAP. WHEN THE ISTORAGE CAPACITY OF THE IMPOUNDMENT HAS BEEN REDUCED BY ONE-HALF, THE SILT SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED IN A PROPER MANNER.

INLET INSERTS ARE COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE TO REMOVE SEDIMENT, CONSTITUENTS (POLLUTANTS) ABSORED TO SEDIMENT, AND OIL AND GREASE, MAINTENANCE IS REQUIRED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS THAT COULD CLOG THE FILTERS. INLET INSERTS MUST HAVE A BYPASS FUNCTION TO PREVENT FLOODING FROM CLOGGING OR

SPECIAL CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED WHEN INSTALLING INLET PROTECTION ON PUBLICLY TRAVELED STREETS OR IN DEVELOPED AREAS. ENSURE THAT INLET PROTECTION IS PROPERLY DESIGNED, INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED TO AVOID FLOODING OF THE ROADWAY

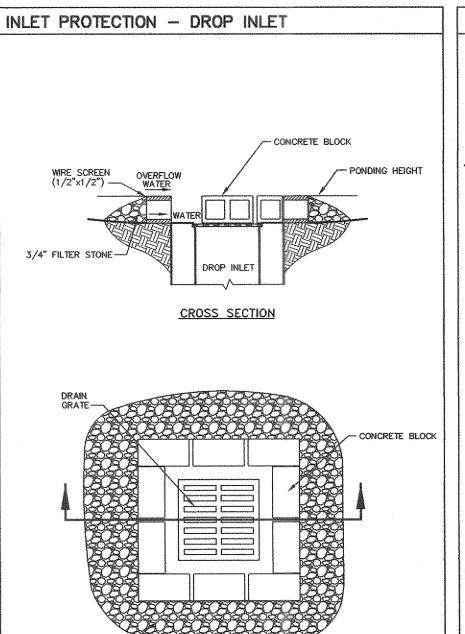
INLET PROTECTION IS ONLY VIABLE AT LOW POINT INLETS. INLETS THAT ARE ON A SLOPE CANNOT BE EFFECTIVELY PROTECTED BECAUSE STORM WATER WILL BYPASS THE INLET AND CONTINUE DOWNSTREAM, CAUSING AN OVERLOAD CONDITION AT INLETS DOWNSTREAM. MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

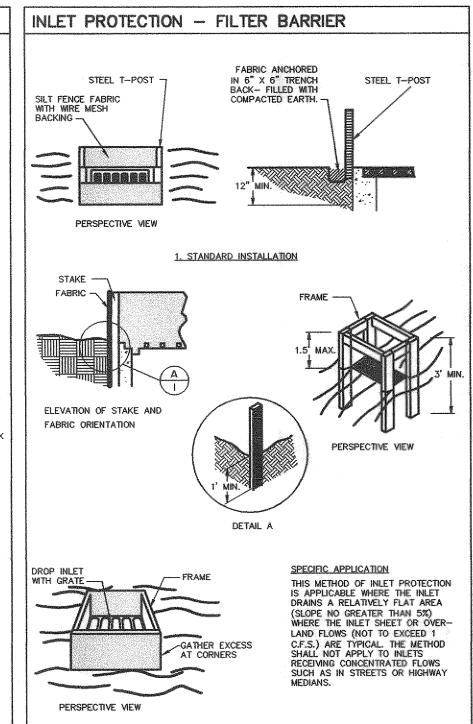
INLET PROTECTION SHOULD BE INSPECTED REGULARLY (AT LEAST AS OFTEN AS REQUIRED

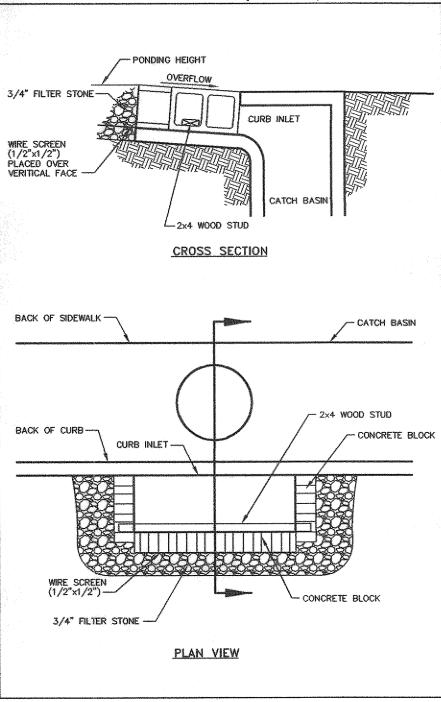
BY THE TPDES CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT, APPENDIX A). WHEN SILT FENCE IS USED END THE FABRIC BECOMES CLOGGED, IT SHOULD BE CLEANED OR, IF NECESSARY, REPLACED. ALSO, SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES APPROXIMATELY ONE—HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE INLET PROTECTION DEVICE. IF A SUMP IS USED, SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN THE VOLUME OF THE BASIN IS REDUCED BY 50%. FOR SYSTEMS USING FILTER STONE, WHEN THE FILTER STONE BECOMES CLOGGED WITH SEDIMENT, THE STONES MUST BE PULLED AWAY FROM THE INLET AND CLEANED OR REPLACED. SINCE CLEANING OF STONE AT A CONSTRUCTION SITE MAY BE DIFFICULT, AN ALTERNATIVE APPROACH WOULD BE TO USE THE CLOGGED STONE AS FILL MATERIAL AND

SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THIS ITEM MAY BE FOUND IN THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION—NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS, SECTION 201.15 INLET PROTECTION.

PUT NEW STONE AROUND THE INLET







SLOPE PROTECTION

SEDIMENT TRAPPING

CHANNEL PROTECTION

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

WASTE MANAGEMENT

HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES

TARGETED CONSTITUENTS

SEDIMENT

NUTRIENTS TOXIC

O FLOATABLE MATERIALS

O OTHER CONSTRUCTION

IMPLEMENTATION

REQUIRMENTS

O SUITABILITY FOR SLOPES >

LEGEND

Fe = N/A

S-9

SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

■ MEDIUM IMPACT

UNKNOWN OR

LOW IMPACT

O OIL & GREASE

WASTES

CAPITAL COST

■ MAINTENANCE

O TRAINING

VEGETATION PROVIDE 4-8 INCHES OF TOPSOIL OVER ROCK, GRAVEL OR OTHERWISE UNSUITABLE SOILS, POOR QUALITY TOPSOIL SHOULD BE AMENDED WITH COMPOST BEFORE APPLYING SEED OR SOD. AMENDMENT SHOULD BE THREE PARTS OF TOPSOIL TO ONE PART COMPOST BY VOLUME THOROUGHLY BLENDED. SEED BED SHOULD BE WELL PULVERIZED, LOOSE AND UNIFORM. PLANT SELECTION, FERTILIZATION AND SEEDING USE ONLY HIGH QUALITY, USDA CERTIFIED SEED. USE AN APPROPRIATE SPECIES OR SPECIES MIXTURE ADAPTED TO LOCAL CLIMATE, SOIL CONDITIONS AND SEASON AS SHOWN BELOW, OR CONSULT WITH THE LOCAL OFFICE OF THE NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION SERVICE (NRCS) OR ENGINEE EXTENSION SERVICE AS NECESSARY FOR SELECTION OF PROPER SPECIES AND APPLICATION TECHNIQUE IN THIS AREA. SEEDING RATE SHOULD BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TABLE BELOW OR AS RECOMMENDED BY THE NRCS OR ENGINEERING EXTENSION SERVICE. FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION WITH PROPER SPREADER EQUIPMENT. TYPICAL APPLICATION RATE FOR 10-10-10 GRADE FERTILIZER IS 10 LBS, PER 1,000 FT^2. IF HYDRO-SEEDING IS USED, DO NOT MIX SEED AND FERTILIZER MORE THAN 30 EVENLY APPLY SEED USING CYCLONE SEEDER, SEED DRILL, CULLPACKER, TERRASEEDING OR HYDROSEEDER. PROVIDE ADEQUATE WATER TO AID IN ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION.

USE APPROPRIATE MULCHING TECHNIQUES WHERE NECESSARY, ESPECIALLY DURING COLD PERIODS OF THE YEAR. SOD SHALL BE ST. AUGUSTINE GRASS, COMMON BERMUDAGRASS, BUFFALO GRASS, AN APPROVED HYBRID OF COMMON BERMUDAGRASS OR AN APPROVED ZOYSLAGRASS.

THE SOD SHOULD BE MOWED PRIOR TO SOD CUTTING SO THAT THE HEIGHT OF THE GRASS SHALL NOT EXCEED 2—INCHES AND SHOULD NOT BE HARVESTED OR PLANTED WHEN ITS MOISTURE CONDITION IS SO EXCESSIVELY WET OR DRY THAT IT'S SURVIVAL

SHALL BE AFFECTED.
SOD SHALL BE PLANTED WITHIN 3 DAYS AFTER IT IS EXCAVATED. IN AREAS SUBJECT TO DIRECT SUNLIGHT, PRE-MOISTEN PREPARED SOD BED BY WATERING IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO PLACING SOD. SODDED AREAS SHALL BE THOROUGHLY WATERED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THEY ARE PLANTED.

ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE ESTABLISHING A GOOD VEGETATIVE COVER IS DEPENDENT OF THE SEASON OF THE YEAR PROJECTS THAT COMMENCE IN THE FALL OF THE YEAR MAY NOT BE CANDIDATES FOR VEGETATION USED AS A BMP. WHERE VEGETATION IS USED IN SWALES AND CHANNELS IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO USED SOD, RATHER THAN SEEDING, TO ESTABLISH AN EROSION RESISTANT SURFACE TO ACCOMMODATE RAINFALL RUNOFF FLOWS. WHERE VEGETATION IS USED FOR PERIMETER CONTROL, THE USE OF SOD IS
NECESSARY FOR A FIFTEEN-FOOT WIDTH.

MULCH SHOULD BE USED TO ENHANCE VEGETATIVE GROWTH, IN THAT MULCH PROTECTS SEEDS FROM HEAT, PREVENTS SOIL MOSTURE LOSS, AND PROVIDE EROSION PROTECTION UNTIL THE VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED. FERTILIZERS HAVE BOTH BENEFICIAL AND ADVERSE EFFECTS. FERTILIZERS PROVIDE NUTRIENTS TO THE VEGETATION, BUT ALSO FERTILIZERS ARE A SOURCE OF NUTRIENTS TO STREAMS AND LAKES, IN THIS LATTER REGARD THEY ARE A POLLUTANT. THE USE OF NATIVE VEGETATION RATHER THAN EXOTICS REDUCES THE NEED OF FERTILIZER, ORGANIC FERTILIZERS ARE GENERALLY PREFERRED OVER CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS FROM THE STANDPOINT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

STEEP SLOPES REPRESENT A PROBLEM FOR ESTABLISHING VEGETATION. BONDE

FIBER MATRIX OR MECHANICALLY BONDED FIBER MATRIX PRODUCTS APPLIED WITH A TACKIFIER ARE USEFUL FOR ESTABLISHING VEGETATION ON SLOPES. THE TABLE ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE LISTS RECOMMENDED PLANT SPECIES FOR THE NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS REGION DEPENDING ON THE SEASON FOR PLANTING.

VEGETATION

RECOMMENDED GRASS MIXTURE FOR TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL:

SEASON	COMMON NAME	RATE (LBS/ACRE)
AUG 15-NOV 30	TALL FESCUE WESTERN WHEAT GRASS WHEAT (RED, WINTER)	4.0 5.0 30.0
MAY 1-AUG 31	FOXTAIL MILLET	30.0
FEB 15-MAY 31	ANNUAL RYE	20.0

PERMANENT VEGETATION GRASS SEED FOR PERMANENT VEGETATION CAN BE SOWN AT THE SAME TIME AS SEEDING FOR TEMPORARY (ANNUAL) VECETATION. DROUGHT TOLERANT NATIVE VECETATION IS RECOMMENDED RATHER THAN EXOTICS AS A LONG-TERM WATER CONSERVATION MEASURE. NATIVE GRASSES CAN BE PLANTED AS SEED OR PLACED AS SOD. BUFFALOE 609, FOR EXAMPLE, IS A HYBRID GRASS THAT IS PLACED AS SOD. FERTILIZERS ARE NOT NORMALLY USED TO ESTABLISH NATIVE GRASSES, BUT MULCHING IS EFFECTIVE IN RETAINING SOIL MOISTURE FOR THE NATIVE PLANTS

RECOMMENDED NATIVE GRASSES FOR PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL:

GRASS		RATE
BUFFALOE GRASS	FULL TURF APPLICATION	3-4 lbs./1000 sqft.
BLUE GRAMA	FULL TURF APPLICATION	2 lbs./1000 sqft.
SIDE OATS GRAMA	APPLIED WITH OTHER NATIVE SEED	1/4 lb./1000 sqft.

LIMITATIONS VEGETATION IS NOT APPROPRIATE FOR AREAS SUBJECTED TO HEAVY PEDESTRIAN OR VEHICULAR TRAFFIC. AS A TEMPORARY TECHNIQUE, VEGETATION MAY BE COSTLY WHEN COMPARED TO OTHER TECHNIQUES. VEGETATION MAY REQUIRE A PERIOD OF DAYS TO WEEKS BEFORE BECOMING ESTABLISHED. LACK OF WATER AND LACK OF OR IMPROPER USE OF SOIL AMENDMENTS (COMPOST, FERTILIZER, ETC.) WILL USUALLY RESULT IN POOR TURF FSTABLISHMENT, ALTERNATE EROSION CONTROL (E.G. MULCHING, SODDING VEGETATIVE STRIPS, ETC.) SHOULD BE USED UNTIL VEGETATION CAN BE ESTABLISHED.

VEGETATION IS NOT APPROPRIATE FOR ROCK, GRAVEL OR COARSE GRAINED SOILS UNLESS 4 TO 6 INCHES OF TOPSOIL IS APPLIED. MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

PROTECT NEWLY SEEDED AREAS FROM EXCESSIVE RUNOFF AND TRAFFIC UNTIL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED. A WATERING AND FERTILIZING SCHEDULE WILL BE REQUIRED AS PART OF THE SWPPP TO ASSIST IN THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE VEGETATION. VEGETATION SHOULD BE INSPECTED REGULARLY (AT LEAST AS OFTEN AS REQUIRED BY THE TPDES CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT, APPENDIX A) TO ENSURE THAT THE PLANT MATERIAL IS STABLISHED PROPERLY AND REMAINS HEALTHY. BARE SPOTS SHALL BE RESEEDED AND/OR PROTECTED FROM EROSION BY MATCH OR OTHER BMP, ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT DEPOSITED BY RUNOFF SHOULD BE REMOVED TO PREVENT SMOTHERING OF THE VEGETATION. IN ADDITION, DETERMINE THE SOURCE OF EXCESS SEDIMENT AND IMPLEMENT APPROPRIATE BMPS TO CONTROL THE EROSION.

MULCHING

MULCHING IS THE APPLICATION OF A LAYER OF CHOPPED STRAW, HAY, CHIPPED SITE VEGETATION, OR OTHER MATERIAL, WHICH IS SPREAD UNIFORMILY OVER BARREN AREAS TO REDUCE THE EFFECTS OF EROSION FROM RAINFALL. TYPES OF MULCH INCLUDE ORGANIC MATERIALS (E.G. COMPOST MIXTURES), STRAW, WOOD CHIPS, BARK, OR OTHER FIBERS.
ANOTHER FROM OF MULCH, WHICH HAS BEEN COMMERCIALIZED, USES STRAW OR OTHER
MATERIAL WITH ORGANIC AND INORGANIC BINDING SYSTEMS WHICH ARE TYPICALLY SPRAYED
OVER THE CONTROL AREA. SOME OF THESE PRODUCTS MAY BE VERY EFFECTIVE ON STEEPER
SLOPES WHERE THERE IS NO VEHICULAR OR FOOT TRAFFIC TO DISRUPT THE APPLICATION UNTIL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED, MULCH SHOULD NOT CONTAIN CHIPPED MANUFACTURED BOARDS OR CHEMICALLY TREATED WOOD SUCH AS PARTICLEBOARD, RAILROAD TIES OR SIMILAR TREATED WOOD, HAY SHOULD NOT BE USED AS A REPLACEMENT FOR STRAW UNLESS IT CAN BE DETERMINED THAT IT IS WEED AND SEED FREE.

MULCH IS USED TO TEMPORARILY AND/OR PERMANENTLY STABILIZE BARE OR FRESHLY SEEDED AREAS. IT PROTECTS THE SOIL FROM EROSION AND MOISTURE LOSS BY LESSENING THE EFFECTS OF WIND, WATER AND SUNLIGHT. IT ALSO DECREASES THE VELOCITY OF SHEET FLOW, THEREBY REDUCING THE VOLUME OF SEDIMENT-LADEN WATER FLOW LEAVING THE MULCHED

MULCH MAY BE USED ON MOST CONSTRUCTION—RELATED DISTURBED AREAS FOR SURFACE PROTECTION INCLUDING: OTECTION INCLUDING: • FRESHLY SEEDED OR PLANTED AREAS. • AREAS AT RISK DUE TO THE TIME PERIOD BEING UNSUITABLE FOR GROWING

AREAS THAT ARE NOT CONDUSIVE TO SEEDING OR PLANTING. STEEP SLOPES (E.G. >3H:1V), PROVIDED THE MULCH IS ANCHORED TO THE SOIL BY USE OF A COMBINATION OF TACKIFIERS AND NETTING, OR CRIMPING.

MULCH MAY BE USED BY ITSELF OR IN COMBINATION WITH NETTING OTHER ANCHORS TO PROMOTE SOIL STABILIZATION.

CHOICE OF MULCH DEPENDS LARGELY ON SLOPE, CLIMATE, AND SOIL TYPE IN ADDITION MULCH SHOULD BE APPLIED IN AN EVEN AND UNIFORM MANNER WHERE CONCENTRATED WATER FLOW IS NEGLIGIBLE

THE APPLICATION OF STRAW MULCH SHOULD BE APPROXIMATELY 2 TONS DRY STRAW PER ACRE SPREAD UNIFORMLY ACROSS THE AREA. OTHER FORMS OF MULCH, SUCH AS WOOD CHIPS OR CHOPPED SITE VEGETATION SHOULD BE PLACED IN THICKNESS OF TWO—INCHES OR GREATER OVER THE AREA. UK GREATER UVER THE AREA.

STRAW MULCH SHOULD BE ANCHORED BY APPLICATION OF A FIBER MULCH BINDER, BY THE APPLICATION OF A SYNTHETIC LIQUID MULCH BINDER, BY USING A TRACTOR DRAWN CRIMPER TO PUNCH INTO THE SOIL, OR BY PLACING A NETTING ABOVE THE MULCH STAPLED TO THE GROUND AS REQUIRED.

MULCH HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED WITH TACKIFIERS AND BINDING AGENTS IS COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE AS A BONDED FIBER MATRIX (BFM) WHICH MAY BE PARTICULARLY EFFECTIVE ON SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2.5:1.
WOOD CHIPS ARE SUITABLE FOR AREAS THAT WILL NOT REQUIRE MOUNTING FREQUENTLY AND ARE HEAVY ENOUGH THAT THEY DO NOT REQUIRE ANCHORING. THEY DO, HOWEVER, DEPLETE NITROGEN FROM THE SOIL, WHICH IS A NECESSARY NUTRIENT FOR ALL PLANTS.

TO ALLEVIATE THIS CONDITION, WOOD CHIPS MUST BE TREATED WITH 12 POUNDS OF AMMONIUM NITRATE PER TON OF MULCH USED.

BARK CHIPS ARE POPULAR FOR ORNAMENTAL APPLICATIONS, AS THEY DO NOT REQUIRE ANCHORING, DO NOT DECOMPOSE VERY RAPIDLY AND SERVE AS AN EXCELLENT INSULATION MATERIAL. WHEN USING BARK CHIPS, IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO TREAT FOR

WASTE MANAGEMENT HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES ARGETED CONSTITUENTS SEDIMENT NUTRIENTS TOXIC MATERIALS

> O OIL & GREASE D FLOATABLE MATERIALS OTHER CONSTRUCTION

APPLICATIONS

PERIMETER CONTROL

SEDIMENT TRAPPING

CHANNEL PROTECTION

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

SLOPE PROTECTION

IMPLEMENTATION REQUIRMENTS CAPITAL COST

 ■ MAINTENANCE O TRAINING O SUITABILITY FOR SLOPES >

LEGEND SIGNIFICANT IMPACT MEDIUM IMPACT LOW IMPACT UNKNOWN OR

OUESTIONABLE IMPACT Fe = 0.9E-5

MULCHING

3/4" FILTER STONE -

COMPOST AND WOOD MULCH MIXTURES SHOULD BE A BLEND OF 50% UNTREATED WOOD MULCH WITH 50% COMPOST MEASURED BY VOLUME. WOOD MULCH SHOULD BE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 5 IN. IN LENGTH WITH 95% PASSING A 2 IN. SCREEN AND LESS THAN 30% PASSING A 1 IN. SCREEN. THE COMPOST SHALL MEET THE PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN TABLE 1 OF TXDOT SPECIAL SPECIFICATION 1058, COMPOST, WHICH CAN BE FOUND IN APPENDIX F. PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY MULCH, THE AREA TO BE PROTECTED MUST BE GRADED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLANS. FERTILIZATION AND SOIL TREATMENT SHOULD THEN BE DONE PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF MULCH WITH THE EXCEPTIONS OF WHEN SEED IS TO APPLIED BY MEANS OF HYDRO-SEED OR WHEN SEED IS DISTRIBUTED FOLLOWING STRAW MULCH SPREADING

ORGANIC MULCHES MAY BE DISTRIBUTED BY HAND OR BY MECHANICAL MEANS, BUT TO BE EFFECTIVE A COMPLETE COVERING

REFER TO THE TABLE ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE.

PLAN VIEW

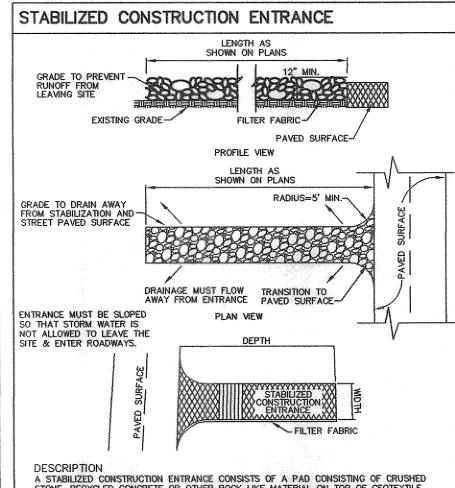
MULCHES ARE SUBJECT TO REMOVAL BY WIND OR WATER UNDER SEVERE CLIMATIC CONDITIONS.

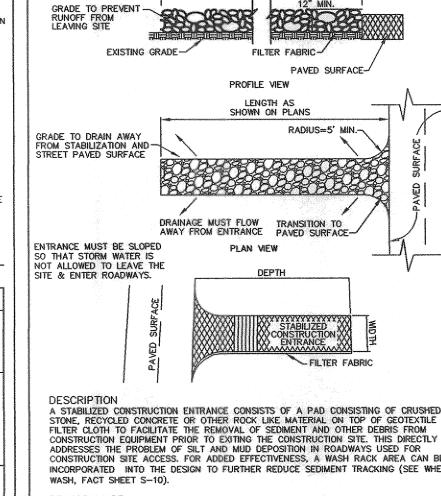
MULCHES LOWER THE SOIL TEMPERATURE, WHICH MAY RESULT IN LONGER SEED GERMINATION PERIODS. MULCH SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED WITHIN THE ORDINARY HIGH-WATER MARK OF SURFACE WATERS, AS IT CAN BE A POTENTIAL FLOATATION MATERIAL.

MULCHED AREAS SHOULD BE INSPECTED REGULARLY (AT LEAST AS OFTEN AS REQUIRED BY THE TPDES CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT, APPENDIX A) FOR THIN OR BARE SPOTS CAUSED BY NATURAL DECOMPOSTION OR WEATHER RELATED EVENTS. MULCH IN HIGH TRAFFIC AREAS SHOULD BE REPLACED ON A REGULAR BASIS TO MAINTAIN UNIFORM PROTECTION. EXCESS MULCH SHOULD BE BROUGHT TO THE SITE AND STOCKPILED FOR USE DURING THE MAINTENANCE PERIOD TO DRESS PROBLEM SPOT

SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THIS ITEM MAY BE FOUND IN THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION—NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS, SECTION 201.17 MULCHING.

MULCH STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES						
MULCH MATERIAL	QUALITY STANDARDS	APPLICATION RATES	REMARKS			
STRAW	AIR-DRIED, FREE FROM UNDESIRABLE SEED AND FROM COARSE MATERIAL.	2"-3" THICK, APPROX. 2 TONS PER ACRE.	COST-EFFECTIVE WHEN APPLIED WITH ADEQUATE THICKNESS. HAY CAN BE USED IF WEED AND SEED FREE. IN WINDY AREAS AND STEEP SLOPES, STRAW MUST BE HELD IN PLACE BY CRIMPING, USING A TACKIFIER, OR COVERING WITH NETTING.			
CHIPPED SITE VEGITATION	SHOULD INCLUDE GRADATION FROM FINE TO COURSE TO PROMOTE INTERLOCKING PROPERTIES. MAXIMUM SIZE 6 INCHES IN LENGTH.	2"MINIMUM THICKNESS OVER AREA; APPROX 10 TONS PER ACRE.	COST-EFFECTIVE MANNER OF DISPOSING OF VEGETATIVE DEBRIS FROM SITE. DO NOT PLACE IN AREAS SUBJECT TO FLOODING. DECOMPOSITION OF CHIPPED VEGETATION COMPLETES WITH NUTRIENTS IMPORTANT TO SUBSEQUENT GRASS ESTABLISHMENT. MULCH MUST BE FREE OF WASTE MATERIALS SUCH AS PLASTIC BAG, METAL DEBRIS, ETC.			
WOOD MULCH AND COMPOST MIXTURE	COMPOST SHALL MEET THE PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS (TABLE 1) OF APPENDIX F.	2"MINIMUM THICKNESS OVER AREA; APPROX 10 TONS PER ACRE.	SPECIAL CAUTION IS ADVISED REGARDING THE SOURCE AND COMPOSITION OF WOOD MULCHES. DETERMINE WHETHER THE PREPARATION INCLUDES WEED AND SEED CONTROL. WOOD MULCHES ARE AN EXCELLENT SOIL AMENDMENT, ULTIMATELY IMPROVING THE ORGANIC CONTENT FOR THE SOIL.			
HYDROMULCH	NO GROWTH INHIBITING FACTORS.	APPROX. 25-30 LBS PER 1000 SF OR 1500-2000 LBS PER ACRE.	APPLY WITH A HYDROMULCHER. FIBERS SHOULD BE KEPT TO LESS THAN 3/4 INCH TO PREVENT CLOGGING EQUIPMENT. BEST USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH SEED AT TIME OF APPLICATION.			
BONDED FIBER MATRIX	HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED MULCH WITH TACKIFIERS AND BINDING AGENTS.	FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS. (TYPICALLY 3000 LBS.	BONDED FIBER MATRIX MAY BE PARTICULARY EFFECTIVE ON SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2.5:1.			





ADDRESSES THE PROBLEM OF SILT AND MUD DEPOSITION IN ROADWAYS USED FOR CONSTRUCTION SITE ACCESS. FOR ADDED EFFECTIVENESS, A WASH RACK AREA CAN BE INCORPORATED INTO THE DESIGN TO FURTHER REDUCE SEDIMENT TRACKING (SEE WHEEL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES ARE USED PRIMARILY FOR SITES IN WHICH SIGNIFICANT TRUCK TRAFFIC OCCURS ON A DAILY BASIS. IT REDUCES THE NEED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM STREETS. IF PROPERLY USED, IT ALSO THE MAJORITY OF TRAFFIC TO A SINGLE LOCATION, REDUCING THE NUMBER AND QUANTITY OF DISTURBED AND AND ADDITIONAL SECOND OF STREETS.

AREAS ON THE SITE AND PROVIDING PROTECTION FOR OTHER STRUCTURAL CONTROLS THROUGH TRAFFIC CONTROL.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES ARE A REQUIRED PART OF THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN FOR ALL SITE DEVELOPMENTS LARGER THAN ONE ACRE AND A RECOMMENDED PRACTICE FOR ALL CONSTRUCTION SITES. IF POSSIBLE, CONTROLLED ENTRANCES SHOULD BE INCORPORATED INTO SMALL LOT CONSTRUCTION DUE TO THE LARGE PERCENTAGE OF DISTURBED AREA ON THE SITE AND HIGH POTENTIAL FOR OFFSITE TRACKING OF SILT AND

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE **APPLICATIONS** PERIMETER CONTROL

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED SUCH THAT DRAINAGE ACROSS THE ENTRANCE IS DIRECTED TO A CONTROLLED, STABILIZED OUTLET ON SITE WITH PROVISIONS FOR STORAGE, PROPER FILTRATION, AND THE ENTRANCE MUST BE SLOPED AWAY FROM THE PAVED SURFACE SO THAT STORM

WATER IS NOT ALLOWED TO LEAVE THE SITE ONTO ROADWAYS.
MINIMUM WIDTH OF ENTRANCE SHALL BE 15 FEET. STONE SHALL BE PLACED IN A LAYER OF AT LEAST 12-INCHES THICKNESS. THE USE OF CRUSHED CONCRETE IS PROHIBITED. PREVENT SHORTCUTTING OF THE FULL LENGTH OF THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE BY INSTALLING BARRIERS AS NECESSARY.
THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM CRITERIA:

TENSILE STRENGTH, ASTM D4632 TEST METHOD FOR GRAB BREAKING LOAD AND ELONGATION OF GEOTEXTILES, 300—LBS.
PUNCTURE STRENGTH, ASTM D4833 TEST METHOD FOR INDEX PUNCTURE RESISTANCE OF GEOTETILES, GEOMEMBRANES AND RELATED PRODUCTS, 120-

MULEN BURST RATING, ASTM D3786 STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR HYDRAULIC BURSTING STRENGTH OF TEXTILE FABRICS—DIAPHRAGM BURSTING STRENGTH TESTER METHOD, 600—P.S.I. APPARENT OPENING SIZE, ASTM D4751 TEST FOR DETERMINING APPARENT OPENING SIZE OF A GEOTEXTILE, U.S. SIEVE No. 40(MAX). WHEN NECESSARY, VEHICLES MUST BE CLEANED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO PAVED ROADS, STREETS, OR PARKING LOTS. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE ON A CONSTRUCTED WHEEL WASH FACILITY THAT DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT BASIN OR OTHER

SEDIMENTATION/FILLTRATION DEVICE.
MINIMUM DIMENSIONS FOR THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

	_		
TRACT AREA	AVG. TRACT. DEPTH	MIN. WIDTH OF ENTRANCE	MIN. DEPTH OF ENTRANCE
< 1 ACRE	100 FEET	15 FEET	20 FEET
< 5 ACRES	200 FEET	20 FEET	50 FEET
> 5 ACRES	> 200 FEET	25 FEET	75-100 FEET

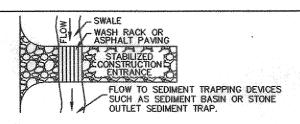
SELECTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE LOCATION IS CRITICAL. TO BE EFFECTIVE, IT STABILIZED ENTRANCES ARE RATHER EXPENSIVE CONSIDERING THAT IT MUST BE INSTALLED IN COMBINATION WITH ONE OR MORE OTHER SEDIMENT CONTROL TECHNIQUES, BUT IT MAY BE COST EFFECTIVE COMPARED TO LABOR-INTENSIVE STREET CLEANING

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHOULD BE INSPECTED REGULARLY (AT LEAST AS OFTEN AS REQUIRED BY THE TPDES CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT, APPENDIX A). WHEN SEDIMENT HAS SUBSTANTIALLY CLOGGED THE VOID AREA BETWEEN THE ROCKS, THE AGGREGATE MAT MUST BE WASHED DOWN OR REPLACED. PERIODIC RE-GRADING AND TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE MUST BE DONE TO KEEP THE EFFICIENCY OF THE ENTRANCE

SPECIFICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THIS ITEM MAY BE FOUND IN THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION — NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS, SECTION 201.10 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.

IF THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IS NOT EFFECTIVELY REMOVING SEDIMENT FROM WHEELS THEN A WHEEL WASH SHOULD BE CONSIDERED.

WHEEL WASH



THE WHEEL WASH IS USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE TO PROVIDE AN AREA WHERE TRUCK WHEELS AND UNDERCARRIAGES CAN BE CLEANED PRIOR TO TRAVERSING THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND ENTERING THE PUBLIC ROAD SYSTEM, A WHEEL WASH MAY CONSIST OF AN IMPERVIOUS AREA OR A CRATE OVER A SWALE. WASH WATER FROM HAND HELD PRESSURE WASHERS OR FIXED NOZZLES IS COLLECTED AND DRAINED TO A SEDIMENT-TRAPPING DEVICE SUCH AS A STONE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT BASIN TO PROVIDE FOR REMOVAL OF

WHEEL WASHES SHOULD BE USED ON LARGE JOBS WHERE THERE IS SIGNIFICANT TRUCK TRAFFIC, ON THOSE SITES WHERE SITE CONDITIONS CAUSE THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE TO BE OVERLOADED WITH SEDIMENT AND BECOME INEFFECTIVE, AND IN THOSE INSTANCES WHERE CONTAMINATED SOLIDS MIGHT BE PRESENT ON SITE. THEY PROVIDE

WHEEL WASHES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED AN ANCILLARY COMPONENT TO STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.

THE LOCATION SHOULD BE WITHIN THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SO THAT THE VEHICLE DOES NOT PICK UP ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT LOAD BY TRAVERSING DISTURBED AREAS.
THE SIZE OF THE WHEEL WASH FACILITY SHOULD BE SUFFICIENT SO THAT ALL WASH WATER AND SEDIMENT IS COLLECTED AND DRAINED TO A SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE SUCH AS A SEDIMENT BASIN OR STONE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP. 4-INCH THICK ASPHALT PAVEMENT ON AN 8-INCH BASE OF CRUSHED

ROCK GRADED SO THAT WASH WATER DRAINS TO A SWALE; OR GRATE SUITABLY DESIGNED TO SUPPORT CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES

STALLED OVER A SWALE

THE FACILITY SHOULD BE DESIGNED SO THAT IT CAN BE CLEANED BETWEEN USES. SEDIMENT TRAPPING BMPs USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH WHEEL WASH FACILITIES MUST BE CAREFULLY DESIGNED FOR THE ANTICIPATED AMOUNT OF WASH WATER TO BE TREATED. MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

WHEEL WASH FACILITIES SHOULD BE INSPECTED REGULARLY (AT LEAST AS OFTEN AS REQUIRED BY THE TPDES CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT, APPENDIX A). THE SURFACE OF THE WHEEL WASH SHOULD BE CLEANED BETWEEN VEHICLES AS NECESSARY, SEDIMENT THAT HAS ACCUMULATED IN THE WASH WATER SEDIMENTATION BMP (SEDIMENT TRAP, SEDIMENT BASIN FTC.) MUST BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES A DEPTH OF APPROXIMATELY 1/3 THE DESIGN DEPTH OF THE DEVICE OR 12", WHICHEVER IS LESS. THE REMOVED SEDIMENT SHALL BE STOCKPILED OR REDISTRIBUTED IN AREAS THAT ARE

NO SPECIFICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THIS ITEM IS CURRENTLY AVAILABLE IN THE TANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION—NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS

PERIMETER CONTROL SLOPE PROTECTION SEDIMENT TRAPPING CHANNEL PROTECTION TEMPORARY STABILIZATION PERMANENT STABILIZATION WASTE MANAGEMENT

APPLICATIONS

TARGETED CONSTITUENTS SEDIMENT NUTRIENTS TOXIC MATERIALS O OIL & GREASE O FLOATABLE MATERIALS

O OTHER CONSTRUCTION

WASTES

HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES

IMPLEMENTATION REQUIRMENTS CAPITAL COST

 ■ MAINTENANCE ■ TRAINING O SUITABILITY FOR SLOPES >

LEGEND SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ■ MEDIUM IMPACT

O LOW IMPACT UNKNOWN OR QUESTIONABLE IMPACT

Fe = N/AS - 10

THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS

DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY BRYAN M. BURGER, P.E. 90880 ON Z-24-12

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AS-BUILT DATE: <u>01-09-13</u>

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

ALDI GROCERY STORE

LOT 1, BLOCK A - RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

BURGER DENGINEERING DESIGN | DRAWN | DATE | SCALE | NOTES

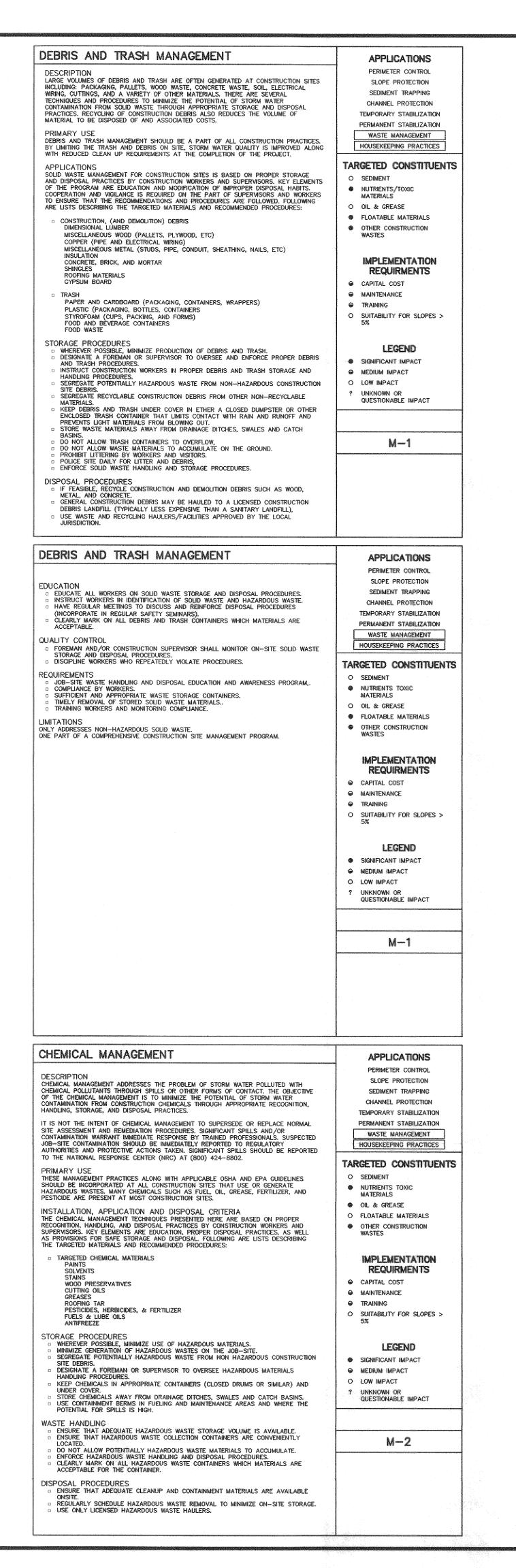
12/11

BMB

JAC

17103 Preston Road, Suite 180N Dallas, Texas 75248 Office: 972.630.3360 Fax: 972.630.3380 TBPE F-12997 FILE NO.

EROS DETAILS C-12.



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CHEMICAL MANAGEMENT
                                                                                                                                         APPLICATIONS
                                                                                                                                         PERIMETER CONTROL
                                                                                                                                         SLOPE PROTECTION
       INSTRUCT WORKERS ON SAFETY PROCEDURES FOR CONSTRUCTION SITE CHEMICAL
                                                                                                                                        SEDIMENT TRAPPING
       INSTRUCT WORKERS IN IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICAL POLLUTANTS.
        ENSURE THAT WORKERS ARE TRAINED IN PROCEDURES FOR SPILL PREVENTION AND
                                                                                                                                        CHANNEL PROTECTION
                                                                                                                                      TEMPORARY STABILIZATION
        EDUCATE WORKERS OF POTENTIAL DANGERS TO HUMANS AND THE ENVIRONMENT FROM
       CHEMICAL POLLUTANTS.

EDUCATE ALL WORKERS ON CHEMICAL STORAGE AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES.

HAVE REGULAR MEETINGS TO DISCUSS AND REINFORCE IDENTIFICATION, HANDLING, AND
                                                                                                                                      PERMANENT STABILIZATION
                                                                                                                                      WASTE MANAGEMENT
       DISPOSAL PROCEDURES (INCORPORATE IN REGULAR SAFETY SEMINARS).
ESTABLISH A CONTINUING EDUCATION PROGRAM TO INDOCTRINATE NEW EMPLOYEES.
                                                                                                                                     HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES
                                                                                                                               TARGETED CONSTITUENTS
       FOREMAN AND/OR CONSTRUCTION SUPERVISOR SHALL MONITOR ON-SITE CHEMICAL
                                                                                                                                    SEDIMENT
      STORAGE AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES.
EDUCATE AND IF NECESSARY, DISCIPLINE WORKERS WHO VIOLATE PROCEDURES.
ENSURE THAT THE HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL CONTRACTOR IS REPUTABLE AND

    NUTRIENTS TOXIC

                                                                                                                                      MATERIALS
                                                                                                                                OIL & GREASE
                                                                                                                                O FLOATABLE MATERIALS
     JOB-SITE CHEMICAL AND HAZARDOUS WASTE HANDLING AND DISPOSAL EDUCATION AND
     AWARENESS PROGRAM.
COMMITMENT BY MANAGEMENT TO IMPLEMENT CHEMICAL STORAGE AND HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.
COMPLIANCE BY WORKERS.
SUFFICIENT AND APPROPRIATE CHEMICAL AND HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE CONTAINERS.
                                                                                                                                    OTHER CONSTRUCTION
       TIMELY REMOVAL OF STORED HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS.
                                                                                                                                      IMPLEMENTATION
                                                                                                                                        REQUIRMENTS
    POSSIBLE MODEST COST IMPACT FOR ADDITIONAL CHEMICAL STORAGE CONTAINERS.

SMALL COST IMPACT FOR TRAINING AND MONITORING.

POTENTIAL COST IMPACT FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL BY LICENSED HAULER — ACTUAL COST DEPENDS ON TYPE OF MATERIAL AND VOLUME.
                                                                                                                                CAPITAL COST
                                                                                                                                MAINTENANCE
                                                                                                                               SUITABILITY FOR SLOPES :
THIS PRACTICE IS NOT INTENDED TO ADDRESS SITE-ASSESSMENTS AND PRE-EXISTING CONTAMINATION. MAJOR CONTAMINATION, LARGE SPILLS AND OTHER SERIOUS HAZARDOUS WASTE INCIDENTS REQUIRE IMMEDIATE RESPONSE FROM SPECIALISTS.
DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES AND POTENTIAL PRE-EXISTING MATERIALS, SUCH AS LEAD AND ASBESTOS, ARE NOT ADDRESSED BY THIS PROGRAM. SITE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION ON PLANS IS NECESSARY.
                                                                                                                                             LEGEND
                                                                                                                                 SIGNIFICANT IMPACT
CONTAMINATED SOILS ARE NOT ADDRESSED.
                                                                                                                               MEDIUM IMPACT
                                                                                                                                O LOW IMPACT
                                                                                                                                      UNKNOWN OR
                                                                                                                                      QUESTIONABLE IMPACT
                                                                                                                                               M-2
CONCRETE WASTE MANAGEMENT
                                                                                                                                         APPLICATIONS
                                                                                                                                         PERIMETER CONTROL
   CONCRETE WASTE AT CONSTRUCTION SITES COMES IN TWO FORMS: 1) EXCESS FRESH
                                                                                                                                         SLOPE PROTECTION
 CONCRETE MIX INCLUDING TRUCK AND EQUIPMENT WASHING, AND 2) CONCRETE DUST AND CONCRETE DEBRIS RESULTING FROM DEMOLITION. BOTH FORMS HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO IMPACT WATER QUALITY THROUGH STORM WATER RUNOFF CONTACT WITH THE WASTE.
                                                                                                                                        SEDIMENT TRAPPING
                                                                                                                                      CHANNEL PROTECTION
                                                                                                                                      TEMPORARY STABILIZATION
  CONCRETE WASTE IS PRESENT AT MOST CONSTRUCTION SITES. THIS BMP SHOULD BE UTILIZED AT SITES IN WHICH CONCRETE WASTE IS PRESENT.
                                                                                                                                     PERMANENT STABILIZATION
                                                                                                                                      WASTE MANAGEMENT
                                                                                                                                     HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES
  A NUMBER OF WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS CAN BE AFFECTED BY INTRODUCTION OF CONCRETE - ESPECIALLY FRESH CONCRETE. CONCRETE AFFECTS THE pH OF RUNOFF,
   CAUSING SIGNIFICANT CHEMICAL CHANGES IN WATER BODIES AND HARMING AQUATIC LIFE. SUSPENDED SOLIDS IN THE FORM OF BOTH CEMENT AND AGGREGATE DUST ARE ALSO GENERATED FROM BOTH FRESH AND DEMOLISHED CONCRETE WASTE.
                                                                                                                               TARGETED CONSTITUENTS
                                                                                                                                     SEDIMENT
                                                                                                                                     NUTRIENTS TOXIC
  UNACCEPTABLE CONCRETE WASTE DISPOSL PRACTICES

DUMPING IN VACANT AREAS ON THE JOB-SITE.

ILLICIT DUMPING OFF-JOBSITE

DUMPING INTO DITCHES OR DRAINAGE FACILITIES.
                                                                                                                                 O OIL & GREASE
                                                                                                                               O FLOATABLE MATERIALS
  RECOMMENDED DISPOSAL PRACTICES

AVOID UNACCEPTABLE DISPOSAL PRACTICES LISTED ABOVE.

DEVELOP PREDETERMINED, SAFE CONCRETE DISPOSAL AREAS.

PROVIDE A WASHOUT AREA WITH A MINIMUM OF 6 CUBIC FEET OF CONTAINMENT AREA VOLUME FOR EVERY 10 CUBIC YARDS OF CONCRETE POURED.

    OTHER CONSTRUCTION WASTES

                                                                                                                                      IMPLEMENTATION
         NEVER DUMP WASTE CONCRETE ILLICITLY OR WITHOUT PROPERTY OWNER'S
                                                                                                                                       REQUIRMENTS
        OVERFLOW OF WASHDOWN WATER SHALL BE DISCHARGED IN AN AREA PROTECTED BY ONE OR MORE SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMPS AND SHALL BE DONE IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT RESULT IN A VIOLATION OF GROUNDWATER OR SURFACE WATER QUALITY
                                                                                                                                     CAPITAL COST

    ■ MAINTENANCE

                                                                                                                                TRAINING
     DRIVERS AND EQUIPMENT OPERATORS SHOULD BE INSTRUCTED ON PROPER DISPOSAL
         AND EQUIPMENT WASHING PRACTICES (SEE ABOVE).
SUPERVISORS MUST BE MADE AWARE OF THE POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL
          CONSEQUENCES OF IMPROPERLY HANDLED CONCRETE WASTE
                                                                                                                                             LEGEND
         THE CONSTRUCTION SITE MANAGER OR FOREMAN MUST ENSURE THAT EMPLOYEES AND PRE-MIX COMPANIES FOLLOW PROPER PROCEDURES FOR CONCRETE DISPOSAL
                                                                                                                                SIGNIFICANT IMPACT
         EMPLOYEES VIOLATING DISPOSAL OR EQUIPMENT CLEANING DIRECTIVES CRUST BE REEDUCATED OR DISCIPLINED IF NECESSARY.
                                                                                                                                LOW IMPACT
    DEMOLITION PRACTICES
                                                                                                                                     UNKNOWN OR QUESTIONABLE IMPACT
        MONITOR WEATHER AND WIND DIRECTION TO ENSUE CONCRETE DUST IS NOT
          DETENTION DEVICES DOWNSTREAM OF DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES.
        USE PREDETERMINED DISPOSAL SITES FOR WASTE CONCRETE.
PROHIBIT DUMPING WASTE CONCRETE ANYWHERE BUT PREDETERMINED AREAS.
ASSIGN PREDETERMINED TRUCK AND EQUIPMENT WASHING AREAS.
EDUCATE DRIVERS AND OPERATORS ON PROPER DISPOSAL AND EQUIPMENT CLEANING
                                                                                                                                               M-3
      □ MINIMAL COST IMPACT FOR TRAINING AND MONITORING,
□ CONCRETE DISPOSAL COST DEPENDS ON AVAILABILITY AND DISTANCE TO SUITABLE
         ADDITIONAL COSTS INVOLVED IN EQUIPMENT WASHING COULD BE SIGNIFICANT.
   CONCRETE WASTE MANAGEMENT IS ONE PART OF A COMPREHENSIVE CONSTRUCTION SITE WASTE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM.
CONCRETE SAWCUTTING WASTE MANAGEMENT
                                                                                                                                         APPLICATIONS
                                                                                                                                        PERIMETER CONTROL
                                                                                                                                         SLOPE PROTECTION
                                                                                                                                         SEDIMENT TRAPPING
    SAW CUTTING OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT IS A ROUTINE PRACTICE, NECESSARY TO CONTROL
                                                                                                                                      CHANNEL PROTECTION
   SHRINKAGE CRACKING IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING PLACEMENT OF PLASTIC CONCRETE. IT IS ALSO USED TO REMOVE CURB SECTIONS AND PAVEMENT SECTIONS FOR PAVEMENT
                                                                                                                                      TEMPORARY STABILIZATION
 REPAIRS, UTILITY TRENCHES, AND DRIVEWAYS, SAWCUTTING FOR JOINTS INVOLVES SAWING A NARROW, SHALLOW GROOVE IN THE CONCRETE, WHILE SAWCUTTING FOR REMOVALS IS USUALLY DONE FULL DEPTH THROUGH THE SLAB. WATER IS USED TO CONTROL SAW BLADE TEMPERATURE AND TO FLUSH THE DETRITUS FROM THE SAWED GROOVE. THE RESULTING SLURRY OF PROCESS WATER AND FINE PARTICLES AND HIGH PH MUST BE
                                                                                                                                      PERMANENT STABILIZATION
                                                                                                                                      WASTE MANAGEMENT
                                                                                                                                     HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES
   PROPERLY MANAGED.
   A NUMBER OF WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS CAN BE AFFECTED BY INTRODUCTION OF
                                                                                                                               TARGETED CONSTITUENTS
   CONCRETE FINES. CONCRETE AFFECTS THE pH OF RUNOFF, CAUSING SIGNIFICANT CHEMICAL CHANGES TO WATER BODIES AND HARMING AQUATIC LIFE. SUSPENDED SOLIDS IN THE FORM OF SAW FINES ARE ALSO GENERATED FROM SAWCUTTING OPERATIONS.
                                                                                                                               O SEDIMENT
                                                                                                                                    NUTRIENTS TOXIC
   DESIGN CRITERIA
                                                                                                                                      MATERIALS
                                                                                                                                O OIL & GREASE
         DURING SAW CUTTING OPERATIONS. THE SLURRY AND CUTTINGS SHALL BE
          CONTINUOUSLY VACUUMED TO CONTROL THE FLOW OF WATER FROM THE OPERATIONS
                                                                                                                                O FLOATABLE MATERIALS
         THE SLURRY AND CUTTINGS SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED TO DRAIN TO THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM, SWALE, STREAM OR OTHER WATER BODY.
THE SLURRY AND CUTTINGS SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED TO REMAIN ON THE PAVEMENT
                                                                                                                                     OTHER CONSTRUCTION
                                                                                                                                      WASTES
                                                                                                                                      IMPLEMENTATION
     URRY DISPOSAL

DEVELOP PREDETERMINED, SAFE SLURRY DISPOSAL AREAS.

COLLECTED SLURRY AND CUTTINGS SHALL BE DISCHARGED IN AN AREA PROTECTED BY ONE OR MORE SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMPS AND SHALL BE DONE IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT RESULT IN A VIOLATION OF GROUNDWATER OR SURFACE WATER
                                                                                                                                        REQUIRMENTS
                                                                                                                                    CAPITAL COST
                                                                                                                               NEVER DUMP WASTE ILLICITLY OR WITHOUT PROPERTY OWNER'S KNOWLEDGE AND
                                                                                                                               SLURRY MAY BE DISPOSED OF IN FACILITIES DESIGNATED FOR WASHDOWN OF
                                                                                                                               O SUITABILITY FOR SLOPES >
         CONCRETE TRUCKS (SEE M-3, CONCRETE WASTE MANAGEMENT).
                                                                                                                                            LEGEND
   PROJECT PERSONNEL SHOULD INSPECT THE OPERATIONS TO ASSURE THAT OPERATORS ARE DILIGENT IN CONTROLLING THE WATER PRODUCED BY THE SAW CUTTING ACTIVITIES.
                                                                                                                                      SIGNIFICANT IMPACT
   FOLLOWING OPERATIONS THE PAVEMENT SHOULD BE INSPECTED TO ENSURE THAT WASTE REMOVAL HAS BEEN ADEQUATELY PERFORMED.
                                                                                                                                   MEDIUM IMPACT
                                                                                                                                    LOW IMPACT
                                                                                                                                     UNKNOWN OR QUESTIONABLE IMPACT
                                                                                                                                               M-4
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LIME STABILIZATION MANAGEMENT **APPLICATIONS** PERIMETER CONTROL LIME STABILIZED SURFACE -SLOPE PROTECTION SEDIMENT TRAPPING CHANNEL PROTECTION TEMPORARY STABILIZATION PERMANENT STABILIZATION WASTE MANAGEMENT HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES TARGETED CONSTITUENTS DESCRIPTION
LIME STABILIZATION IS USED EXTENSIVELY IN THE NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS REGION TO
STABILIZE PAVEMENT SUBBASES FOR ROADWAYS, PARKING LOTS, END OTHER PAVED
SURFACES, AND AS A SUBGRADE AMENDMENT FOR BUILDING PAD SITES. HYDRATED LIME
IS APPLIED TO THE SOIL AND MIXED THROUGH DISKING AND OTHER TECHNIQUES, THEN
ALLOWED TO CURE. THIS PRACTICE WILL REDUCE THE POTENTIAL FOR RUNOFF TO CARRY
LIME OFFSITE, WHERE IT MAY IMPACT AQUATIC LIFE BY CHANGING THE PH BALANCE OF
STREAMS, PONDS, AND OTHER WATER BODIES. SEDIMENT NUTRIENTS TOXIC MATERIALS OIL & GREASE FLOATABLE MATERIALS OTHER CONSTRUCTION THIS BMP SHOULD BE IMPLEMENTED WHEN LIME IS REQUIRED FOR SOIL STABILIZATION. LIME STABILIZATION CAN BE USED UNDER A VARIETY OF CONDITIONS. THE ENGINEER SHOULD DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF LIME STABILIZATION BASED ON SITE CONDITIONS SUCH AS AVAILABLE OPEN SPACE, QUANTITY OF AREA TO BE STABILIZED, PROXIMITY OF NEARBY WATER COURSES AND OTHER BMPS EMPLOYED AT THE SITE. THE USE OF IMPLEMENTATION REQUIRMENTS DIVERSION DIKES AND INTERCEPTOR SWALES (SEE APPROPRIATE FACT SHEETS) TO DIVERT RUNOFF AWAY FROM AREAS TO BE STABILIZED CAN BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH CAPITAL COST MAINTENANCE TRAINING DESIGN CRITERIA DESIGN CRITERIA

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LIMIT LIME OPERATIONS TO THAT WHICH CAN BE THOROUGHLY MIXED AND COMPACTED BY THE END OF EACH WORKDAY.

NO TRAFFIC OTHER THAN WATER TRUCKS AND MIXING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE ALLOWED TO PASS OVER THE SPREAD LIME UNTIL AFTER COMPLETION OF MIXING.

AREAS ADJACENT AND DOWNSTREAM OF STABILIZED AREAS SHALL BE ROUGHENED TO INTERCEPT LIME FROM RUNOFF AND REDUCE RUNOFF VELOCITY.

GEOTEXTILE FABRICS SUCH AS THOSE USED FOR SILT FENCE SHOULD NOT BE USED TO ADDRESS LIME SINCE THE GRAIN SIZE OF LIME IS SIGNIFICANTLY SMALLER THAN THE APPARENT OPENING SIZE OF THE FABRIC.

FOR AREAS FOR WHICH PHASING OF LIME OPERATIONS IS IMPRACTICAL, USE OF A CURING SEAL SUCH AS LIQUID ASPHALT, GRADE MC-250 OR MC-800 APPLIED AT A RATE OF 0.15 GALLONS PER SQ. YD. OF SURFACE CAN BE USED TO PROTECT THE BASE. SUITABILITY FOR SLOPES > LEGEND SIGNIFICANT IMPACT MEDIUM IMPACT LOW IMPACT UNKNOWN OR USE OF SEDIMENT BASINS WITH A SIGNIFICANT (>36 HOUR) DRAWDOWN TIME IS QUESTIONABLE IMPACT ENCOURAGED FOR LARGE AREAS TO BE STABILIZED (SEE S-6, SEDIMENT BASIN).

PROVIDE CONTAINMENT AROUND LIME STORAGE, LOADING, AND DISPENSING AREAS. LIME STABILIZATION CAN BE PART OF AN OVERALL PLAN TO REDUCE POLLUTANTS FROM AN ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION SITE. IN THE CASE OF POLLUTION DUE TO LIME, PREVENTION OF CONTAMINATION IS THE ONLY EFFECTIVE METHOD TO ADDRESS THIS POLLUTANT. PROPER APPLICATION AND MIXING ALONG WITH AVOIDING APPLICATIONS WHEN THERE IS A SANITARY FACILITIES **APPLICATIONS** PERIMETER CONTROL SLOPE PROTECTION PACLITIES FOR COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF SANITARY WASTE MUST BE PROVIDED AND PROPERLY MANAGED TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION OF SURFACE WATER WITH SEPTIC WASTES. LOCATION OF PORTABLE FACILITIES AWAY FROM STORM DRAIN SEDIMENT TRAPPING CHANNEL PROTECTION SYSTEMS AND SURFACE WATERS OR CONTAINMENT IS NECESSARY IN CASE OF SPILLS. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION PERMANENT STABILIZATION SANITARY FACILITIES MUST BE PROVIDED ON THE SITE IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO AREAS WHERE PEOPLE ARE WORKING,

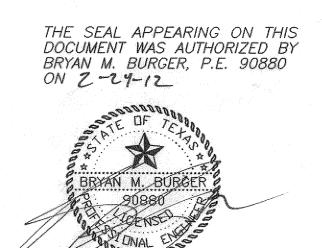
PORTABLE TOILETS MUST BE PROVIDED IF NO PERMANENT FACILITIES ARE AVAILABLE.

LOCATE PORTABLE TOILETS A MINIMUM OF 20 FEET AWAY FROM STORM DRAIN INLETS, CONVEYANCE CHANNELS, OR SURFACE WATERS.

IF UNABLE TO MEET 20—FOOT DISTANCE REQUIREMENT, PROVIDE CONTAINMENT FOR DOUTABLE TO MEET 20—FOOT DISTANCE REQUIREMENT, PROVIDE CONTAINMENT FOR WASTE MANAGEMENT HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES TARGETED CONSTITUENTS PORTABLE TOILETS.

PORTABLE TOILETS SHOULD BE REGULARLY SERVICED. SEDIMENT NUTRIENTS TOXIC MATERIALS O OIL & GREASE FLOATABLE MATERIALS OTHER CONSTRUCTION **IMPLEMENTATION** REQUIRMENTS CAPITAL COST SUITABILITY FOR SLOPES LEGEND SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

> AS-BUILT DATE: <u>01-09-13</u>





LOW IMPACT

UNKNOWN OR QUESTIONABLE IMPACT

M-7

ALDI GROCERY STORE

LOT 1, BLOCK A - RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION

- 2. ALL AREAS TO BE CLEARED AND GRUBBED SHALL BE SURVEYED IN THE FIELD TO ESTABLISH THE APPROPRIATE LIMITS OF WORK.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE WHAT EVER MEASURES NECESSARY TO LOCATE AND PROTECT EXISTING UTILITIES, STRUCTURES, AND OTHER FACILITIES TO REMAIN.
- ALL TREES, SHRUBS, STUMPS, ROOTS AND OTHER DEBRIS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM SITE OUTSIDE CITY LIMITS AND DISPOSED OF IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- NO BURNING WILL BE ALLOWED ON SITE.

DEMOLITION

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT ALL STRUCTURES, FACILITIES AND AREAS SLATED FOR DEMOLITION TO GAIN A FULL UNDERSTANDING OF THE WORK REQUIRED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE WHAT EVER MEASURES NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE SAFETY OF THE PUBLIC, HIS EMPLOYEES AND AGENTS DURING THE INSPECTIONS AND SUBSEQUENT WORK. THE OWNER, CLIENT AND ENGINEER ARE NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CONDITION OF THE BUILDINGS, FACILITIES OR OTHER AREAS SLATED FOR
- 2. ALL MATERIALS NOT SLATED FOR REUSE MUST BE DISPOSED OF OFF SITE OUT OF CITY LIMITS IN A LEGAL MANNER. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SALVAGE ALL MATERIALS NOT DESIGNATED BY THE OWNER TO BE SAVED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO REMOVE AND STORE SAFELY ALL MATERIALS SLATED TO BE SAVED OR REUSED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DOCUMENT EXISTING CONDITIONS USING PHOTOGRAPHS PRIOR TO START OF WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS TO REPAIR OR REPLACE MATERIALS DAMAGED DUE TO HIS WORK OR FAILURE TO PROTECT THROUGH OUT THE DURATION OF HIS CONTRACT.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO COORDINATE WITH ALL APPROPRIATE UTILITY OWNERS, OPERATORS AND USERS PRIOR TO DISCONNECTION AND DEMOLITION. ALL WORK SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION. ALL PLUGS, STOPS AND CAPS SHALL BE PER AGENCIES REQUIREMENTS AND IF NONE EXIST THEN A 3000 PSI CONCRETE PLUG WITH A THICKNESS EQUAL TO THE DIAMETER OF THE PIPE SHALL BE USED.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE OWNER IMMEDIATELY AND STOP ALL WORK IN AREAS WHERE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ARE DISCOVERED. WHEN REQUIRED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE ENVIRONMENTAL AND HEALTH
- 5. NO BURNING, EXPLOSIVES OR OTHER POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS METHODS OF DEMOTION WILL BE ALLOWED UNLESS WRITTEN PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY THE OWNER AND ALL APPROPRIATE PERMITS ARE GRANTED.
- THE CONTRACTOR WILL PROVIDE WHAT EVER SAFETY EQUIPMENT AND DEVICES ARE NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE ADJACENT PROPERTIES, STRUCTURES AND OTHER AREAS SLATED TO REMAIN. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS TO REPAIR OR REPLACE ANY DAMAGE CAUSED BY HIS WORK. THIS WILL ALSO INCLUDE EROSION CONTROL, DUST CONTROL AND SETTLEMENT.
- ALL AREAS SHALL BE BROUGHT BACK TO THEIR ORIGINAL GRADE OR THAT OF THE SURROUNDING AREA, WHICH EVER IS CLOSER TO THE FINAL GRADES OF THE PROJECT FOR THAT AREA. ALL AREAS REQUIRING FILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE AREA BUT IN NO CASE LESS THAN 95% OF MODIFIED PROCTOR (ASTM D 1557).

- PRIOR STARTING ANY CUTS OF FILLS THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STRIP AND STOCKPILE ALL TOPSOIL. STRIPPING OF TOPSOIL CAN ONLY COMMENCE AFTER THE CLEAR AND GRUB OPERATIONS ARE COMPLETE IN THAT AREA. TOPSOIL SHALL BE STOCKPILED IN AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS OR APPROVED BY THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REVIEW THE SOILS REPORTS, BORING LOGS AND WHEN NECESSARY HIS OWN FIELD VERIFICATION SO AS TO BE FAMILIAR WITH THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL REASONABLE PRECAUTIONS TO PREVENT OVER AND UNDER REMOVAL
- UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, THE GRADES SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE FINISHED GRADES. THEREFORE, PAVEMENT, FLOORS, SUBBASE AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS MUST BE SUBTRACTED TO CALCULATE SUBGRADE ELEVATIONS.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A SURVEY GRID OF NOT LESS THAN 100' X 100' OR OTHER MEANS ACCEPTABLE TO THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE THAT WILL INDICATE LOCATION AND AMOUNT OF CUT OR FILLS REMAINING. AT SUBGRADE THIS GRID SHALL BE 50' X 50' WITH LOCATION AND FINAL GRADE MARKED CLEARLY OR SURVEY SHALL BE COMPLETED DEMONSTRATING THAT THE SUBGRADE IS +/- 0.1 FEET OF REQUIRED
- UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS OR IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RETAIN AND PAY ALL COST FOR SOIL COMPACTION TESTING TO BE PERFORMED BY AN INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORY. FOR EACH LIFT PLACED, COMPACTION TESTING SHALL BE DONE EVERY 2000 SQ. FT. IN TRENCHES. COMPACTION TESTING SHALL BE DONE EVERY OTHER LIFT WITH AT LEAST 1 TEST
- COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE THOSE OUTLINED IN THE SOILS REPORT. IF THE SOILS REPORT IS NOT CLEAR OR DOES NOT GIVE REQUIREMENTS THE FOLLOWING WILL BE USED. UNDER AND TO 20 FEET OUTSIDE THE BUILDING ENVELOPE THE SOILS SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY PER ASTM D1557 (MODIFIED PROCTOR). UNDER PROPOSED OR FUTURE PAVEMENT AREAS, INCLUDING 10 FEET OUTSIDE SUCH AREAS, THE SOIL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY PER ASTM D 1557 (MODIFIED PROCTOR). ALL LANDSCAPE AND LAWN AREAS SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY PER ASTM D 1557 (MODIFIED PROCTOR). THE TESTING LAB SHALL TEST SOILS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D2922 (NUCLEAR METHOD) WITH PROCTORS FOR EACH SOIL TYPE.
- 6. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE SOILS REPORT OR ON THE DRAWINGS, THE ON SITE MATERIAL SHALL BE USED TO MAKE FILLS. ALL MATERIAL TO BE USED FOR FILL SHALL BE FREE OF ORGANICS, FROZEN MATERIAL, CONTAMINATED MATERIAL, DEBRIS AND ANY ROCKS LARGER THAN 4 INCHES. FOR FILL PLACEMENT WITHIN 1 FOOT OF SUBGRADE, NO ROCK SHALL BE GREATER THAN 2 INCHES IN DIAMETER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BEAR ALL COST ASSOCIATED WITH DRYING, SEGREGATING OR REQUIRED METHODS TO TREAT SOILS TO MEET COMPACTION AND OTHER
- 7. FILLS SHALL BE PLACED IN LIFTS NOT TO EXCEED 8 INCES IN MASS FILLS AND 8 INCHES IN TRENCH OR RESTRICTED AREAS.
- 8. IF IMPORTED MATERIAL IS REQUIRED, THE SOURCE AND A RANDOM COMPOSITE SAMPLE SHALL BE REVIEWED BY THE TESTING LABORATORY PRIOR TO BEING BROUGHT TO SITE. THE TESTING LABORATORY SHALL TEST FOR PERCENT PASSING THE 200 SIEVE THAT DOES NOT EXCEED THE EXISTING ON SITE MATERIAL OR IN NO CASE GREATER THAN 35%. THEY SHALL ALSO VERIFY CONSISTENCY WITH EXISTING ON SITE MATERIALS AND ALL OTHER REQUIREMENTS. WAIVERS TO THESE REQUIREMENTS CAN ONLY BE GIVEN JOINTLY BY ALDI AND THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER THAT PREPARED THE SOILS REPORT
- THE TESTING LAB MAY RESTRICT SOME ON SITE MATERIALS FROM BEING USED AS FILL IN BUILDING OR PAVEMENT AREAS WHEN IT IS THEIR OPINION THAT THE MATERIAL WILL NOT MEET REQUIREMENTS STATED HERE. IF SUCH CONDITIONS DO EXIST AND OTHER MATERIAL IS NOT AVAILABLE ON SITE, THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE MUST AUTHORIZE IN WRITING THE USE OF IMPORT MATERIAL UNLESS THERE WILL BE NO ADDITION COST TO THE CONTRACT.
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT EARTHWORK OPERATIONS FROM WEATHER AND GROUND WATER INCLUDING KEEPING POSITIVE DRAINAGE, DIVERT DRAINAGE, DEWATERING AND SEALING DISTURBED AREAS WITH A STEEL DRUM ROLLER PRIOR TO INCLEMENT WEATHER.
- PRIOR PLACEMENT OF FILLS, IN AREAS WHERE THE FINAL FILL DEPTH WILL BE LESS THAN 4 FEET, THE AREA SHALL BE PROOF ROLLED WITH A 10 TON ROLLER OR A LOADED 10 WHEEL DUMP TRUCK. SOFT AREAS SHALL BE SCARIFIED, DRIED AND RE-COMPACTED PRIOR TO FILL BEING PLACED. RETEST BY PROOF ROLL AS NECESSARY
- ALL FINAL SUBGRADE UNDER PROPOSED PAVEMENT, BUILDING OR OTHER STRUCTURE SHALL BE PROOF ROLLED AS DESCRIBED ABOVE FOR THE IDENTIFYING OF SOFT AREAS. AREAS FOUND TO BE UNACCEPTABLE SHALL BE SCARIFIED, DRIED AND RECOMPACTED. RETEST BY PROOF ROLL AS NECESSARY.

- TRENCH EXCAVATION REQUIRING SHEETING, SHORING OR OTHER STABILIZING DEVICES SHALL BE DESIGNED BY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER AND MEET ALL O.S.H.A. REQUIREMENTS. ALL EXCAVATIONS SHALL MAINTAIN SAFE SIDE SLOPES IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND O. S. H. A. REQUIREMENTS. NO STOCKING OF MATERIAL CLOSE TO AN OPEN CUT OR STEEP SLOPE WILL BE PERMITTED IN AN EFFORT TO PREVENT CAVE-INS.
- 14. TRENCH EXCAVATIONS SHALL BE MADE UNIFORM AND STRAIGHT TO THE FOLLOWING WIDTHS: (FOR PIPES 36 INCHES OR LESS THE TRENCH WIDTH SHALL BE THE DIAMETER PLUS 2 FEET), (FOR PIPES 36 INCHES OR GREATER THE WIDTH SHALL BE THE DIAMETER PLUS 3 FEET). ADDITIONAL WIDTH WILL ONLY BE ALLOWED WHEN COMPACTION EQUIPMENT LIMITATIONS REQUIRE AND ONLY AFTER APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER OF RECORD. NO MORE TRENCH SHALL BE OPEN IN ONE DAY THAN CAN BE PROPERLY BACKFILLED IN THAT SAME DAY TO MINIMIZE WEATHER AND SAFETY CONCERNS. WHEN BACKFILLING AROUND PIPES PROVIDE UNIFORM SUPPORT AT INVERT AND PROPER COMPACTION UNDER, ALONG AND OVER THE PIPE. CARE SHALL BE GIVEN WHILE BACKFILLING AROUND PIPES TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE PIPES INCLUDING: PLACING BACKFILL/BEDDING BY HAND, USING HAND OPERATED PLATE TAMPS OR JUMPING JACKS, AND OTHER LOAD RESTRICTIVE TECHNIQUES UNTIL FILLS ARE A MINIMUM OF 2 FEET OR MANUFACTURES RECOMMEND DEPTH, WHICH EVER IS GREATER, ABOVE THE TOP OF THE PIPE. COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE NOT RELIEVED IN THESE AREAS AND WILL REMAIN AS STATED ON THE DRAWINGS OR ABOVE.
- IF ROCK IS ENCOUNTERED THAT WAS NOT INDICATED ON THE PLANS OR SOILS REPORT, THE AREA FOR REMOVAL SHOULD BE MEASURED AND REVIEWED WITH THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE PRIOR TO ROCK REMOVAL. ROCK WILL BE DEFINED AS THE NATURAL EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN NOT BE REMOVED WITH CONVENTIONAL EARTH WORKING
- 16. WHERE ROCK IS ADJACENT TO A STRUCTURE OR UTILITY, THE ROCK SHALL BE REMOVED TO A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES BELOW AND 1 TIMES THE DIAMETER, BUT NOT LESS THAN 1 FOOT OR GREATER THAN 3 FEET ON ANY SIDE.
- NO EXPLOSIVES WILL BE ALLOWED UNTIL ALL PERMITS ARE GRANTED AND THE OWNER HAS SIGNED OFF. PRE AND POST BLAST REPORTS MUST BE KEPT AND RECORDED. ALL STRUCTURES WITHIN THE AREA OF THE BLAST MUST RECEIVE A PRE- BLAST SURVEY. ALL BLASTING MUST BE PERFORMED BY A LICENSED BLASTER.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL EXCESS TOPSOIL, CUT MATERIAL OR WASTE MATERIAL FROM SITE AND DISPOSE OF IN A LEGAL MANNER OUTSIDE CITY LIMITS.
- 19. ALL FILL TO BE COMPACTED USING A SHEEP'S FOOT ROLLER UP TO 5' FROM BUILDING

EROSION CONTROL

- 1. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT ENTERING OR EXITING THE SITE, A CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE BUILT UNLESS EXISTING CONDITIONS PREVENT ANY TRACKING OF DIRT, MUD, OR DEBRIS OFF THE SITE. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO KEEP ALL ROADS, PARKING LOTS, SIDEWALKS AND ADJACENT PROPERTIES FREE OF DIRT, MUD OR OTHER DEBRIS. THIS WILL INCLUDE BUILDING THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, SWEEPING, SCRAPING AND WASHING THE PAVEMENT SURFACES WHEN EVER NEEDED. THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. IF A DETAIL IS NOT PROVIDED, CONSTRUCT THE ENTRANCE WITH CLEAN 2 TO 3 INCH STONE, 6 INCHES THICK, OVER STABILIZING FABRIC TO THE DIMENSIONS OF 12 FEET WIDE AND 50 LONG. THE ENTRANCE SHOULD BE LOCATED SO THAT ALL VEHICLES LEAVING THE SITE WILL UTILIZE IT.
- ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE PLACED AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND MANUFACTURES RECOMMENDATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE AND MAINTAIN ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS NEEDED THROUGH OUT THE PROJECT.
- SILT FENCE SHALL HAVE STEEL POSTS 2X2 INCH AND 4 FEET LONG WOVEN INTO THE FABRIC. THE BASE OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE EXCAVATED SO AS TO PROVIDE AN AREA TO BURY THE BOTTOM OF THE FABRIC AT LEAST 6 INCHES INTO THE GROUND. THE STAKES SHALL BE DRIVEN TO A DEPTH THAT WILL PLACE THE BOTTOM FABRIC AT THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH. THEN BACKFILL THE BOTTOM FABRIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE WITH THE MATERIAL THAT WAS EXCAVATED.
- SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED WHERE EVER SURFACE DRAINAGE CAN LEAVE THE SITE.
- STONE FILTERS SHALL BE PLACED IN ALL DRAINAGE WAYS BUT NOT IN STREAMS. CREEKS OR RIVERS. STONE FILTERS SHALL CONSIST OF A UNIFORM MIX OF 1/2 TO 3/4 INCH CLEAN STONE WRAPPED IN FILTER FABRIC AND COVERED WITH 4 INCH STONE.
- SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL BE PLACED AND MAINTAINED AS NEEDED. THEY SHALL BE SIZED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE STORAGE TO ALLOW SEDIMENT TO PRECIPITATE OUT PRIOR DISCHARGING DOWN STREAM.
- TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL CONSIST OF LIME @ 1/2 TON PER ACRE, FERTILIZER 5-10-10 @ 600 POUNDS PER ACRE, RYEGRASS (ANNUAL OR PERENNIAL) @ 40 POUNDS PER ACRE AND STRAW MULCH @ 2 TON PER ACRE ONLY IN STAGE 1 OR 2 OF DROUGHT CONDITIONS. JUTE MESH SHALL BE PLACED OVER MULCH AND STAKED WHENEVER WINDS OR SLOPE WILL CAUSE THE MULCH AND SEED TO BECOME DEPLETED OR ERODED. AREAS SHALL BE TEMPORARY SEEDED WHEN ONLY IN STAGE 1 OR 2 OF DROUGHT CONDITIONS, THEY ARE SUBJECT TO EROSION AND WILL LIE DORMANT FOR A

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS

- 1. THE TERM OF OWNER AS USED IN THESE SPECIFICATIONS AND NOTES SHALL INCLUDE THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY, THE COMPANY OR PARTY THAT HIRED THE CONTRACTOR, THE COMPANY OR PARTY THAT SIGNED THE CONTRACT FOR THIS WORK AND THE AGENTS OF EACH. THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE SHALL BE THE INDIVIDUAL OR PARTY ASSIGNED BY THE OWNER TO BE THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL TEMPORARY PERMITS, CONNECTION PERMITS, FEES, INSPECTIONS AND RECORD KEEPING REQUIRED BY ALL MUNICIPAL, UTILITY, HEALTH, ENVIRONMENTAL, STATE OR FEDERAL AGENCIES THAT MAY HAVE JURISDICTION. FURTHERMORE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO MEET OR EXCEED ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE AGENCIES OR AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION OVER HIS WORK. ALL CONFLICTS IN REQUIREMENTS OF DIFFERENT AGENCIES, AUTHORITIES AND/OR THE DESIGN SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE BEFORE PROCEEDING.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO LOCATE AND MAINTAIN THE PROPERTY AND PROJECT LIMITS THROUGH OUT THE PROJECT. ALL CONFLICTS BETWEEN THE DESIGN AND THE PROJECT/PROPERTY LIMITS SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE BEFORE PROCEEDING. UNLESS DESCRIBED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS OR SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS THE OWNER HAS NOT SECURED ANY RIGHT OF WAYS, EASEMENTS OR AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER PROPERTY OWNERS OR PROPERTY USERS. THEREFORE, IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SECURE AND MAINTAIN ANY TEMPORARY RIGHT OF WAYS, EASEMENTS, PERMITS OR AGREEMENTS HE MAY NEED TO PERFORM HIS WORK. ALL SUCH AGREEMENTS SHALL HOLD THE OWNER, ENGINEER AND HIS AGENTS HARMLESS AND THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO BEAR ALL COSTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COPY THE OWNER ON RELEASES OF ALL AGREEMENTS PRIOR TO FINAL PAYMENT BY THE OWNER TO THE CONTRACTOR.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS OR IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL CONSTRUCTION SURVEY, LAYOUT AND RECORD DRAWINGS FOR THIS CONTRACT. ANY CONFLICTS IN SURVEY/LAYOUT AND THE DESIGN OR AGENCIES REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT AND SAFEGUARD ALL EXISTING SURVEY MONUMENTS, CONTROL AND TIE-DOWNS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PAY ALL COSTS TO REPAIR OR REPLACED DAMAGED SURVEY MONUMENTS, CONTROL AND TIE-DOWNS.
- NO CHANGES TO THE DESIGN OR MATERIALS SPECIFIED MAY BE MADE WITHOUT WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION BY THE ENGINEER, CITY OF ROCKWALL PLANNING STAFF AND CITY ENGINEER OR IN THE CASE OF UTILITIES OR ROAD WORK TO BE DEDICATED, THE AUTHORITY RECEIVING DEDICATION. AT THE END OF THE CONTRACT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TO THE OWNER A RECORD SET OF DRAWING REFLECTING ALL CHANGES MADE BY THE CONTRACTOR DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- EROSION CONTROL IS NECESSARY WHEN EVER SEDIMENT, DUST, EROSION, OR CONTAMINATED RUN-OFF MAY OCCUR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO PLACE AND MAINTAIN WHAT EVER EROSION CONTROL OR RUN-OFF PROTECTION IS REQUIRED TO PROTECT HIS WORK, THE WORK OF OTHERS, THE PROJECT, ADJACENT PROPERTIES AND THE HEALTH AND WELL BEING OF THE WORKERS, PUBLIC AND SURROUNDING NATURAL RESOURCES. THEY SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS REGARDING EROSION AND RUN-OFF CONTROL.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH THE PROJECT SITE AND ALL ADJACENT PEDESTRIAN, TRAFFIC AND BUSINESS USES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE WHAT EVER PRECAUTIONS AND STEPS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN SAFETY AND OPERATION OF THESE USES IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, COUNTY AND LOCAL.

- REQUIREMENTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR COSTS AND DAMAGES CAUSED FROM HIS FAILURE TO TAKE PROPER AND ADEQUATE PRECAUTIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REQUIREMENTS REGARDING THESE USES.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR COSTS AND DELAYS ASSOCIATED WITH WEATHER, GROUNDWATER, AND OTHER OCCURRENCES THAT COULD BE EXPECTED OR ARE COMMON WITH THIS TYPE WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REVIEW ALL PERTINENT DOCUMENTS INCLUDING SOILS REPORTS, SOILS BORINGS AND OTHER SOIL OR SITE DATA.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO SAVE AND PROTECT HIS WORK THROUGH OUT THE CONTRACT. ANY DAMAGES REQUIRING REPAIRS OR REPLACEMENT SHALL BE CORRECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT HIS EXPENSE.
- 10. WHEN WORK IS DONE WITHIN A ROAD, UTILITY OR PRIVATE EASEMENT, RIGHT OF WAY OR OTHER PROPERTY AGREEMENT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DO ALL WORK WITHIN

CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO BRING UTILITIES TO WITHIN 5 FEET OF

THAT AREA PER THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION. 11. WHEN SEPARATE SITE AND BUILDING CONTRACTS ARE PERFORMED THE SITE

BUILDING FACE UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ON DRAWINGS OR CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

ALL UTILITIES ARE SHOWN PER SURFACE SURVEYS AND/OR RECORD MAPS AND MAY VARY FROM ACTUAL IN FIELD LOCATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL UTILITY STAKE OUTS AND LOCATING UTILITIES PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK. ANY DAMAGE TO UTILITIES DUE TO IMPROPER STAKE OUT, LACK OF STAKE OUT OR THE FAILURE TO VERIFY DIFFERENCES BETWEEN DRAWINGS AND ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO REPAIR, REPLACE OR PAY DAMAGES AT NO EXPENSE TO THE CONTRACT.

PAVEMENT AND STRUCTURAL SUBBASE

- THE TYPE OF SUBBASE REQUIRED FOR EACH USE SHALL BE CALLED OUT ON THE
- FINAL GRADING OF SUBBASE SHALL BE TO +/- 1 INCH OF THAT DESIGNATED ON THE DRAWINGS AND +/- 1 INCH OF THE REQUIRED THICKNESS FOR THICKNESS OF 8 INCHES OR GREATER AND +/- $\frac{1}{2}$ INCH FOR THICKNESS LESS THAN 8 INCHES.
- THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL COSTS IN PREPARING THE SUBGRADE TO RECEIVE SUBBASE. THIS SHALL INCLUDE FINE GRADING AND COMPACTING AS NECESSARY TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS STATED HERE AND UNDER
- 4. THE AMOUNT OF TESTING REQUIRED TO VERIFY THE COMPACTION SHALL BE THE SAME AS STATED UNDER "EARTHWORK".

SANITARY SEWER SYSTEMS

- THE SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM SHALL BE SUPPLIED AND PLACED INACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS. THE LOCAL SANITARY SEWER AUTHORITY FOR THIS PROJECT IS THE CITY OF ROCKWALL AND THE TREATMENT PLANT IS THE CITY OF ROCKWALL.
- ALL SANITARY SEWER MATERIAL SIZES, TYPES AND SPECIFICS ARE LISTED ON THE DRAWINGS. IF THE PLANS DO NOT LIST ALL INFORMATION OR ARE UNCLEAR USE THE FOLLOWING.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED SANITARY PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL BE POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PER ASTM D 3034, SDR 35, WITH GASKETS PER ASTM D 3212. ELASTOMERIC SEAL. THE PIPE SHALL BE BED 6 INCHES BELOW AND UP HALF ITS DIAMETER WITH CLEAN STONE OF A UNIFORM MIX RANGING IN SIZE OF 1/2 INCH TO 3/4
- 4. FORCEMAIN PIPE SHALL BE POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PER ASTM D 2241, SDR 210R LOWER IF PRESSURES ARE HIGH IN SYSTEM WITH GASKETS PER ASTM D 3139, AND ELASTOMERIC SEAL. THE PIPE SHALL BE ENCASED IN A RUN OF CRUSH STONE OR GRAVEL MATERIAL WITH 100% PASSING THE 2 INCH SIEVE AND 2 TO 10% PASSING THE
- MANHOLES SHALL BE PROVIDED PER ASTM C 478 WITH STEEL CORE POLYETHYLENE STEPS. GASKETS BETWEEN RISERS SHALL BE RUBBER PER ASTM C 443 AND MORTARED WATER TIGHT WITH A WATERPROOF/PLUG MORTAR. THE INVERT SHALL BE MADE WITH CONCRETE OR 1/2 ROUND SECTION OF PIPE. PIPE JOINTS SHALL BE A PRESS WEDGE OR CAST IN PLACE BOOT. BOTH WILL HAVE ADDITIONAL VOIDS FILLED WITH WATERPROOF/PLUG MORTAR. ADJUSTMENT RINGS SHALL BE PRECAST CONCRETE 4000 PSI AND 5 TO 8% AIR ENTRAINMENT. EXTERIOR MANHOLES SHALL BE COATED WITH A SEAL COAT ACCEPTABLE TO THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION.
- CLEANOUTS SHALL BE MADE OF THE SAME PIPE MATERIAL AS THE CARRIER PIPE. A CAST IRON FRAME AND COVER SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ACCESS AT GRADE AND DESIGNED FOR H-20 LOADING. THE CLEANOUT SHALL BE ENCASED IN STONE OF THE SAME TYPE AS THE PIPE BEDDING FOR THE FULL DEPTH OF THE CLEANOUT. CLEANOUTS SHOULD BE NO MORE THAN 90 FEET APART ON LATERALS.
- MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS SHALL BE PER ASTM A 48, CLASS 30B, FULLY COATED WITH THE LETTERING "SANITARY" CAST INTO IT. THE MINIMUM SIZE WILL BE A 30 INCH INSIDE OPENING AND DESIGN FOR A MINIMUM OF H-20 LOADING. 8. ALL PIPE SHALL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURES
- SHALL BE GIVEN DURING BACKFILL OPERATIONS NOT TO MOVE OR DAMAGE PIPE OR APPURTENANCES WHILE ACHIEVING THE APPROPRIATE COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS. ALL SYSTEMS SHALL BE VISUALLY INSPECTED FOR ALIGNMENT AND WORKMANSHIP. ALL DEBRIS, DIRT OR OTHER FOREIGN OBJECTS SHALL BE REMOVED AND THE SYSTEM

RECOMMENDATION AND TO THE LINES AND GRADES SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. CARE

- 10. ALL TAPS TO MAIN LINES SHALL BE MADE WITH SADDLES WHEN THE TAP IS 1/2 THE DIAMETER OR LESS OF THE EXISTING PIPE, BUT MADE WITH A SLEEVE WHEN THE TAP IS GREATER THAN 1/2 THE DIAMETER OR EQUAL TO THE EXISTING PIPE. IF CONNECTIONS ARE REQUIRED TO EQUAL SIZE PIPES OF 8 INCHES OR GREATER, A MANHOLE SHOULD BE INSTALLED OVER THE CONNECTION POINT AND INVERTS FORMED. WHEN CONNECTING TO AN EXISTING MANHOLE THE CONNECTING PIPE HOLE SHALL BE CORED AND A PRESS WEDGE INSTALLED. THE CONNECTION SHALL BE MORTARED UP WITH WATERPROOF/PLUG MORTAR. INSIDE THE EXISTING MANHOLE, THE EXISTING INVERT SHALL BE BROKE OUT IN A MANNER THAT PROTECTS FROM DEBRIS ENTERING THE LIVE SYSTEM, WHILE A NEW INVERT IS FORMED.
- 11. SANITARY MANHOLES SHALL BE VISUALLY LAMPED AFTER BACKFILL TO VERIFY ALIGNMENT, CLEANLINESS AND THERE IS NO DAMAGE TO THE SYSTEM. AFTER THE SYSTEM HAS BEEN BACKFILLED FOR 30 DAYS, THE SYSTEM WILL BE RELAMPED AND MAY BE TESTED WITH A MANDREL SIZED AT 95% OF THE INTENDED INSIDE DIAMETER. 12. GRAVITY SYSTEMS SHALL BE AIR TESTED BETWEEN MANHOLES TO 3.5 PSI FOR 5
- 13. MANHOLES SHALL BE TESTED SEPARATELY FOR LEAKAGE OR INFILTRATION USING ASTM C 969. THE ALLOWED LEAKAGE = 0.1 GALLONS/{(FEET OF DIAMETER)(FEET OF HEAD)(# OF HOURS)} AND THE TEST SHALL RUN FOR 24 HOURS.

MINUTES PER ASTM F 1417 FOR PLASTIC PIPES.

- WHEN NECESSARY TO VERIFY SYSTEM INTEGRITY THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MAY BE TESTED FOR INFILTRATION AND EXFILTRATION USING ASTM C 969. THE SYSTEM SHALL BE BROKEN UP INTO SECTIONS WHEN NECESSARY TO CONSIDER GROUNDWATER DEPTH, LENGTH AND ELEVATION DIFFERENCES.
- 15. FAILURE OF ANY TESTING SHALL REQUIRE THE CONTRACTOR TO REPAIR OR REPLACED THE FAILED SECTION AT NO ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE CONTRACT.
- 16. AFTER ALL TESTING IS COMPLETE AND BEFORE THE SYSTEM IS TURNED OVER TO THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION THE SYSTEM SHALL BE CHECKED TO VERIFY IT IS CLEAN AND FREE OF DIRT, DEBRIS AND OTHER FOREIGN MATTER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAN ANY SECTIONS REQUIRING SUCH AT NO ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE

FLUSHED CLEAN

- TOPSOIL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM STOCKPILES AND SPREAD IN THE AREAS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. IF THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL IS NOT GIVEN THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE USED: "A MINIMUM OF 4 INCHES IN LAWN AREAS" AND "A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES IN LANDSCAPE PLANTING
- AFTER THE TOPSOIL IS IN PLACE IT SHALL BE FINE GRADED REMOVING ALL ROOTS, STICKS, STONES AND DEBRIS GREATER THAN 2 INCHES IN ANY DIMENSION. THE TOPSOIL SHALL BE FINE GRADED TO THE LINES AND GRADES SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- THE TOPSOIL SOIL SHALL HAVE A PH OF 5.5 TO 7.6 AND AN ORGANIC CONTENT OF 3 TO 20%. THE GRADATION OF THE TOPSOIL SHALL BE 100% PASSING 2 INCH SIEVE, 85 TO

- 100% PASSING THE 1 INCH SIEVE, 65 TO 100% PASSING THE ¼ INCH SIEVE AND 20 TO
- LIME OF TYPE RECOMMENDED FOR SOIL CONDITIONING SHALL BE USED TO TREAT
- LAWN FERTILIZER SHALL BE 55% NITROGEN, 10% PHOSPHORUS AND 10% POTASH WHERE 50% OF THE NITROGEN IS DERIVED FROM UREAFORM SOURCE.
- LAWN SEED (WHEN NOT GIVEN ON THE PLANS) SHALL BE "50% BY WEIGHT, 85% PURITY, 85% GERMINATION OF PENNFINE PERENNIAL RYE"; "30% BY WEIGHT, 97% PURITY, 85% GERMINATION OF PENNLAWN RED FESCUE"; "20% BY WEIGHT, 85% PURITY, 80% GERMINATION OF COMMON KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS".
- WHEN PLACING BY HYDROSEEDING APPLICATION FERTILIZER SHALL BE PLACED AT 80 POUNDS PER ACRE, HYDROMULCH AT 1,200 POUNDS PER ACRE, WATER AT 500 GALLONS PER ACRE AND SEED AT A MINIMUM OF 220 POUNDS PER ACRE. ALL OVER SPRAY AREAS SHALL BE PROPERLY CLEANED AND RESTORED AT NO EXPENSE TO THE
- IF PLACING BY MECHANICAL MEANS, FERTILIZER SHALL BE PLACED AT 25 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET, SEED AT 5 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET, AND STRAW MULCH AT 2 TONS PER ACRE. PLACE FERTILIZER AND SEED, THEN LIGHTLY RAKE AND THE ROLL WITH 200 POUND ROLLER. MULCH THE AREA AND THEN WATER. STRAW MAY NEED TO BE SECURED TO PREVENT IT BLOWING AWAY
- WATER LAWN AREAS AS NEEDED TO PROMOTE GROWTH. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO WATER, RESEED OR WORK WHEN NECESSARY TO INSURE THE GROWTH OF THE LAWN UNTIL A COMPLETE AND UNIFORM STAND OF GRASS HAS GROWN AND BEEN CUT AT LEAST TWICE.
- 10. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS, ALL AREAS NOT RECEIVING STRUCTURES, PAVEMENT, RIP RAP, LANDSCAPING OR OTHER IMPROVEMENTS OR FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS SHALL BE CONSIDERED LAWN AREAS AND RECEIVE TOPSOIL AND SEEDING PER DRAWINGS AND ABOVE STATED REQUIREMENTS.
- PLANTINGS SHALL BE SUPPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND ANSI 260.1 "AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK" IN GOOD HEALTH, VIGOROUS, AND FREE

OF INSECTS, LARVAE, EGGS, DEFECTS AND DISEASE.

- 12. PLANTING BEDS SHALL BE PREPARED BY LOOSENING THE TOP 1 FOOT OF TOPSOIL. PLANTS SHALL BE LOCATED PER THE PLANS. THE HOLES SHALL BE EXCAVATED (PER THE DETAILS ON THE DRAWINGS) WITH THE CENTER SLIGHTLY HIGHER TO PROMOTE DRAINAGE. USE A TOPSOIL BACKFILL MIX OF 4 PARTS TOPSOIL, 1 PART PEAT MOSS, AND 10 POUNDS 5-10-5 PLANTING FERTILIZER AND PROPERLY MIXED PER CUBIC YARD. BERM AROUND PLANTS TO FORM A BOWL SHAPE.
- WEED BARRIER MADE FROM FIBERGLASS AND ULTRA-VIOLET LIGHT RESISTANT SHALL BE PLACE UNDER ALL PLANTING BEDS PRIOR MULCHING.
- 14. ALL TREES AND SHRUBS SHALL BE STAKED AS DETAILED ON THE DRAWINGS. TREE WRAPPING WILL BE PROVIDED AT THE BASE OF ALL TREES AS DETAILED.
- MULCH SHALL BE 50% SHREDDED BARK AND 50% WOOD CHIPS, ¾ TO 2 INCH IN SIZE, UNIFORMLY MIXED AND FREE OF ELM WOOD. MULCH SHALL BE PLACED UNIFORMLY OVER THE PLANTING BED ALLOWING NO WEED BARRIER TO BE SEEN.
- ALL LANDSCAPING SHALL BE GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR AFTER FINAL ACCEPTANCE. ANY PLANTINGS IN NEED OF REPLACEMENT WILL BE GUARANTEED FROM THE TIME OF REPLACEMENT IF AFTER FINAL ACCEPTANCE.
- 17. MUST COMPLY WITH THE CITY OF ROCKWALL'S DROUGHT CONDITIONS AT THE TIME OF

SITE CONCRETE - INCLUDING CURB, SIDEWALKS AND GUTTERS

- THE DIMENSIONS SHALL BE THOSE SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. THE CONCRETE MIX SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AT 28 DAYS MADE WITH TYPE I OR TYPE II CEMENT, PER ASTM C 150, AND AGGREGATES MEETING STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENTS. SLUMP FOR SLIP FORMING SHALL BE 1 INCH +/- 1/2 INCH AND FOR FORMED CONCRETE THE SLUMP SHALL BE 3 INCH +/- 1 INCH. AIR ENTRAINMENT MIXTURE SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 260 4% +/- 1 1/2/8 FOR SLIP FORM WORK AND 6% +/- 1 1/2% FOR FORMED AND PLACED CONCRETE. WATER REDUCING AGENT SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C 494, TYPE A. CURING COMPOUNDS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C309, TYPE I, CLASS A MOISTURE LOSS OF NOT MORE THAN .055 GR/SQ CM WHEN APPLIED AT 200 SQ FT PER GALLON.
- CONSISTENT WITH THE PAVEMENT SUBBASE, AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS, WHEN SUBBASE DETAILS ARE MISSING AND NO AGENCY HAS JURISDICTION USE THE FOLLOWING: SIDEWALKS AND GUTTERS SHALL BE PLACED ON A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES OF COMPACTED SUBBASE AND CURBS SHALL BE PLACED ON A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES OF COMPACTED SUBBASE. USE OF LEVE UP SAND IS PROHIBITED UNDER PAVEMENT.
- ALL FORMING, PLACEMENT, MATERIALS AND CURING SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST ADDITION OF ACI 318 "BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE" AND ALL SIMILAR STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENTS.
- THE CONCRETE REINFORCING STEEL INSTITUTE (CRSI) "MANUAL OF STANDARD PRACTICES". REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE ASTM A 615, GRADE 60, DEFORMED. WELDED WIRE FABRIC SHALL BE ASTM A 185, WELDED WIRE STEEL FABRIC.

REINFORCING SHALL BE INACCORDANCE WITH THAT SPECIFIED ON THE DRAWINGS AND

- SIDEWALKS AND GUTTERS SHALL HAVE A BROOM FINISH PERPENDICULAR TO FLOW WITH A PICTURE FRAME EDGE JOINT ALL THE WAY AROUND. CURBS SHALL HAVE A SMOOTH FINISH OR LIGHT RUB FINISH, BUT CONSISTENT THROUGH OUT THE PROJECT.
- EXPANSION JOINTS SHALL BE PLACED EVERY 50 FEET AND AT ADJOINING STRUCTURES SUCH AS WALLS, MANHOLES AND VAULTS. EXPANSION JOINT MATERIAL SHALL BE PREMOLDED, 1/2 INCH MATERIAL WITH 1/2 INCH CAP INACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D1751. AFTER CONCRETE HAS SET, THE CAP SHOULD BE REMOVED AND VOID FILLED WITH WATERPROOF JOINT FILLER. CURB AND GUTTER SHALL BE CUT OR TOOL JOINTED TO 1/3 THE DEPTH EVERY 10 FEET. SIDEWALKS SHOULD HAVE TOOLED OR CUT JOINTS TO 1/3 THE DEPTH IN SQUARES OR AS CLOSE TO SQUARE AS POSSIBLE NOT EXCEEDING 5FT X5FT.

STORM WATER SYSTEM

- THE STORM WATER SYSTEM SHALL BE SUPPLIED AND PLACED INACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS. THE LOCAL STORM WATER AUTHORITY FOR THIS PROJECT IS THE CITY OF ROCKWALL AND THE EROSION CONTROL AND RUN-OFF AUTHORITY IS THE CITY OF ROCKWALL.
- STORM DESIGN INCLUDES MANY VARIABLES, SUCH AS PIPE ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT THAT CAN AFFECT THE ACTUAL FINAL RUN-OFF. IF NO ALTERNATIVE MATERIALS ARE LISTED ON THE UTILITY DRAWINGS NO SUBSTITUTIONS MAY BE MADE BY THE CONTRACTOR UNLESS FIRST REVIEWED AND ACCEPTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- ALL STORM MATERIAL SIZES, TYPES AND SPECIFICS ARE LISTED ON THE DRAWINGS. IF THE PLANS DO NOT LIST ALL INFORMATION OR ARE UNCLEAR USE THE FOLLOWING.
- STORM PIPE 18 INCHES AND UP SHALL BE CLASS III REINFORCED CONRETE PIPE (RCP). STORM PIPE 18 INCHES AND UP SHALL BE CLASS IV RCP IF COVER IS 2 FEET OR LESS (PUBLIC STORM)
- STORM PIPE BELOW 18 INCHES SHALL BE POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PER ASTM D 3034 SDR 35 WITH GASKETS PER ASTM D 3212, ELASTOMERIC SEAL. THE PIPE SHALL BE BED 6 INCHES BELOW AND UP HALF ITS DIAMETER WITH CLEAN STONE OF A UNIFORM MIX RANGING IN SIZE FROM 1/4 INCH TO 1/4 INCH. (PRIVATE STORM ONLY)
- END SECTIONS SHALL BE THE SAME MATERIAL AS THE PRECEDING PIPE AND APPROPRIATE COLLAR.
- MANHOLES SHALL BE PROVIDED PER ASTM C 478 WITH STEEL CORE POLYETHYLENE STEPS. THE MANHOLE SHALL BE SIZED TO A MINIMUM OF 2 FOOT GREATER THAN THE LARGEST DIAMETER PIPE ENTERING OR EXISTING. INCREASE SIZE OF MANHOLE IF IN THE SAME HORIZONTAL PLANE THERE IS TWO AREAS WHERE THE AREA BETWEEN TWO PIPES IS LESS THAN 8 INCHES OR HALVE OR THE CIRCUMFERENCE IS SUPPORTED BY LESS THAN 1/2 OF THE DIAMETER OF THE MANHOLE. INVERTS SHALL BE SMOOTH CAST IN PLACE CONCRETE. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, 4 INCH WEEPS COVER WITH FILTER FABRIC AND 2 INCH STONE SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE CROWN OF PIPES AND AT SUBGRADE ELEVATION. GASKETS BETWEEN RISERS SHALL BE RUBBER PER ASTM C 443. ADJUSTMENT RINGS SHALL BE PRECAST CONCRETE 4000 PSI AND 5 TO 8% AIR ENTRAINMENT.
- 8. INLETS SHALL MEET THE SAME REQUIREMENTS AS THOSE LISTED FOR MANHOLES.
- MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS SHALL BE PER ASTM A 48, CLASS 30B, FULLY COATED WITH THE LETTERING "STORM" CAST INTO IT. THE MINIMUM SIZE WILL BE A 30 INCH INSIDE OPENING AND DESIGN FOR A MINIMUM OF H-20 LOADING.

- 11. CLEANOUTS SHALL BE MADE OF THE SAME PIPE MATERIAL AS THE CARRIER PIPE. A CAST IRON FRAME AND COVER SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ACCESS AT GRADE AND DESIGNED FOR H-20 LOADING. THE CLEANOUT SHALL BE ENCASED IN STONE OF THE SAME TYPE AS THE PIPE BEDDING FOR THE FULL DEPTH OF THE CLEANOUT
- 12. GROUTED RIP RAP SHALL BE PLACED AT THE END OF ALL OUTFALL STRUCTURES. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, THE RIP RAP SHALL BE A CLEAN DURABLE STONE WITH AVERAGE WEIGHTS OF 100 POUNDS. THE RIP RAP SHALL BE PLACED ON 1 FOOT OF GRAVEL SUBBASE OR STABILIZING FABRIC.
- 13. DRY WELLS SHALL MEET THE SAME REQUIREMENTS AS THOSE LISTED FOR MANHOLES WITH THE ADDITION OF OPENINGS OF APPROXIMATELY 15% OF THE RINGS INTERIOR SURFACE. THE OPENINGS SHALL BE 1 X 3 INCH SLOTS OR 1 INCH DIAMETER ON THE INSIDE SURFACE. DRY WELLS SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH A MINIMUM OF 1 FOOT OF CLEAN STONE SIZED BETWEEN 3 AND 4 INCHES. OUTSIDE THE STONE THE ENTIRE STRUCTURE SHALL BE WRAPPED IN FILTER FABRIC TO PREVENT OUTSIDE SOILS FROM ENTERING THE STONE AND DRY WELL.
- 14. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, TRENCH DRAINS SHALL BE MADE WITH 4 INCH PERFORATED CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE PIPE ENCASED IN CLEAN STONE SIZED BETWEEN 2 INCH AND 1/4 INCH AND THEN WRAPPED IN FILTER FABRIC. OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS OF THE TRENCH DRAIN WILL NOT BE LESS THAN 1 FOOT.
- 15. ALL JOINTS BETWEEN PIPES AND PRECAST STRUCTURES SHALL BE MORTARED TIGHT
- 16. ALL PIPE SHALL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURES RECOMMENDATION AND TO THE LINES AND GRADES SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. CARE SHALL BE GIVEN DURING BACKFILL OPERATIONS NOT TO MOVE OR DAMAGE PIPE OR APPURTENANCES WHILE ACHIEVING THE APPROPRIATE COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.
- 17. ALL SYSTEMS SHALL BE VISUALLY INSPECTED FOR ALIGNMENT AND WORKMANSHIP ALL DEBRIS, DIRT OR OTHER FOREIGN OBJECTS SHALL BE REMOVED AND THE SYSTEM FLUSHED CLEAN.
- 18. ANY PIPES FOUND WITH DIAMETER DEFLECTIONS GREATER THAN 5% OF THE SPECIFIED PIPE DIAMETER WILL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED. ANY ALIGNMENT DIFFERENTIALS GREATER THAN 5% OF THE DIAMETER OF THE PIPE WILL BE CORRECTED OR REPLACED.
- 19. ANY CLEANING, REPAIRS OR REPLACEMENT REQUIRED, DUE TO FAILURE OF TESTING OR POOR WORKMANSHIP, SHALL BE DONE BY THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL EXPENSE TO THE CONTRACT.

TRAFFIC SIGNAGE AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL BE THE TYPE, COLOR, SIZE AND LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. IF THE INFORMATION ON THE PLANS IS NOT COMPLETE AND AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION DOES NOT HAVE REQUIREMENTS REGARDING THIS USE THE FOLLOWING. PAINT SHALL BE SUPPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO: M 248 LATEST ADDITION: COLORS SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS (YELLOW-PARKING STALLS, HANDICAP PARKING AND CHARACTERS, PARKING ISLANDS, TRAFFIC CONTROL LETTERING AND CHARACTERS AND FIRE LANES) (WHITE - STOP BARS, PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS AND STOP LETTERING).
- THE PAVEMENT SHALL BE CLEAN AND FREE OF DIRT, DUST, MOISTURE, OILS AND OTHER FOREIGN MATERIALS. ANY OLD PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL BE REMOVED UNLESS PAINTS ARE COMPATIBLE AND OVERLAY IDENTICALLY. THE SURFACE OF THE PAVEMENT PRIOR APPLICATION SHALL BE 45 DEGREES F AND RISING UNLESS MANUFACTURE'S RECOMMENDATIONS ARE GREATER.
- THE SIGNAGE SHALL BE THE TYPE AND LOCATED PER THE DRAWINGS. THE SIGNAGE SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LOCAL HIGHWAY, COUNTY HIGHWAY AND STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. IF LOCAL, COUNTY OR STATE CODES
- POSTS, BRACKETS AND FRAMES SHALL BE STEEL PER ASTM A-36, A-242, A-441, A-572, A588. GRADE 50 AND HOT DIP GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A123. ALL CUTTING, DRILLING OR OTHER POLE MODIFICATIONS SHALL BE PAINTED WITH
- GALVANIZING PAINT. ALL BOLTS, NUTS AND WASHERS SHALL BE STAINLESS STEEL. POST HOLES SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF FOUR FEET DEEP AND 12 INCHES IN DIAMETER UNLESS POOR SOILS OR FROST CONDITIONS REQUIRE GREATER DEPTH. SIGN POSTS SHALL BE KEPT PLUMB, 6 INCHES OFF BOTTOM AND CENTERED AS 3000 PSI CONCRETE IS PLACED AROUND THE POST. THE OVERALL SIGN AND POST SYSTEM SHOULD BE
- ABLE TO WITHSTAND 33 POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT. 6. CONTRACTORS CAN PLACE SIGNS ON POSTS AFTER CONCRETE HAS CURED FOR SEVEN 23. FAILURE OF ANY TESTING SHALL REQUIRE THE CONTRACTOR TO REPAIR OR REPLACED

REQUIREMENTS OF THE LOCAL BUILDING INSPECTOR AND FIRE DEPARTMENT.

ALL HANDICAP STRIPING AND SIGNAGE SHALL MEET THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA) REQUIREMENTS. FIRE LANE STRIPING AND SIGNAGE SHALL MEET THE

WATER SYSTEMS AND SERVICES

DO NOT EXIST USE AASHTO: M268.

- THE WATER SYSTEMS AND SERVICES SHALL BE SUPPLIED AND PLACED INACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS. THE LOCAL WATER AUTHORITY FOR THIS PROJECT IS THE CITY OF ROCKWALL AND THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT IS THE
- 2. IF THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION DOES NOT HAVE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

REGARDING MATERIALS AND PLACEMENT THE FOLLOWING WILL BE USED.

- ALL WATER PIPING, FITTINGS AND APPURTENANCES SHALL BE PLACED A MINIMUM OF 4 FEET DEEP. PIPE SIZES 4 INCHES AND UP SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON OR POLYVINYL CHLORIDE AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS (IF NOT SHOWN USE DUCTILE IRON), PIPE SIZES BELOW 4 INCHES SHALL BE COPPER OR POLYETHYLENE AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS (IF NOT SHOWN USE COPPER).
- THE MINIMUM SEPARATION BETWEEN WATER SERVICES AND SEWER LINES SHALL BE 24 INCHES, UNLESS CONCRETE ENCASED, MEASURED VERTICALLY FROM OUTSIDE TO OUTSIDE OF PIPE AT THE CROSSING. A STANDARD LENGTH OF WATER PIPE SHALL BE CENTER AT THE CROSSING TO MAXIMIZE THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE CROSSING AND THE NEAREST WATER SERVICE PIPE JOINT. WHEN THE WATER SERVICE RUNS UNDER THE SEWER LINE, A GRAVEL OR CRUSH STONE BACKFILL MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBBASE SHALL BE PLACED AND COMPACTED AROUND THE WATER PIPE UP HALF THE DIAMETER OF THE SEWER PIPE TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE SUPPORT TO THE SEWER LINE. WATER SERVICES AND SEWER LINES RUNNING PARALLEL SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM SEPARATION OF 10 FEET MEASURED FROM OUTSIDE OF PIPE TO OUTSIDE OF PIPE.

THE SEAL APPEARING ON THIS

DOCUMENT WAS AUTHORIZED BY

BRYAN M. BURGER, P.E. 90880

ON 2-24-12

- PVC (POLYVINYL CHLORIDE) PIPE SHALL BE FURNISHED INACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C900 FOR PIPE 4 INCHES OR GREATER AND ASTM D 1785, SCHEDULE 40, GASKETS PER ASTM F 477- ELASTOMERIC SEAL, SOLVENT CEMENT PER ASTM D 2564 FOR PIPES SMALLER THAN 4 INCHES. TEN GAUGE COPPER TRACER WIRE SHALL BE PLACED WITH
- MEGA LUG RESTRAINTS SHALL BE USED AT ALL FITTINGS, PLUGS AND APPURTENANCES THAT CAUSE A CHANGE IN DIRECTION, FLOW OR ARE SUBJECT TO THRUST OR HAMMERING BY WATER FLOW. MEGA LUG RESTRAINS WILL INCLUDE CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKS (3000 PSI), ANCHORING JOINTS AND TIE RODS. CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKS SHALL BE USED UNLESS SPACE, ACCESS OR MAINTENANCE RESTRAINS
- COPPER WATER PIPE SHALL BE SUPPLIED INACCORDANCE WITH ASTM B 88-TYPE K, SEAMLESS WITH FITTINGS PER AWWA C800.
- 10. PE (POLYETHYLENE) PIPE SHALL BE FURNISHED INACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C901 AND
- 11. GATE VALVES SHALL BE NONRISING STEM, DOUBLE DISC, BRONZE DISC RESILIENT SEATED, CAST IRON OR DUCTILE IRON BODY AND BONNET IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C509 AND PRESSURE RATED FOR 250 PSI. TEN GAUGE COPPER TRACER WIRE WILL BE
- VALVE BOX SHALL BE CAST IRON WITH A BASE COMPATIBLE WITH VALVE, 5 INCHES IN
- 13. CURB STOPS SHALL HAVE A BRONZE BODY, GROUND KEY PLUG OR BALL WITH WIDE TEE HEAD. THE CURB STOP SHALL BE COMPATIBLE WITH ADJOINING PIPES. THE SERVICE BOX SHALL HAVE A TELESCOPING TOP SECTION WITH A LENGTH THAT WILL PLACE THE ADJUSTMENT CENTERED WHEN BURIED TO THE APPROPRIATE DEPTH. THE SERVICE BOX SHALL BE OF A SIZE AND TYPE THAT IS COMPATIBLE WITH THE CURB STOP. THE COVER SHALL HAVE THE LETTERING "WATER".
- 14. ALL METERS, VAULTS AND BACKFLOW SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT AND OTHER AGENCIES HAVING JURISDICTION.
- 15. FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LOCAL WATER AUTHORITY, FIRE DEPARTMENT AND AWWA C502. DRAIN STONE SHALL HAVE 100% PASSING THE 1 1/2 INCH SIEVE, 90 - 100% PASSING THE 1 INCH SIEVE, 35 - 95% PASSING THE ½ INCH SIEVE AND 0 - 15% PASSING THE ¼ INCH SIEVE. ALL HYDRANTS WILL INCLUDE A GATE VALVE AND BOX LOCATED AT THE HYDRANT BRANCH TO SHUT OFF THE HYDRANT LINE.
- DUCTILE IRON PIPE SHALL BE INSTALLED INACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C600 AND BE ENCASED IN SELECT BACKFILL WHICH WILL MEAN NO STONE OTHER MATERIAL GREATER THAN 2 INCHES IN ANY DIRECTION.
- ALL BEDDING AND ENCASEMENTS SHALL BE COMPACTED WITH CARE TO ACHIEVE PROPER COMPACTION WITHOUT DAMAGING THE PIPE, FITTINGS OR APPURTENANCES.
- 18. ALL WATER MAINS FITTINGS AND VALVES SHALL BE TESTED FOR PRESSURE AND LEAKAGE INACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C600. TEST WATER SHALL BE POTABLE. TEST PRESSURES SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 1.25 TIMES THE WORKING PRESSURE AT THE HIGHEST POINT AND 1.5 TIMES THE WORKING PRESSURE AT THE TESTING POINT. THE PRESSURE MAY NOT DROP MORE THAN 5 PSI DURING THE 2 HOUR TEST. LEAKAGE WILL NOT EXCEED MORE THAN (L={SD(P) 1/2} /133,200) WHERE "L = ALLOWABLE LEAKAGE, IN GALLONS PER HOUR" "S= LENGTH OF PIPE TESTED, IN FEET" "D= NOMINAL DIAMETER OF PIPE, IN INCHES" "P= AVERAGE TEST PRESSURE DURING TEST, IN POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH (GAUGE) DURING THE SAME 2 HOUR DURATION.
- ALL TAP AND/OR CONNECTION MATERIAL AND WORK SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AND COORDINATED WITH THE LOCAL WATER AUTHORITY AND HEALTH DEPARTMENT. WHEN THE AUTHORITY SO REQUIRES, THE TAPS AND/OR CONNECTIONS SHALL BE DONE BY THE AUTHORITY THEMSELVES AND PAID FOR BY THE CONTRACTOR.

TESTED BY VISUAL INSPECTION FOR LEAKAGE UNDER NORMAL WORKING PRESSURES.

- 20. OTHER FITTING AND APPURTENANCES NOT PART OF THE MAIN LINE TESTING SHALL BE
- 21. ALL MAIN LINES AND APPROPRIATE APPURTENANCES SHALL BE FLUSHED AND DISINFECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C651 AND THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE APPROPRIATE HEALTH DEPARTMENT
- THE CONTRACTOR WILL COORDINATE ALL TESTING AND DISINFECTING WITH THE WATER AUTHORITY AND HEALTH DEPARTMENT. IF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER CERTIFICATION IS REQUIRED THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE OWNER'S
- REPRESENTATIVE AT LEAST TEN DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.

AS-BUILT DATE: ____01-09-13

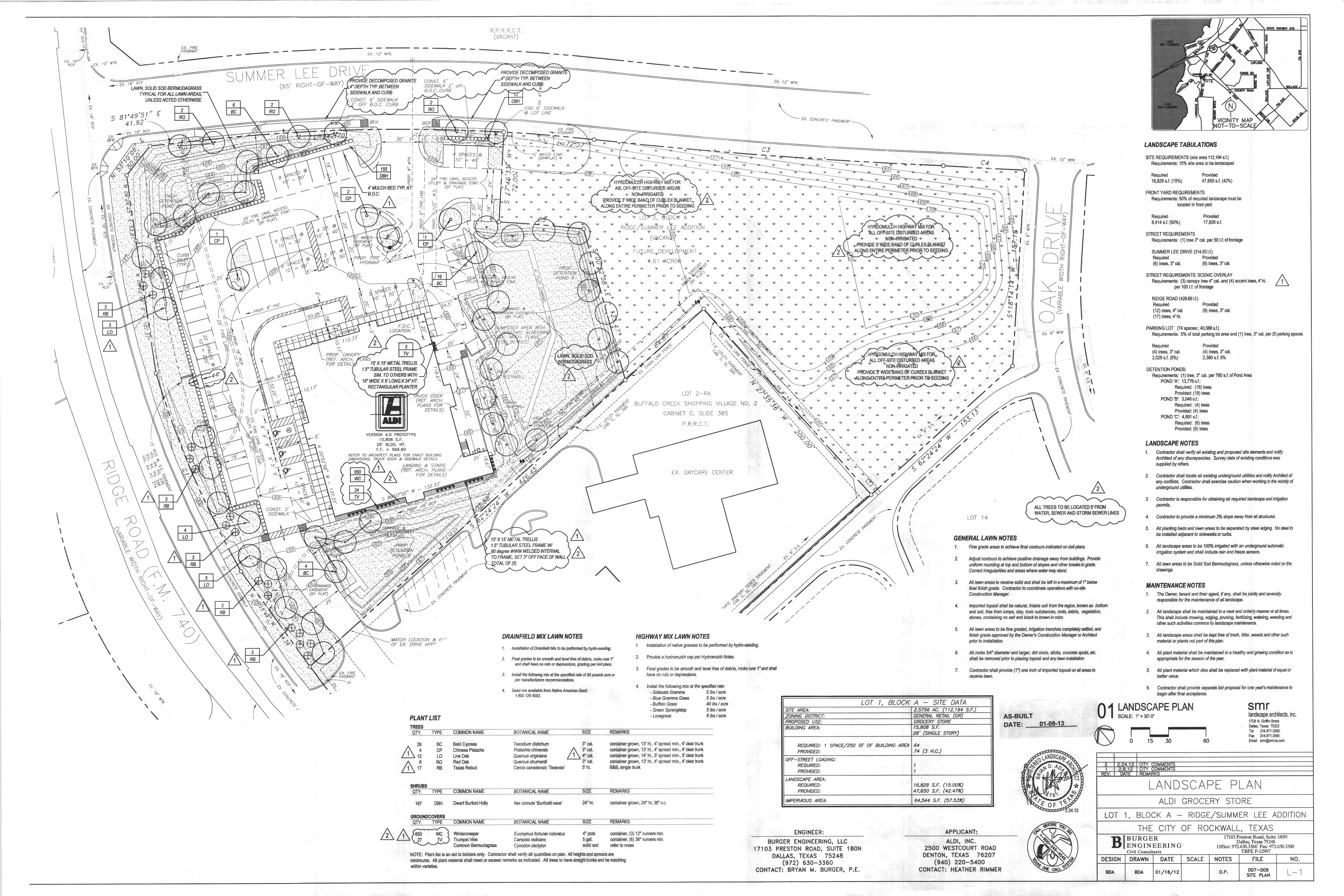
ALDI SPECIFICATIONS ALDI GROCERY STORE BURGER

LOT 1, BLOCK A - RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

17103 Preston Road, Suite 180N

Dallas, Texas 75248 DENGINEERING Office: 972.630.3360 Fax: 972.630.3380 DESIGN | DRAWN | DATE | SCALE | NOTES FILE BM8 12/11

PLACED WITH ALL PIPES. DIAMETER, SCREW TYPE EXTENSION AT TOP AND A COVER THAT READS "WATER".



SECTION 02900 - LANDSCAPE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

Refer to bidding requirements, special provisions, and schedules for additional requirements.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Work included: Furnish all supervision, labor, materials, services, equipment and appliances required to complete the work covered in conjunction with the landscaping covered in these specifications and landscaping plans, including:

- 1. Planting (trees, shrubs, and grass)
- 2. Bed preparation and fertilization Notification of sources
- 4. Water and Maintenance until final acceptance Guarantee

1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- American Standard for Nursery Stock published by American Association of Nurserymen: 27 October 1980, Edition; by American National Standards Institute, Inc. (Z60.1) - plant
- American Joint Committee on Horticultural Nomenclature: 1942 Edition of Standardized
- Texas Association of Nurserymen, Grades and Standards.
- Hortis Third, 1976 Cornell University

1.4 NOTIFICATION OF SOURCES AND SUBMITTALS

- The Contractor shall, within ten (10) days following acceptance of bid, notify the Architect/Owner of the sources of plant materials and bed preparation required for the
- Samples: Provide representative quantities of sandy loam soil, mulch, bed mix material, gravel, and crushed stone. Samples shall be approved by Architect before use on
- Product Data: Submit complete product data and specifications on all other specified
- Submit three representative samples of each variety of ornamental trees, shrubs, and groundcover plants for Architect's approval. When approved, tag, install, and maintain as representative samples for final installed plant materials.
- File Certificates of Inspection of plant material by state, county, and federal authorities with Architect, if required.
- F. Soil Analysis: Provide sandy loam soil analysis if requested by the Architect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 BED PREPARATION & FERTILIZATION

- Landscape Contractor to inspect all existing conditions and report any deficiencies to the
- B. All planting areas shall be conditioned as follows:
 - 1. Prepare new planting beds by scraping away existing grass and weeds as necessary. Till existing soil to a depth of six (6") inches prior to placing compost and fertilizer. Apply fertilizer as per manufacturers recommendations. Add six (6") inches of compost and till into a depth of six (6") inches of the topsoil. Apply organic fertilizer such as Sustane or Green Sense at the rate of twenty (20) pounds per one thousand (1,000) square feet.
- . All planting areas shall receive a two (2") inch layer of specified mulch. Backfill for tree pits shall be as follows: Use existing top soil on site (use imported topsoil as needed) free from large clumps, rocks, debris, caliche, subsoils, etc., placed in nine (9") inch layers and watered in thoroughly.

C. Grass Areas:

- Areas to be Solid Sod Bermudagrass: Blocks of sod should be laid joint to joint, (staggered joints) after fertilizing the ground first. Roll grass areas to achieve a smooth, even surface. The joints between the blocks of sod should be filled with
- topsoil where they are evidently gaped open, then watered thoroughly. seed at a rate of two (2) pounds per one thousand (1,000) square feet. Use a 4' x 8' batter board against the bed areas.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- Maintenance of plant materials shall begin immediately after each plant is delivered to the site and shall continue until all construction has been satisfactorily accomplished.
- Plant materials shall be delivered to the site only after the beds are prepared and area ready for planting. All shipments of nursery materials shall be thoroughly protected from the drying winds during transit. All plants which cannot be planted at once, after delivery to the site, shall be well protected against the possibility of drying by wind and sun. Balls of earth of B & B plants shall be kept covered with soil or other acceptable material. All plants remain the property of the Contractor until final acceptance.
- Position the trees and shrubs in their intended location as per plan.
- Notify the Landscape Architect for inspection and approval of all positioning of plant
- Excavate pits with vertical sides and horizontal bottom. Tree pits shall be large enough to permit handling and planting without injury to balls of earth or roots and shall be of such depth that, when planted and settled, the crown of the plant shall bear the same relationship to the finish grade as it did to soil surface in original place of growth.

JOB CONDITIONS

- General Contractor to complete the following punch list: Prior to Landscape Contractor initiating any portion of landscape installation, General Contractor shall leave planting bed areas three (3") inches below finish grade of sidewalks, drives and curbs as shown on the drawings. All lawn areas to receive solid sod shall be left one (1") inch below the finish grade of sidewalks, drives, and curbs. All construction debris shall be removed prior to Landscape Contractor beginning any work.
- General Contractor shall provide topsoil as described in Section 02200 Earthwork.
- Storage of materials and equipment at the job site will be at the risk of the Landscape Contractor. The Owner cannot be held responsible for theft or damage.

1.6 MAINTENANCE AND GUARANTEE

A. Maintenance

- 1. The Landscape Contractor will be held responsible for the maintenance of all work from the time of planting until final acceptance by the Owner. No trees, shrubs, groundcover or grass will be accepted unless they show a healthy growth and satisfactory foliage conditions.
- 2. Maintenance shall include watering of trees and plants, cultivation, weeding spraying, edging, pruning of trees, mowing of grass, cleaning up and all other work necessary of maintenance. 3. A written notice requesting final inspection and acceptance should be submitted to
- the Owner at least seven (7) days prior to completion. An on-site inspection by Owner and Landscape Contractor will be completed prior to written acceptance. 4. After final acceptance of installation, the Landscape Contractor will not be required to do any of the above listed work.

Guarantee:

- 1. Trees shall be guaranteed for a twelve (12) month period after acceptance. Shrubs and groundcover shall be guaranteed for twelve (12) months. The Contractor shall replace all dead materials as soon as weather permits and upon notification of the Owner. Plants, including trees, which have partially died so that shape, size, or symmetry has been damaged, shall be considered subject to replacement. In such cases, the opinion of the Owner shall be final.
 - a. Plants used for replacement shall be of the same size and kind as those originally planted and shall be planted as originally specified. All work, ncluding materials, labor and equipment used in replacements, shall carry a twelve (12) month guarantee. Any damage, including ruts in lawn or bed areas, incurred as a result of making replacements shall be immediately
 - b. At the direction of the Owner, plants may be replaced at the start of the next year's planting season. In such cases, dead plants shall be removed from the
 - c. When plant replacements are made, plants, soil mix, fertilizer and mulch are to be utilized as originally specified and reinspected for full compliance with Contract requirements. All replacements are to be included under "Work" of

Shrub and tree pits shall be no less than two (2') feet, twenty-four (24') inches, wider than

Dig a wide, rough sided hole exactly the same depth as the height of the ball, especially at

the surface of the ground. The sides of the hole should be rough and jagged, never slick

Percolation Test: Fill the hole with water. If the water level does not percolate within 24 hours, the tree needs to move to another location or have drainage added. Install a PVC

Backfill only with 5 parts existing soil or sandy loam and 1 part bed preparation. When

the hole is dug in solid rock, topsoil from the same area should not be used. Carefully

as well as all nylon, plastic string and wire mesh. Container trees will usually be pot

settle by watering to prevent air pockets. Remove the burlap from the top 1/3 of the ball,

Mulch the top of the ball. Do not plant grass all the way to the trunk of the tree. Leave the

area above the top of the ball and mulch with at least two (2") inches of specified mulch.

All plant beds and trees to be mulched with a minimum settled thickness of two (2")

Obstruction below ground: In the event that rock, or underground construction work or

section, alternate locations may be selected by the Owner. Where locations cannot be

changed, the obstructions shall be removed to a depth of not less than three (3') feet

below grade and no less than six (6") inches below the bottom of ball when plant is

Trees and large shrubs shall be staked as site conditions require. Position stakes to

Pruning and Mulching: Pruning shall be directed by the Architect and shall be pruned in

Dead wood or suckers and broken badly bruised branches shall be removed. General

Immediately after planting operations are completed, all tree pits shall be covered with

a layer of organic material two (2") inches in depth. This limit of the organic material

1. Curbing shall be aligned as indicated on plans. Stake out limits of steel curbing and

Stakes are to be installed on the planting bed side of the curbing, as opposed to the

accordance with standard horticultural practice following Fine Pruning, Class I pruning

tipping of the branched s not cermitted. Do not cut terminal branches.

All steel curbing shall be free of kinks and abrupt bends.

areas clean by sweeping or hosing at end of each days work.

Do not install steel edging along sidewalks.

Top of curbing shall be 3/4" maximum height above grade

. Cut steel edging at 45 degree angle where edging meets sidewalk.

END OF SECTION

Cleanup: During the work, the premises shall be kept neat and orderly at all times.

Storage areas for all materials shall be so organized that they, too, are neat and orderly. All trash and debris shall be removed from the site as work progresses. Keep paved

the site of such rock or underground obstructions encountered at the cost of the

properly set at the required grade. The work of this section shall include the removal from

obstructions are encountered in any plant pit excavation work to be done under this

stand pipe per tree planting detail as approved by the Landscape Architect.

bound, if so follow standard nursery practice of 'root scoring'.

Do not wrap trees.

nches over the entire bed or pit.

secure tree against seasonal prevailing winds

standards provided by National Arborist Association.

Pruning shall be done with clean, sharp tools.

Steel Curbing Installation:

3.3 CLEANUP AND ACCEPTANCE

K. Do not over prune

the lateral dimension of earth ball and six (6") inches deeper than it's vertical dimension. Remove and haul from site all rocks and stones over one (1") inch in diameter. Plants

should be thoroughly moist before removing containers.

- The Owner agrees that for the guarantee to be effective, he will water plants at least twice a week during dry periods and cultivate beds once a month after final
- 3. The above guarantee shall not apply where plants die after acceptance because of injury from storms, hail, freeze, insects, diseases, injury by humans, machines or
- 4. Acceptance for all landscape work shall be given after final inspection by the Owner provided the job is in a completed, undamaged condition, and there is a stand of grass in all lawn areas. At this time, the Owner will assume maintenance on the accepted work.
- Repairs: Any necessary repairs under the Guarantee must be made within ten (10) days after receiving notice, weather permitting, and in the event the Landscape Contractor does not make repairs accordingly, the Owner, without further notice to Contractor, may provide materials and men to make such repairs at the expense of the Landscape

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- General: Comply with applicable Federal, State, County and Local regulations governing landscape materials and work
 - Personnel: Employ only experienced personnel who are familiar with the required work. Provice full time supervision by a qualified foreman acceptable to Landscape Architect.
 - Selection of Plant Material:
 - Make contact with suppliers immediately upon obtaining notice of contract acceptance to select and book materials. Develop a program of maintenance (pruning and fertilization) which will insure the purchased materials will meet and/or exceed project specifications.
 - 2. Landscape Architect will provide a key identifying each tree location on site. Written verification will be required to document material selection, source and delivery
 - schedules to site. 3. Owner and/or Architect shall inspect all plant materials when reasonable at place of growth for compliance with requirements for genus, species, cultivar/variety, size and
 - arrival at the site and during installation for size and condition of root balls, limbs, branching habit, insects, injuries, and latent defects. Owner and/or Architect may reject unsatisfactory or defective material at any time during the process of work. Remove rejected materials from the site immediately.

Plants damaged in transit or at job site shall be rejected

4. Owner and/or Architect retains the right to further inspect all plant material upon

1.8 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

1/8" X 4" GREEN STEEL EDGING

GRADE

4" DIA. PERFORATED

PVC PIPE W/ CAP -

2X DIAMETER

OF ROOTBALL

NOT TO SCALE

TREE PLANTING DETAI

PAINTED BLACK

WITH STAKES, SET ON OUTSIDE EDGE

OF WATER RING, MAX. & ABOVE FINISH

Balled and Burlapped (B&B) Plants: Dig and prepare shipment in a manner that will not damage roots, branches, shape, and future development Container Grown Plants: Deliver plants in rigid container to hold ball shape and protect root mass.

- Delivery:
- 1. Deliver packaged materials in sealed containers showing weight, analysis and name of manufacturer. Protect materials from deterioration during delivery and while stored
- 2. Deliver only plant materials that can be planted in one day unless adequate storage
- and watering facilities are available on job site. 3. Protect root balls by heeling in with sawdust or other approved moisture retaining
- material if not planted within 24 hours of delivery. 4. Protect plants during delivery to prevent damage to root balls or desiccation of leaves.
- Keep plants moist at all times. Cover all materials during transport.
- 5. Notify Architect of delivery schedule 72 hours in advance so plant material may be observed upon arrival at job site. Remove rejected plant material immediately from site.
- 7. To avoid damage or stress, do not lift, move, adjust to plumb, or otherwise manipulate plants by trunk or stems.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PLANTS

- DO NOT CUT CENTRAL LEADER

2 STRANDS NO. 12 GAUGE

- 2" HIGH WATERING RING

(3) METAL T-POST PAINTED

GREEN TRIANGULAR SPACING

FINISH GRADE SCARIFY SIDES

ROOTBALL, DO NOT DISTURB. TOP

OF ROOTBALL TO BE SET 1" ABOVE

-NATIVE SOIL, REF. SPECIFICATIONS

NOTE: LOCATE STAKES OUTSIDE

OF TREE WELL. POSITION STAKES

TO SECURE TREE AGAINST SEASONAL

-CRUSHED ROCK

PREVAILING WINDS.

EXISTING GRADE. REMOVE TOP 1/3 BURLAP.

GALVANIZED WIRE, TWISTED

- 2" LAYER MULCH, REF. SPECIFICATIONS

REFERENCE PLAN FOR TREE TYPE

- General: Well-formed No. 1 grade or better nursery grown stock. Listed plant heights are from tops of root balls to nominal tops of plants. Plant spread refers to nominal outer width of the plant, not to the outer leaf tips. Plants will be individually approved by the Architect and his decision as to their acceptability shall be final.
- Quantities: The drawings and specifications are complimentary. Anything called for on one and not the other is as binding as if shown and called for on both. The plant schedule is an aid to bidders only. Confirm all quantities on plan.
- Quality and size: Plant materials shall conform to the size given on the plan, and shall be healthy, symmetrical, well-shaped, full branched, and well rooted. The plants shall be free from injurious insects, diseases, injuries to the bark or roots, broken branches, objectionable disfigurements, insect eggs and larvae and are to be of specimen quality.
- Approval: All plant materials shall be subject to the approval of the Owner. All plants which are found unsuitable in growth, or in any unnealthy, badly shaped, or undersized condition, will be rejected by the Landscape Architect, either before or after planting, and shall be removed at the expense of the Landscape Contractor and replaced with acceptable plants as specified.
- Trees shall be healthy, full-branched, well-shaped and shall meet the trunk diameter and height requirements of the plant schedule. Balls shall be firm, neat, slightly tapered, and well wrapped in burlap. Any tree loose in the ball or with broken ball at time of planting will be rejected. Balls shall be ten (10°) inched in diameter for each one (1") inch of trunk diameter, Measured six (6') inched above ball.

Nomenclature conforms to the customary nursery usage: for clarification, the term "multi-trunk" defines a plant having three (3) or more trunks of nearly equal diameter.

Pruning: All pruning of trees and shrubs, as directed by the Landscape Architect, shall be executed by the Landscape Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.

2.2 SOIL PREPARATION MATERIALS

A. Sandy Loam:

1. Friable, fertile, dark, loamy soil, free of clay lumps, subsoil, stones and other extraneous material and reasonably free of weeds and foreign grasses. Loam containing Dallasgrass or Nutgrass shall be rejected.

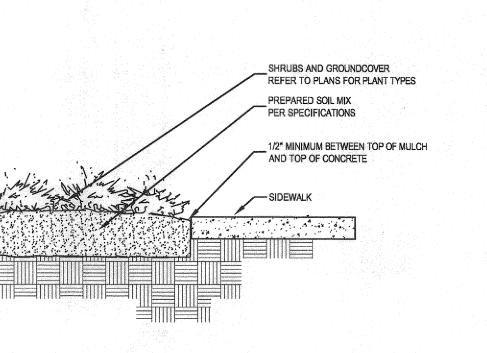
- 2. Physical properties as follows: Clay - between 7-27 percent Silt - between 15-25 percent
- Sand less than 52 percent Organic matter shall be 3%-10% of total dry weight.
- 4. If requested, provide a certified soil analysis conducted by an approved soil testing laboratory verifying that sandy loam meets the above requirements.

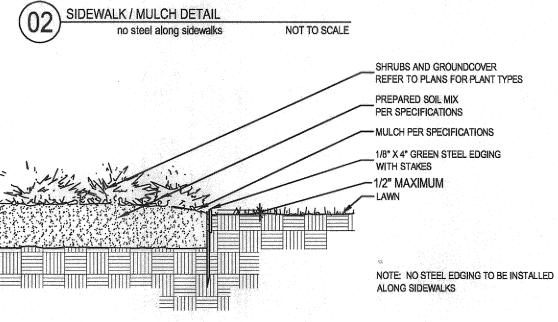
Gro Municipal Mix as supplied by Soil Building Systems. Dallas, Texas or approved equal.

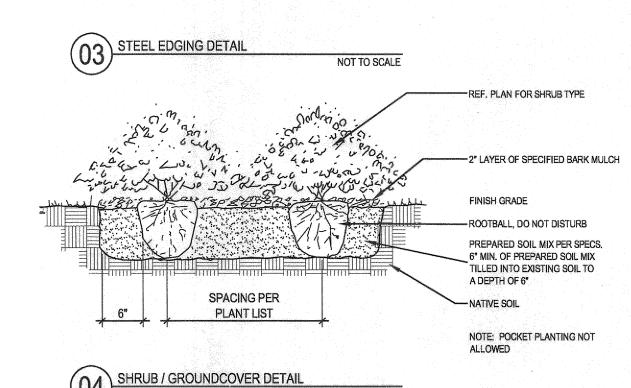
- Organic Material: Compost with a mixture of 80% vegetative matter and 20% animal waste. Ingredients should be a mix of course and fine textured material.
- Premixed Bedding Soil as supplied by Vital Earth Resources, Gladewater, Texas; Professional Bedding Soil as supplied by Living Earth Technology, Dallas, Texas or Acid
- Sharp Sand: Sharp sand must be free of seeds, soil particles and weeds.
- Mulch: Double Shredded Hardwood Mulch, partially decomposed, dark brown. Living Earth Technologies or approved equal.
- Organic Fertilizer: Fertilaid, Sustane, or Green Sense or equal as recommended for required applications. Fertilizer shall be delivered to the site in original unopened
- containers, each bearing the manufacturer's guaranteed statement of analysis. Commercial Fertilizer: 10-20-10 or similar analysis. Nitrogen source to be a minimum
- 50% slow release organic Nitrogen (SCU or UF) with a minimum 8% sulphur and 4% iron, plus micronutrients.
- B. Peat: Commercial sphagnum peat moss or partially decomposed shreeded pine bark or other approved organic material.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

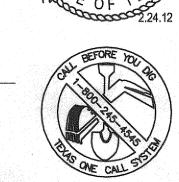
- A. Steel Edging: Shall be Ryerson "Estate Curbing", 1/8" x 4" with stakes 4" on center.
- B. Staking Material for Shade Trees:
 - . Post: Studded T-Post, #1 Armco with anchor plate; 6'-0" length; paint green. Wire: 12 gauge, single strand, galvanized wire. Rubber hose: 2 ply, fiber reinforced hose, minimum 1/2 inch inside diameter. Color:
- C. Gravel: Washed native pea gravel, graded 1 in. to 1-1/2 in.
 - Filter Fabric: Mirafi 140N by Celanese Fibers Marketing Company, available at Loftland Co., (214) 631-5250 or approved equal.

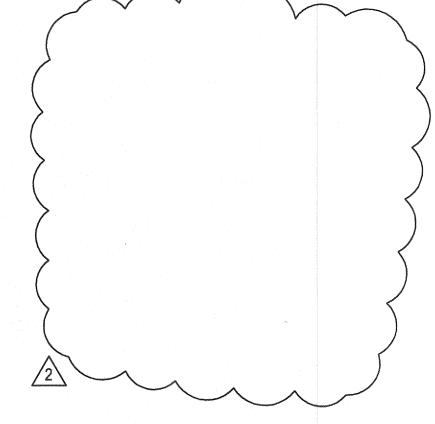












SOLID SOD NOTES

- 1. Fine grade areas to achieve final contours indicated. Leave areas to receive topsoil 3" below final desired grade in planting areas and 1" below final grade
- 2. Adjust contours to achieve positive drainage away from buildings. Provide uniform rounding at top and bottom of slopes and other breaks in grade. Correct irregularities and areas where water may stand.
- finish grade. Contractor to coordinate operations with on-site Construction 4. Contractor to coordinate with on-site Construction Manager for availability of

3. All lawn areas to receive solid sod shall be left in a maximum of 1" below final

- Plant sod by hand to cover indicated area completely. Insure edges of sod
- are touching. Top dress joints by hand with topsoil to fill voids. 6. Roll grass areas to achieve a smooth, even surface, free from unnatural
- undulations. Water sod thoroughly as sod operation progresses.
- 8. Contractor shall maintain all lawn areas until final acceptance. This shall include, but not limited to: mowing, watering, weeding, cultivating, cleaning and replacing dead or bare areas to keep plants in a vigorous, healthy
- 9. Contractor shall guarantee establishment of an acceptable turf area and shall provide replacement from local supply if necessary.

AS-BUILT DATE: 01-09-13

landscape architects, inc. 1708 N. Griffin Street Dallas, Texas 75202 Tel 214.871.0083 Fax 214.871.0545 Email smr@smr-la.com

ANDSCAPE SPECIFICATIONS ALDI GROCERY STORE LOT 1, BLOCK A - RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION

THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS 17103 Preston Road, Suite 180N Dallas, Texas 75248 BENGINEERING Office: 972.630.3360 Fax: 972.630.3380 DESIGN | DRAWN | DATE SCALE NOTES FILE NO. 007-008 BDA 01/16/12 D.P. SITE PLAN

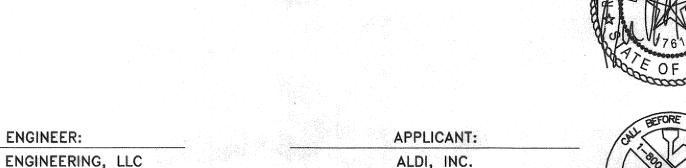
ENGINEER: BURGER ENGINEERING, LLC DALLAS, TEXAS 75248 (972) 630-3360 CONTACT: BRYAN M. BURGER, P.E.

ALDI, INC.

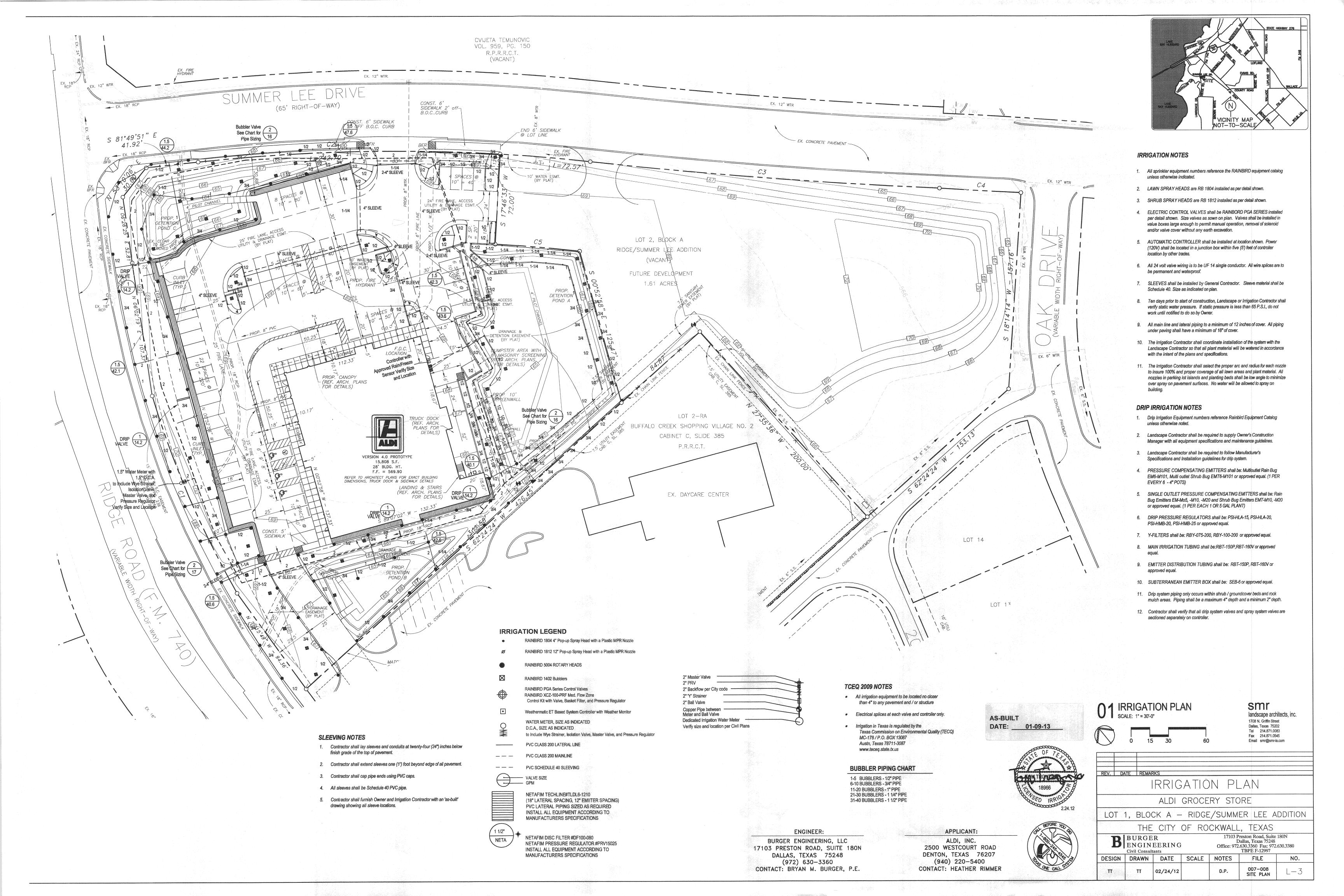
17103 PRESTON ROAD, SUITE 180N

CONTACT: HEATHER RIMMER

APPLICANT: 2500 WESTCOURT ROAD DENTON, TEXAS 76207 (940) 220-5400







SECTION 02810 - IRRIGATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE

- Provide complete sprinkler installation as detailed and specified herein, includes furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment for the proper installation. Work includes
- Trenching and backfill
- 2. Automatic controlled system. 3. Upon completion of installation, supply drawings showing details of construction including location of mainline piping, manual and automatic valves, electrical supply to valves, and specifically exact location of automatic valves.
- All sleeves as shown on plans will be furnished by General Contractor. Meter and power source to be provided by General Contractor.

1.2 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

- A. See Irrigation Plans. See plans for controller, heads, and valves.
- B. Section 02900-Landscape
- C. Section 02811-Underground Irrigation Sleeve and Utility Conduits

1.3 APPLICABLE STANDARDS

- A. America Standard for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Latest edition.
- D2241 Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR) 2. D2464 Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Thread, Schedule 80
- 3. D2455 Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 40 4. D2467 Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Socket Type, Schedule 80 5. D2564 Solvent Cements for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe and Fittings
- 6. D2287 Flexible Poly Vinyl Chloride (PVC) Plastic Pipe F656 Poly Vinyl Chloride (PVC) Solvent Weld Primer
- 8. D2855 Making Solvent Cemented Joints with Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pipe and

1.4 MAINTENANCE AND GUARANTEE

- Materials and workmanship shall be fully guaranteed for one (1) year after final acceptance.
- Provide maintenance of system, including raising and lowering of heads to compensate for lawn growth, cleaning and adjustment of heads, raising and lowering of shrub heads to compensate for shrub growth, for one (1) year after completion of installation.
- Guarantee is limited to repair and replacement of defective materials or workmanship, including repair of backfill settlement.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- Procedure: Comply with Division I requirements.
- Product Data: Submit (5) copies of equipment manufacturer's specifications and literature for approval by Landscape Architect prior to installation.

Project Record Documents

- Comply with Division I requirements. 2. Locate by written dimension, routing of mainline piping, remote control valves and quick coupling valves. Locate mainlines by single dimensions from permanent site features provided they run parallel to these elements. Locate valves, intermediate electrical connections, and quick couplers by two dimensions from a permanent site feature at approximately 70 degrees to each other.
- When dimensioning is complete, transpose work to mylar reproducible tracings. 4. Submit completed tracings prior to final acceptance. Mark tracings "Record Prints

warranties and guarantees extended to the Owner by the manufacturer of all

- Showing Significant Changes". Date and sign drawings. 5. Provide three complete operation manuals and equipment brochures neatly bound in a hard back three-ring binder. Include product data on all installed materials. Include
- Quick Coupler Keys: Provide 3 coupler keys with boiler drains attached using brass
- Controller Keys: Provide three sets of keys to controller enclosure(s).
- Use of materials differing in quality, size, or performance from those specified will only be allowed upon written approval of the Landscape Architect. The decision will be based on comparative ability of material or article to perform fully all purposes of mechanics and general design considered to be possessed by item specified.
- Bidders desiring to make a substitution for specified sprinklers shall submit manufacturer's catalog sheet showing full specification of each type sprinkler proposed as a substitute, including discharge in GPM maximum allowable operating pressure at
- Approval of substitute sprinkler shall not relieve Irrigation Contractor of his responsibility to demonstrate that final installed sprinkler system will operate according to intent of originally designed and specified system.
- It is the responsibility of the Irrigation Contractor to demonstrate that final installed sprinkler system will operate according to intent of originally designed and specified system. If Irrigation Contractor notes any problems in head spacing or potential coverage, it is his responsibility to notify the Landscape Architect in writing, before proceeding with work. Irrigation Contractor guarantees 100% coverage of all areas to be

Perform testing required with other trades, including earthwork, paving, plumbing, electrical, etc. to avoid unnecessary cutting, patching and boring. Wire Connectors: Waterproof splice kit connectors. Type DBY by 3M.

- 2.6 SCHEDULE 80 PVC NIPPLES
 - A. Composed of Standard Schedule 40 PVC Fittings and PVC meeting noted standards. No clamps or wires may be used. Nipples for heads and shrub risers to be nominal one-half inch diameter by eight inches long, where applicable.

Polyethylene nipples six (6") inches long to be used on all pop-up spray heads.

- 2.7 MATERIALS See Irrigation Plan
 - A. Sprinkler heads in lawn area as specified on plan.
- PVC Pipe: Class 200, SPR 21 Copper Tubing (City Connection): Type "M" 24V Wire: Size 14, Type U.F.
- C. Electric valves to be all plastic construction as indicated on plans.
- Refer to drawing for backflow prevention requirements and flow valve.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

- A. Staking: Before installation is started, place a stake where each sprinkler is to be located, in accordance with drawing. Staking shall be approved by Landscape Architect before
- Excavations: Excavations are unclassified and include earth, loose rock, rock or any combination thereof, in wet or dry state. Backfill trenches with material that is suitable for compaction and contains no lumps, clods rock, debris, etc. Special backfill specifications, if furnished take preference over this general specification.
- Backfill: Flood or hand-tamp to prevent after settling. Hand rake trenches and adjoining area to leave grade in as good or better condition than before installation.
- Piping Layout: Piping layout is diagrammatic. Route piping around trees and shrubs in such a manner as to avoid damage to plantings. Do not dig within ball of newly planted trees or shrubs.

3.2 PIPE INSTALLATION

- A. Sprinkler Mains: Install a four (4") inch minimum trench with a minimum of eighteen (18") inches of cover.
- Lateral Piping: Install a four (4") inch wide minimum trench deep enough to allow for installation of sprinkler heads and valves, but in no case, with less than twelve (12") of
- C. Trenching: Remove lumber, rubbish, and large rocks from trenches. Provide firm, uniform bearing for entire length of each pipe line to prevent uneven settlement. Wedging or blocking of pipe will not be permitted. Remove foreign matter or dirt from inside of pipe before welding, and keep piping clean by approved means during and after laying of pipe.

NOT TO SCALE

NOT TO SCALE

SIDEWALK OR CURB ,

08) QUICK COUPLER

SPECIFIED SPRAY

NOZZLE & BODY

___ 1/2" X 6" POLY NIPPLE

CLASS 200 PVC

LATERAL LINE

-SXSXTPVC

SCHEDULE 40

OUTLET TEE OR ELBOW

3.3 PVC PIPE AND FITTING ASSEMBLY

- Solvent: Use only solvent recommended by manufacturer to make solvent-welded joints. Thoroughly clean pipe and fittings of dirt, dust and moisture before applying solvent.
- PVC to metal connection: Work metal connections first. Use a non-hardening pipe dope such as Permatex No. 2 on threaded PVC adapters into which pipe may be welded.

3.4 COPPER TUBING AND FITTING ASSEMBLY

Clean pipe and fitting thoroughly and lightly sand pipe connections to remove residue from pipe. Attach fittings to tubing in an approved manner using 50-50 soft solid core solder.

3.5 POP-UP SPRAY HEADS

Supply pop-up spray heads in accordance with materials list and plan. Attach sprinkler to lateral piping with a semi-flexible polyethylene nipple not less than three (3") inches or more than six (6") inches long.

3.6 VALVES

a level position in accordance with Manufacturer's Specifications. See plan for typical installation of electric valve, valve box.

Supply valves in accordance with materials list and sized according to drawings. Install valves in

WIRING

- Supply wire from the automatic sprinkler controls to the valves. No conduit will be required for U.F. wire unless otherwise noted on the plan. Wire shall be tucked under the
- A separate wire is required from the control to each electric valve. A common neutral wire is also required from each control to each of the valves served by each particular
- Bundle multiple wires and tape them together at ten (10') foot intervals. Install ten (10") inch expansion coil at not more than one hundred (100') foot intervals. Make splices waterproof.

3.8 AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CONTROLS

NOT TO SCALE

10" ROUND VALVE

ET FLUSH WITH

3/4* MINUS WASHED

NOT TO SCALE

UTILITY GRAVEL

-SWING JOINT

Supply in accordance with Irrigation Plan. Install according to manufacturer's recommendations.

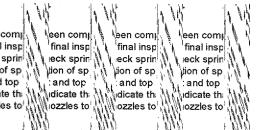
3.9 TESTING

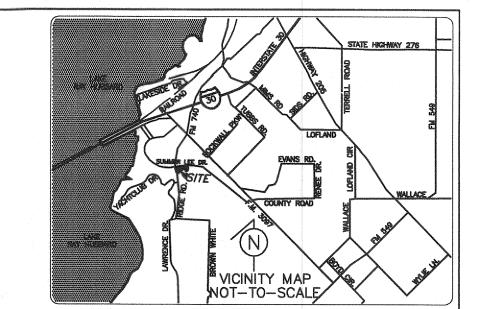
VALVE BOX AND LIC

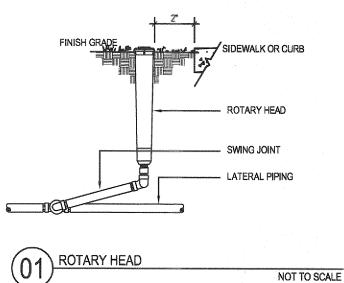
- A. Sprinkler Mains: Test sprinkler main only for a period of twelve (12) to fourteen (14) hours under normal pressure. If leaks occur, replace joint or joints and repeat test.
- B. Complete tests prior to backfilling. Sufficient backfill material may be placed in trenches between fittings to insure stability of line under pressure. In each case, leave fittings and couplings open to visual inspection for full period of test.

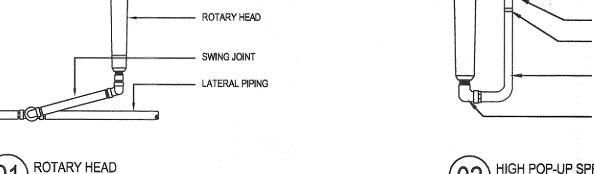
3.10 FINAL ADJUSTMENT

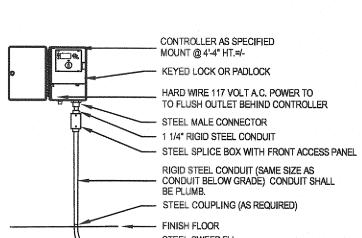
After installation has been comil Landscape Architect's final insp 👫 final insp 🚹 final insp 🐧 final insp 🐧 turning on system. Check sprin \\ \lambda \ eck sprin \\ \lambda \ eck sprin \\ \lambda \ eck sprin \\ flow. Check each section of sp 1/4 μ ion of sp 1/4 μ ion of sp 1/4 μ ion of sp 1/4use of flow adjustment and top and top \ and top wind conditions may indicate the dicate the

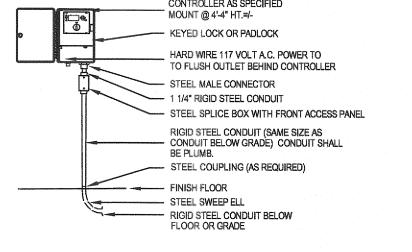


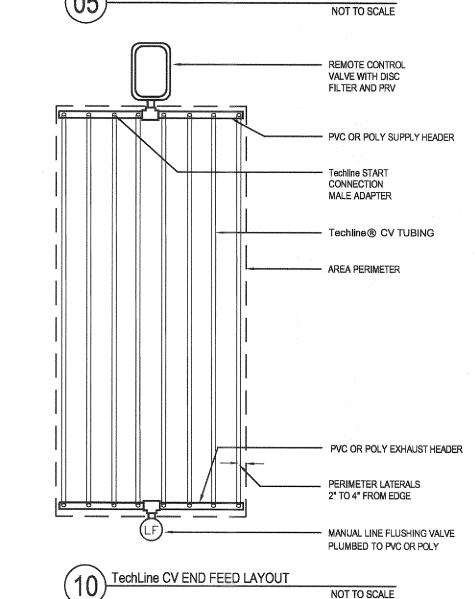


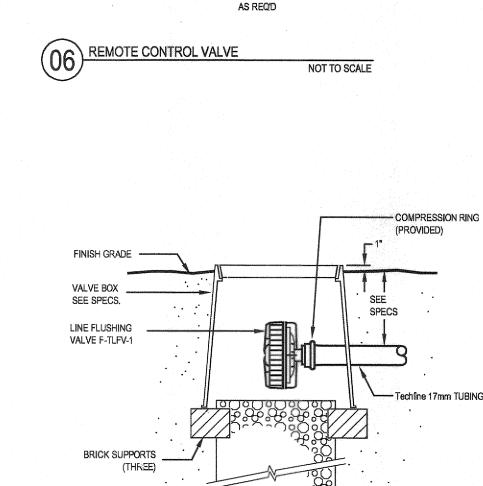


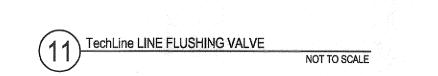


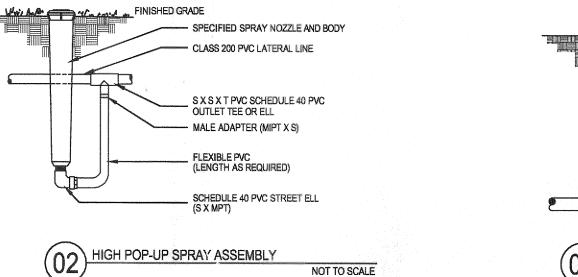


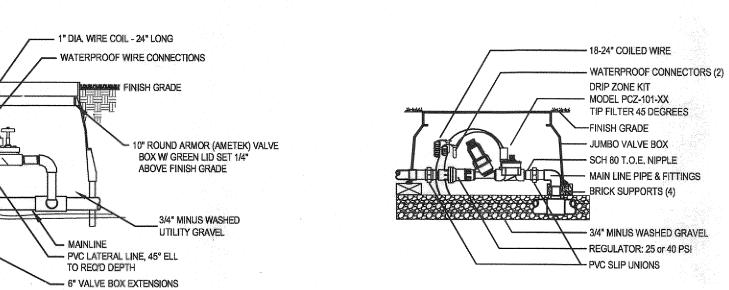


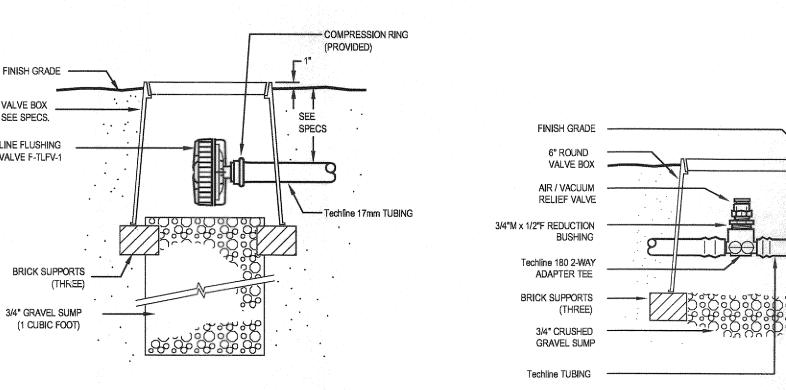


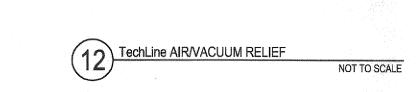


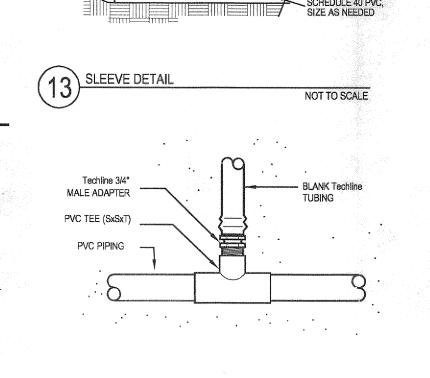




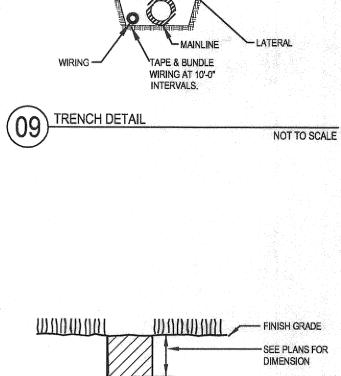












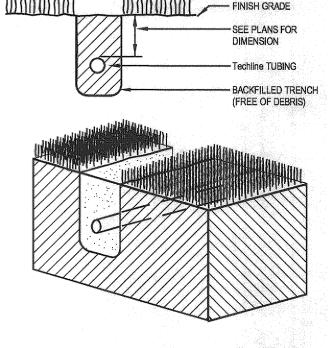
ADAPT INLET AND OUTLET

PVC LINE PER SPECIFICATIONS TO IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

JTILITY GRAVEL (1/2" - 3/4" DIA.), 0" DEPTH for Testing and Repair

(AS REQUIRED)

MASTER VALVE



(15) TechLine TRENCHING NOT TO SCALE

ENGINEER:

BURGER ENGINEERING, LLC 17103 PRESTON ROAD, SUITE 180N DALLAS, TEXAS 75248 (972) 630-3360 CONTACT: BRYAN M. BURGER, P.E.

APPLICANT: ALDI, INC.

2500 WESTCOURT ROAD DENTON, TEXAS 76207 (940) 220-5400 CONTACT: HEATHER RIMMER



AS-BUILT

DATE: 01-09-13

IRRIGATION SPECIFICATIONS ALDI GROCERY STORE LOT 1, BLOCK A - RIDGE/SUMMER LEE ADDITION

smr

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landscape architects, inc.

THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS 17103 Preston Road, Suite 180N Dallas, Texas 75248 B BURGER ENGINEERING Office: 972.630.3360 Fax: 972.630.3380 TBPE F-12997 Civil Consultants DESIGN | DRAWN | DATE | SCALE | NOTES FILE NO. 007-008 BDA BDA 02/24/12 D.P. SITE PLAN

